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Certain statements in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including, without limitation, the timing and results of: (i) statements regarding the ongoing phased development at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, including construction activities related to the Phase 3 expansion and smelter; (ii) statements regarding construction activities at the Kipushi Project. As well, the results of the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 integrated development plan, the 2025 feasibility study of the Kipushi Project constitute forward-looking information, and include future estimates of return, net present value, future production, estimates of cash cost, proposed mining plans and methods, mine life estimates, cash flow forecasts, metal recoveries, and estimates of capital and operating costs.

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In making such statements, Ivanhoe has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the accuracy of the estimation of mineral resources; that exploration activities and studies will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that studies of estimated mine life and production rates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that Ivanhoe will be able to obtain additional financing on satisfactory terms; that infrastructure anticipated to be developed or operated by third parties, including electrical generation and transmission capacity, will be developed and/or operated as currently anticipated; that laws, rules and regulations are fairly and impartially observed and enforced; that the market prices for relevant commodities remain at levels that justify development and/or operation; that Ivanhoe will be able to successfully land access with holders of surface rights; and that war, civil strife, and/or insurrection and/or public health crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic, do not impact Ivanhoe's exploration activities or development plans.

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This presentation also contains references to estimates of Mineral Resources (as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101")). The estimation of Mineral Resources is inherently uncertain and involves subjective judgments about many relevant factors. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation (including estimated future production from Ivanhoe's projects, the anticipated tonnages and grades that will be mined and till be mined and till be mined and till be mined and till be realized), which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that ultimately may prove to be inaccurate. Mineral Resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on: (i) fluctuations in copper, nicluding dilution; (v) the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimates; and (vi) the possible failure to receive required permits, approvals and licences.

Disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the project development updates at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex in this presentation that are not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, have been reviewed and approved by Steve Amos, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Amos is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is Executive Vice President, Projects for Ivanhoe Mines. Mr. Amos has verified such technical data.

Other disclosures of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation and not included in any of the Technical Reports, including the Western Forelands Exploration Project, have been reviewed and approved by Tim Williams, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. Mr. Williams is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Geosciences. Mr. Williams has verified such other technical data.

Information in this presentation is based upon, and certain information is extracted directly from, NI 43-101 compliant technical reports prepared by Ivanhoe for each of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project, which are available under Ivanhoe's SEDARPlus profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

These technical reports include relevant information regarding the effective date and the assumptions, parameters and methods of the mineral resource estimates on the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project cited in this presentation, as well as information regarding data verification, exploration procedures and other matters relevant to the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this presentation in respect of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project.

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Investors are advised that NI 43-101 requires that each category of Mineral Resources be reported separately. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Resources. U.S. investors are advised that while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize these terms. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and as to their economic feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or other economic studies. U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically mineral resources.

## **IVANHOE AT A GLANCE**

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

LISTINGS	TSX: IVN OTCQX: IVPAF			
SHARE PRICE	C\$14.03 / share <sup>(1)</sup>			
MARKET CAP	US\$14.20 billion <sup>(1)</sup>			
SHARES, OPTIONS, RSUs, PSUs & DSUs	Basic Shares: 1,419.6 million <sup>(2)</sup> Diluted Shares: 1,436.5 million <sup>(2)</sup>			
NET DEBT POSITION	US\$100.8 million <sup>(3)</sup>			
MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS <sup>(1)</sup>	CITIC Metal	21.3%		
	Zijin Mining	12.2%		
	Robert Friedland	11.5%		
	Capital Group	9.8%		
	Fidelity (FMR)	8.6%		
	Qatar Investment Authority	4.1%		
	Leading Institutional Investors	Vanguard Rothschild Blackrock PrimeCAP		

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Bloomberg, as at market close on October 31, 2025, using a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.71.

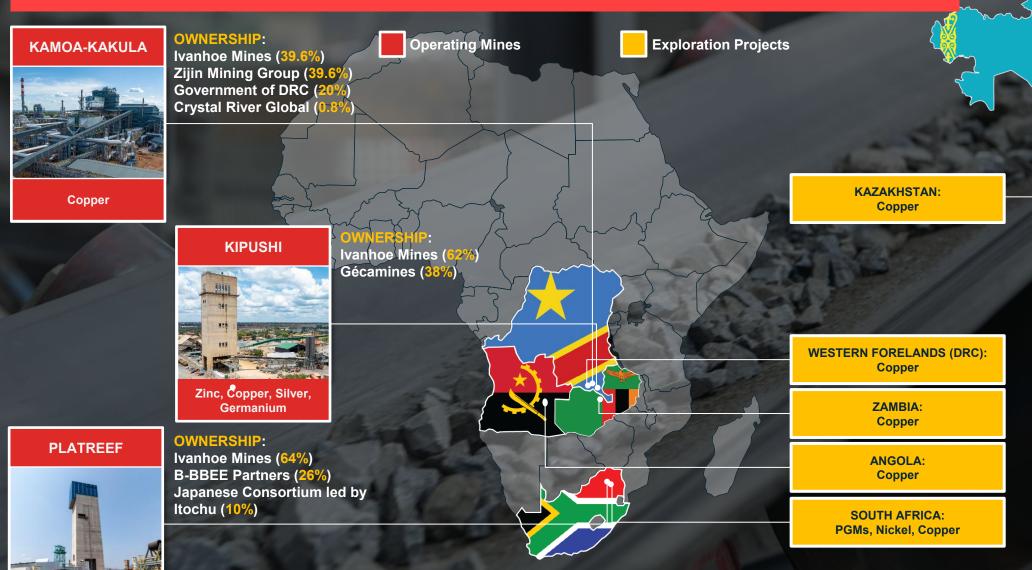
Net debt consists of total consolidated company debt of \$1.156 billion and total consolidated company cash and cash equivalents of \$1,056 million as at September 30, 2025.



Looking down on the casting wheels inside Kamoa-Kakula's recently completed 500,000-tonnes-per-annum copper smelter. Production of 99.7%-pure copper anodes is expected to commence in Q4 2025.

<sup>(2)</sup> Common basic and fully diluted share count as at September 30, 2025.

### A LEADING PRODUCER, DEVELOPER AND EXPLORER



PGMs, Nickel, Copper





### **KAKULA MINE SEISMIC EVENT**

When: 18 May 2025 – Kakula Mine.

What: Underground tremor, caused by a sudden elastic energy release from pillars yielding in the central part of the eastern section. Smaller tremors continued to be felt for the following weeks

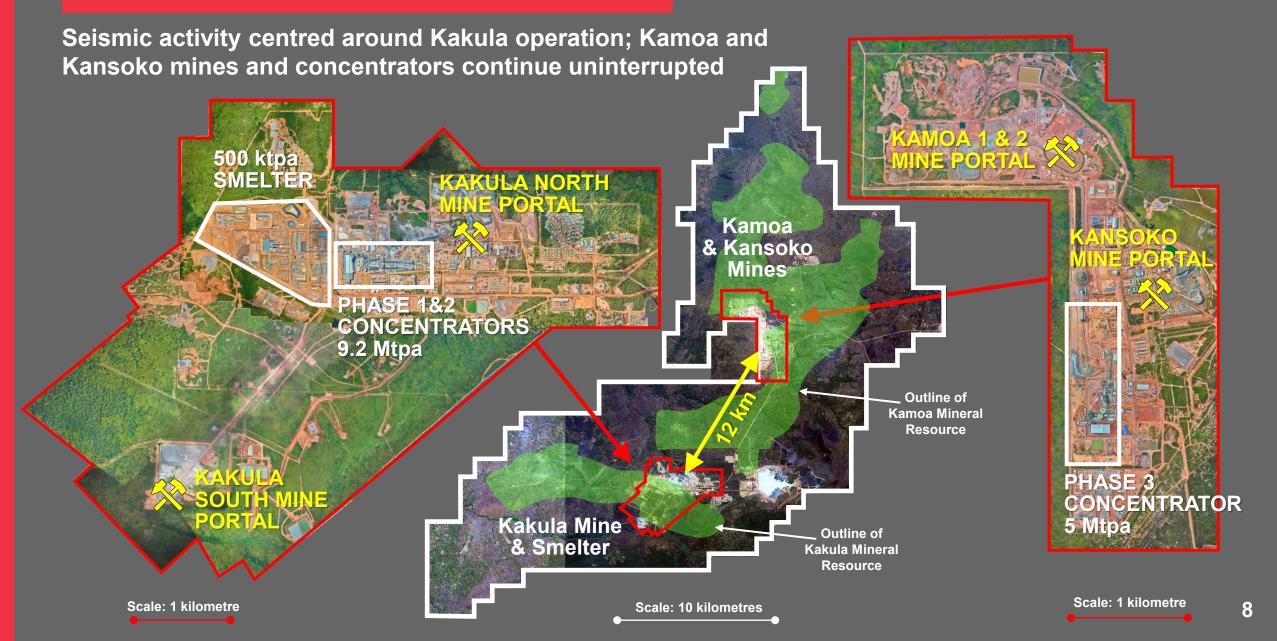
Immediate Response: Mining operations halted, inspections undertaken, all equipment and personnel evacuated from the mine

### Impact:

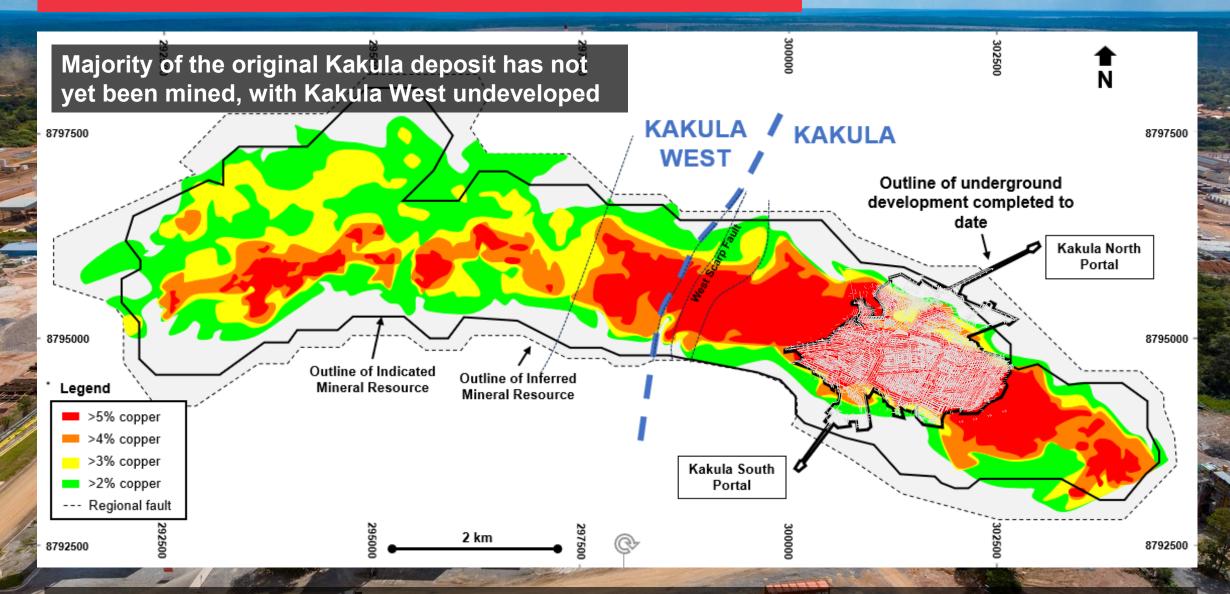
- Seismic activity, caused scaling of sidewalls. The scaling severed piping and power supply to dewatering pumps, which were mounted on the
- Water level rose, flooding eastern side and middle section of the western side of Kakula

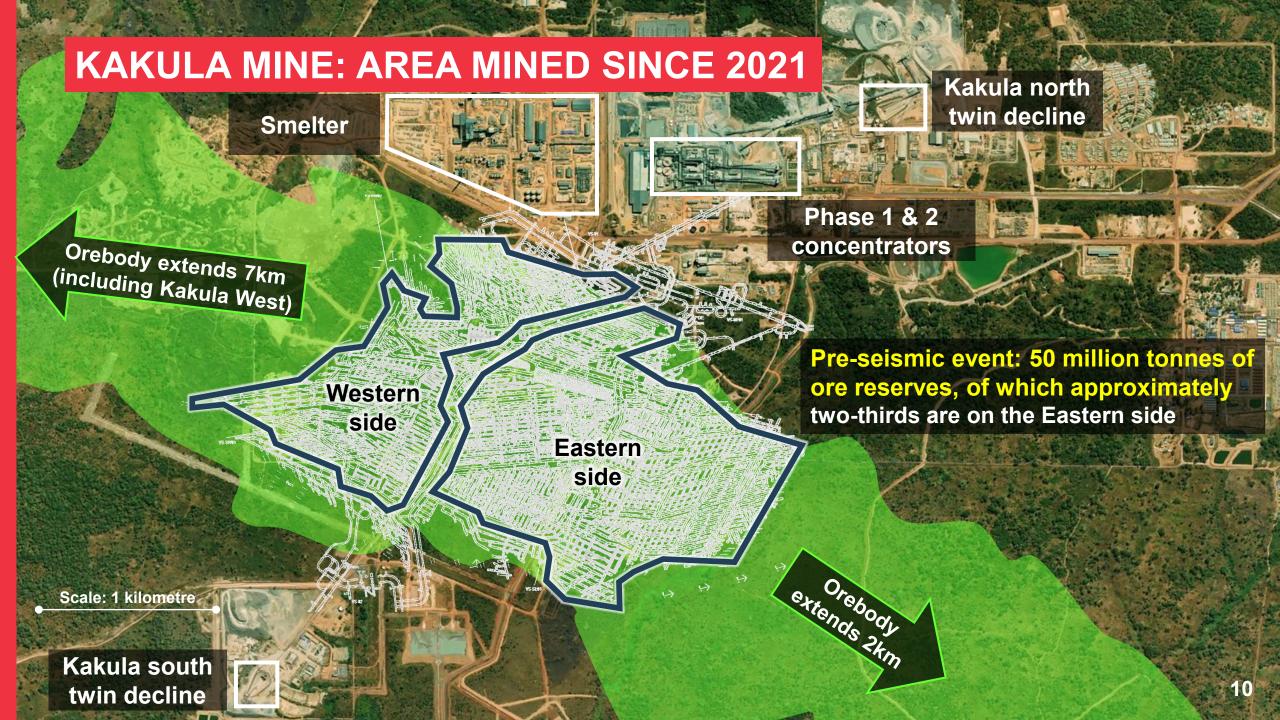
Investigation: Mobilization of third-party geotechnical specialists to assess cause

### KAMOA-KAKULA ORIENTATION



### **KAKULA MINE WORKINGS IN CONTEXT**





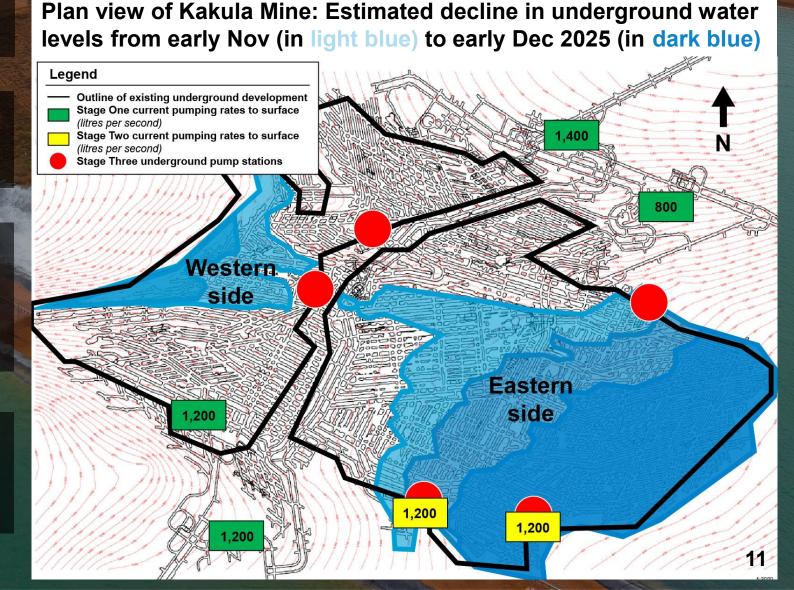
### **RECOVERY PLAN: DEWATERING KAKULA MINE**

On track to deliver recovery plan in place since June 2025

Stage One: install temporary pumping capacity to hold water levels stable (completed early June)

Stage Two: install four high-capacity (650l/s) submersible pumps down existing shafts to dewater the eastern side of Kakula from surface (targeting completion early December)

Stage Three: rehabilitate existing underground pumping infrastructure to pump the remaining sections dry (targeting to start in November)

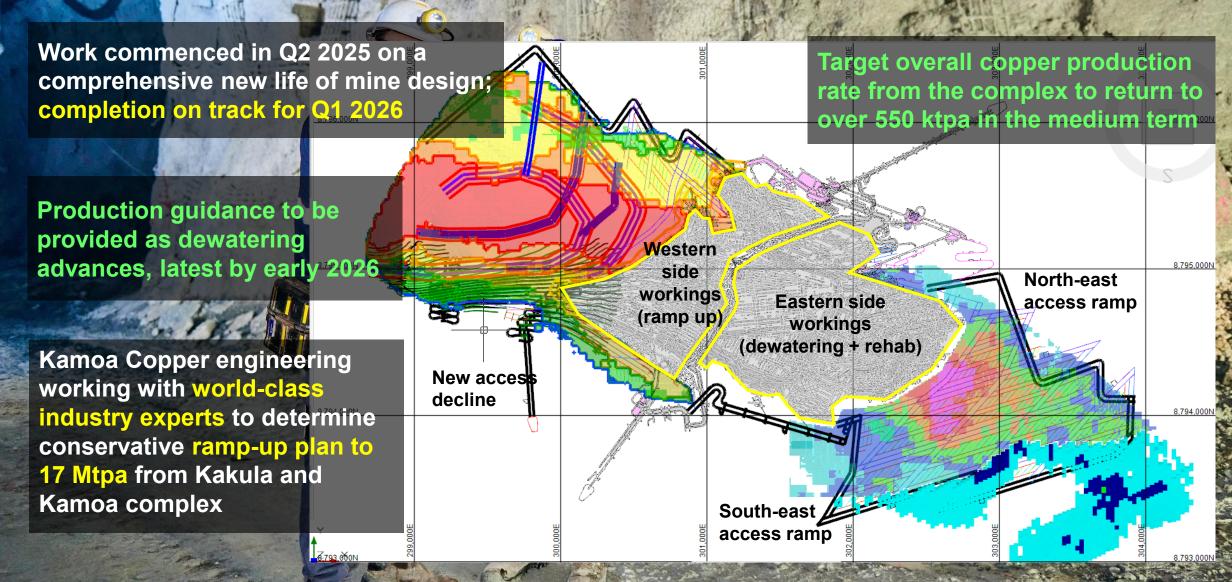


# STAGE TWO DEWATERING PUMP STATIONS





## **UPDATED MEDIUM AND LONG TERM MINE PLANS UNDERWAY**



# KAMOA-KAKULA: QUARTERLY PRODUCTION



Phase 1 & 2 concentrators operating at 80% capacity; Kakula Mine head grades to improve from Q4 2025 as dewatering activities re-open higher-grade mining areas

For second straight quarter, Phase 3 concentrator milling at ~30% above design capacity, equivalent to an annualized milling rate of 6.5 million tonnes

On target to meet revised 2025 production guidance of: 370,000 – 420,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate

# DIRECT-TO-BLISTER SMELTER: START UP IN NOVEMBER



### 178-MEGAWATT INGA II TURBINE REFURBISHMENT COMPLETE

Refurbishment of 178-MW Turbine #5 at Inga II hydroelectric dam completed in October, including energization and grid synchronization

Kamoa-Kakula to receive an initial additional 50 MW of power from November; ramping up to 150 MW over time as transmission improvement initiatives are completed

Replacement of the resistor banks in Q2 2025 and Q1 2026 to improve voltage stability

**Turbine #5** 

**Substation** 

The Inga II hydroelectric facility consists of 8 turbines. Kamoa Copper has been working with DRC state utility SNEL to refurbish Turbine #5

### **INCREASING DIVERSIFICATION OF POWER SOURCES**

### **INCREASING RENEWABLE GENERATION**



278 MW of refurbishment hydropower from Turbine #5 Inga II from Q4 2025

60 MW of on-site solar from mid-2026

### IMPROVING DRC GRID STABILITY



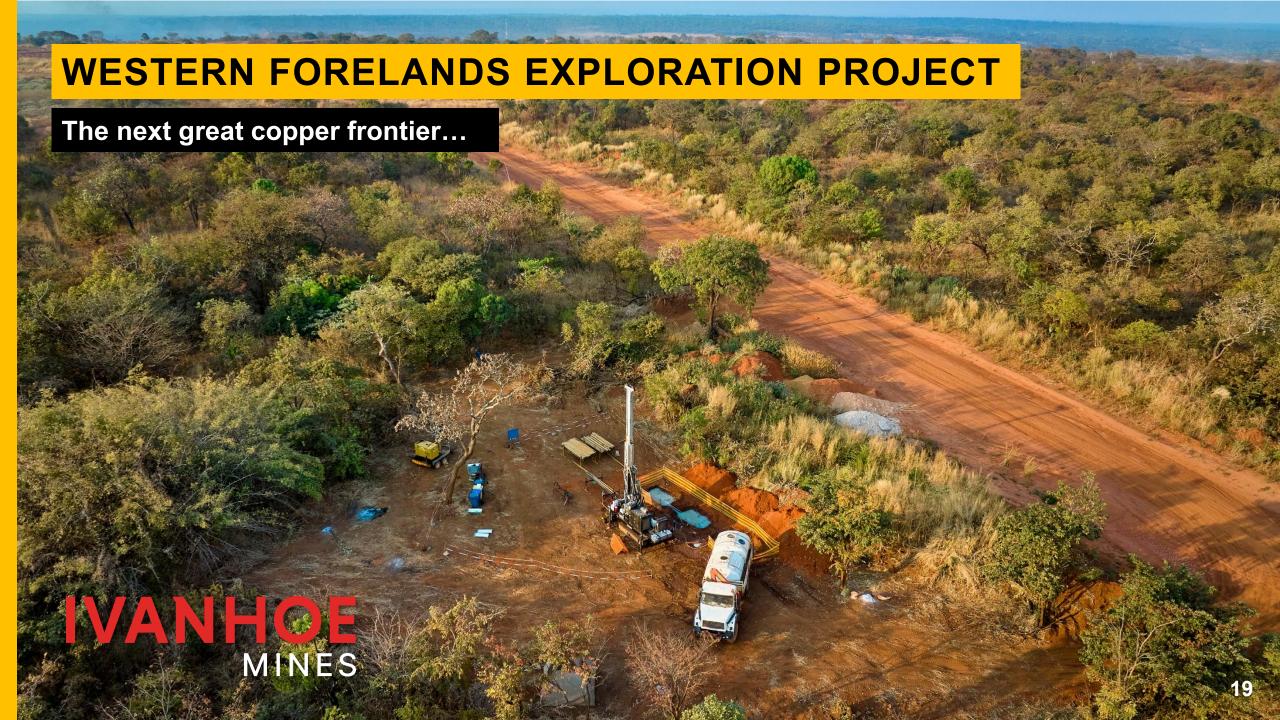
\$450M investment in long-term DRC grid improvement projects in conjunction with SNEL

### **SECURING BACKUP ALTERNATIVES**



Third-party purchased power; Imported from Zambia and Mozambique

		Dec 25	Dec 26	<b>Dec 27</b>	Dec 28
SNEL (national grid)	MW	110	180	210	210
Third party purchases (Imports)	MW	100	100	100	100
On-site Solar	MW		60	60	60
TOTAL SUPPLIED POWER	MW	210	340	370	370
TOTAL POWER DEMAND	MW	208	271	292	347
Backup Generators	MW	178	214	214	214



# **WESTERN FORELANDS OVERVIEW**

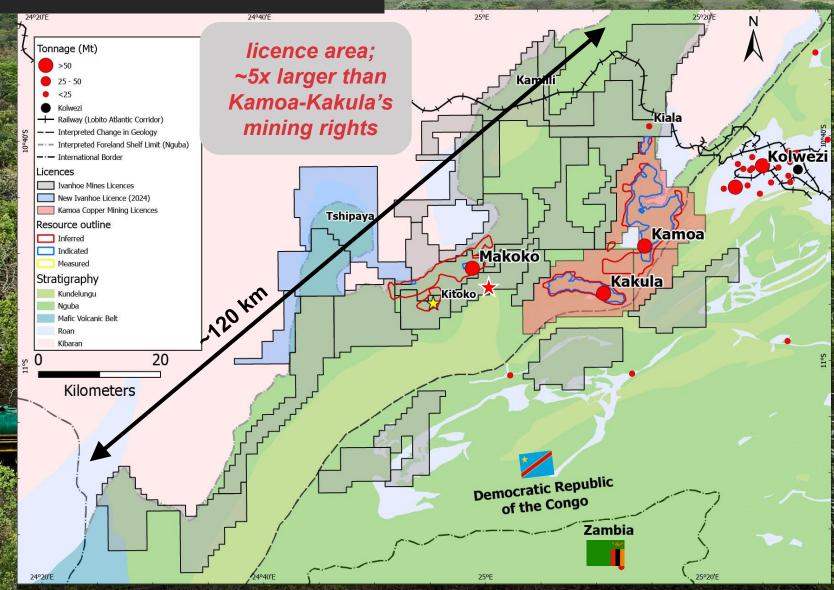
Same underlying geology as Kamoa-Kakula

Western Forelands' licences are 60 - 100% owned by Ivanhoe Mines

Over 48 million tonnes of copper discovered by Ivanhoe geologists since 2008 – over 2x global annual mine production

Western Forelands shelf, including Kamoa-Kakula, ranks as the world's largest copper district discovered in at least the past two decades

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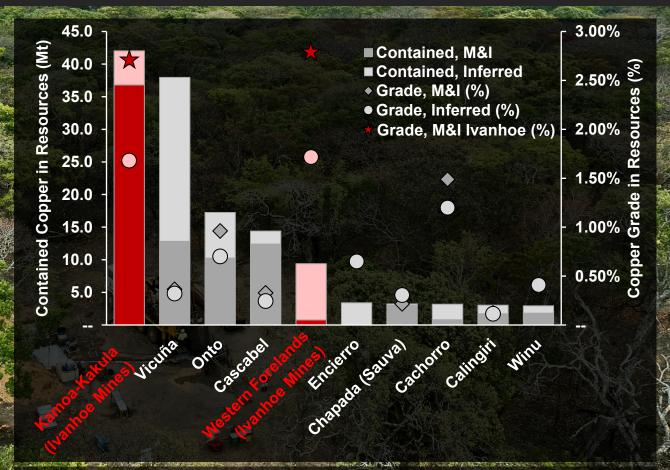


Ivanhoe Mines' Western Foreland exploration licences adjacent to the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex and historical Kolwezi mining cluster

# MAKOKO DISTRICT RANKS AS THE WORLD'S FIFTH LARGEST COPPER DISCOVERY SINCE KAKULA IN 2015

Copper mineralization in the Makoko District spans a corridor at least 13 km in length and between 1.7 kms and 5.8 km wide

Indicated Mineral Resources now 27.7 million tonnes at 2.79% copper plus Inferred Mineral Resources of 493.7 million tonnes of ore at 1.70% copper, using a 1.0% copper cut-off



Source: Company filings, S&P Global Market Intelligence.

Notes: Chart ranks all other new copper discoveries made since 2015 based on contained copper in resources on a 100% basis. Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex consists of the deposits of Kamoa (discovered in 2008) and Kakula (discovered in 2015). Vicuña consists of the deposits of Filo Del Sol and Josemaria. Information based on public disclosure as of May 9, 2025. Mineral Resources estimates for the Western Forelands include the Makoko District (consisting of Makoko, Makoko West, Kitoko) and Kiala at a 1.0% cut-off grade. Data has not been reviewed by S&P Global.

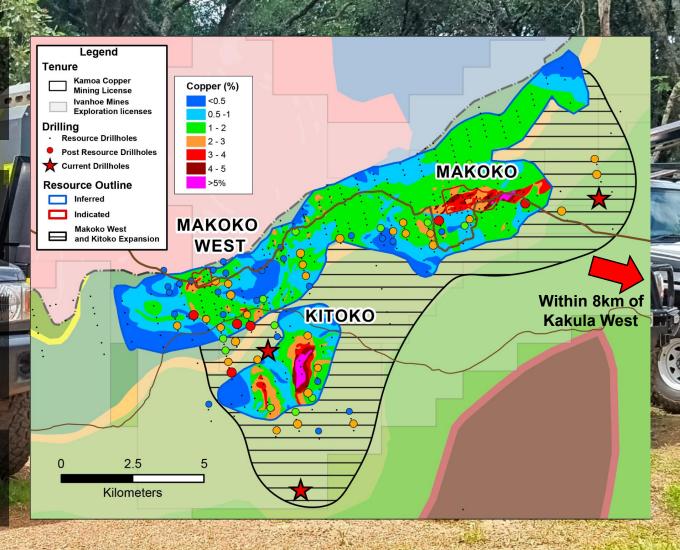
### **MAKOKO DISTRICT DOUBLES IN SIZE OVER 18 MONTHS**

Copper mineralization across the Makoko District doubles to 13 km in length and between 1.7 km and 5.8 km wide

Enlarged Mineral Resource based on 86,000 metres of drilling since the maiden Mineral Resource in December 2023

The highest-grade section of the Makoko deposit occurs between 300 and 600 metres in depth

Makoko District drilling continues to test extents of mineralization that remain open in multiple directions; within 8 km of Kakula



# DRILLING COMMENCES INTO NEW HORIZONS

### **Moxico and Cuando Cubango**

Angola (100%-owned)

- 22,000 km² licence package
- 600 km² baseline soil geochemical & groundbased geophysical programs complete
- 2 drill rigs mobilized for 6,400-metre program; drilling to start in Q4 2025

Exploration team conducting soil sampling program

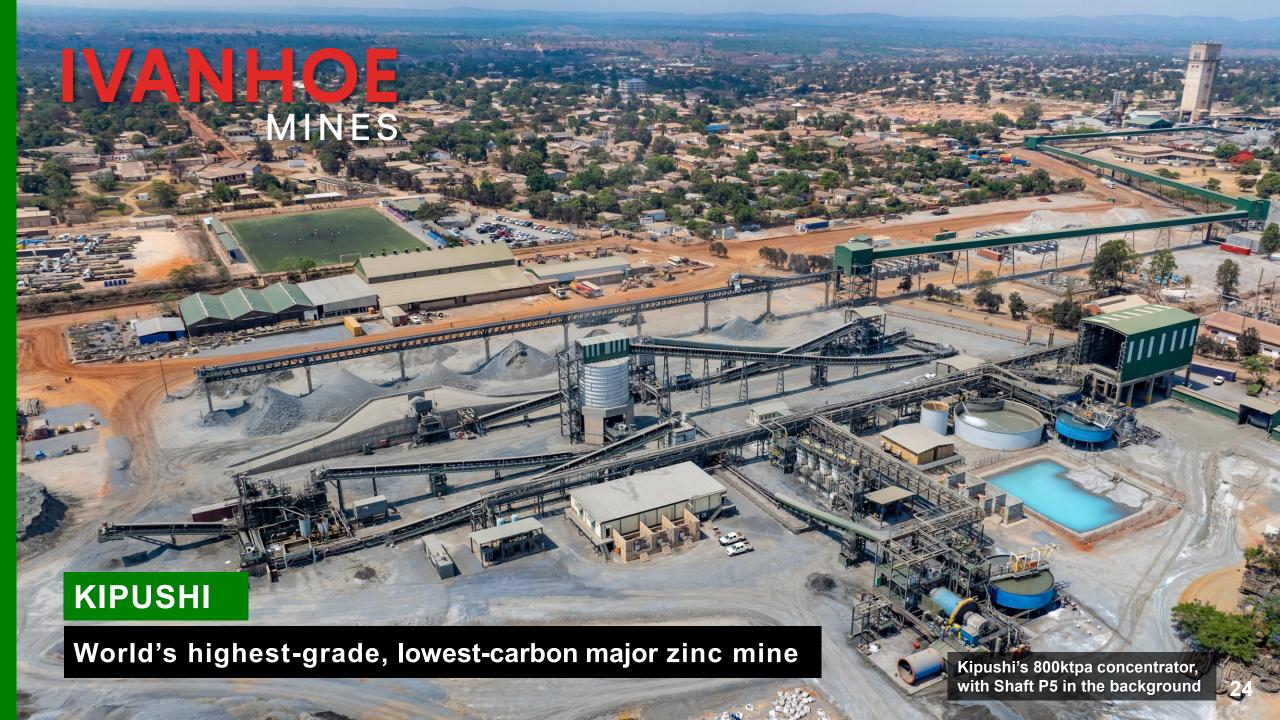
### **Chu-Sarysu Basin JV**

Kazakhstan (20%-owned, earn-in rights up to 80%)

- Exploration JV formed to explore the Chu-Sarysu Sedimentary Copper Basin
- 16,780 km² licence package (>7 times larger than Western Forelands)
- Maiden 17,500-metre diamond drilling program commenced in Q3 2025



The exploration JV team collecting and analyzing diamond drill core from the drill rig (in the background)



### KIPUSHI DEBOTTLNECKING COMPLETE

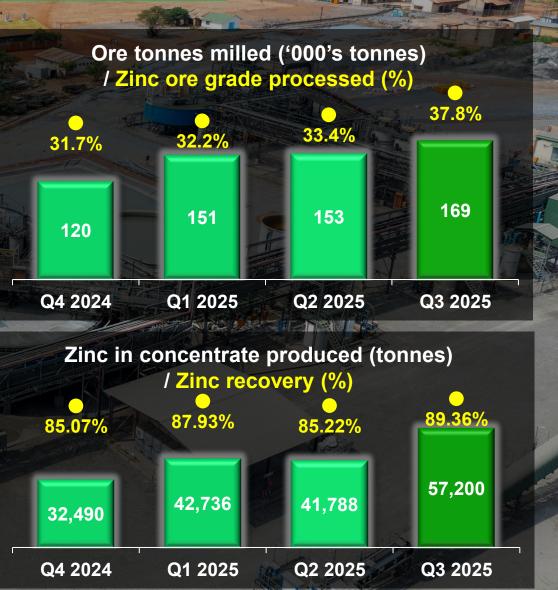
(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kipushi)

Kipushi concentrator milled record 168,862 tonnes of ore at an average grade of 37.8% zinc, producing a record 57,200 tonnes of zinc at a recovery close to 90%

Kipushi concentrator produced 141,724 tonnes of zinc during the first nine months of 2025; production rates to continue to improve as further backup power installed

2025 production guidance is maintained at 180,000 - 240,000 tonnes of zinc in concentrate

Path to exceed 250,000 tonnes of zinc in concentrate per annum from 2026



### KIPUSHI: ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST ZINC MINES

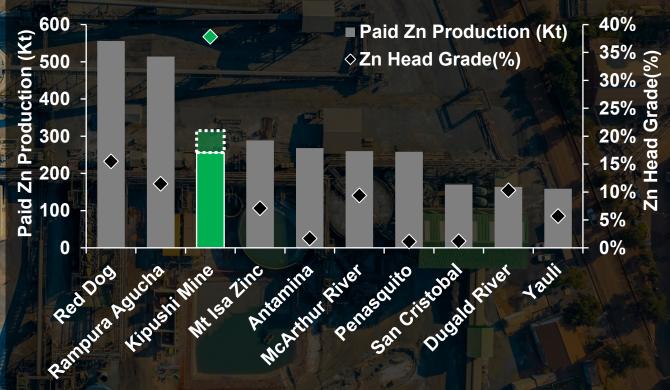
(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kipushi)

Debottlenecking program increases processing capacity by 20%; complete ahead of schedule and under budget

Multiple concentrator records achieved in the latter half of the third quarter since debottlenecking program complete

Weekly production record set of 6,064 tonnes of zinc; equivalent to 315,000 tonnes of zinc on an annualized basis

World's top 10 zinc mines in 2024 by paid zinc production ('000 tonnes) with head grade (% zinc)



Source: Capital IQ, 2025, Ivanhoe Mines. Kipushi production based on annualized Q3 2025 production, dotted red box represents Kipushi's weekly production record set in Q3 2025, post completion of debottlenecking; peer data is 2024 reported actuals where available.



### PLATREEF PLATINIUM-PALLADIUM-NICKEL-RHODIUM-COPPER-GOLD MINE



Multi-generational resource with significant exploration upside

Set to be one of the largest and highest margin primary PGM mines

Diversified commodity basket of precious metals, nickel and copper

Phase 1 ramping up; Phase 2 development already underway for Q4 2027

**Industry disruptor – safe, mechanized and highly productive mining** 

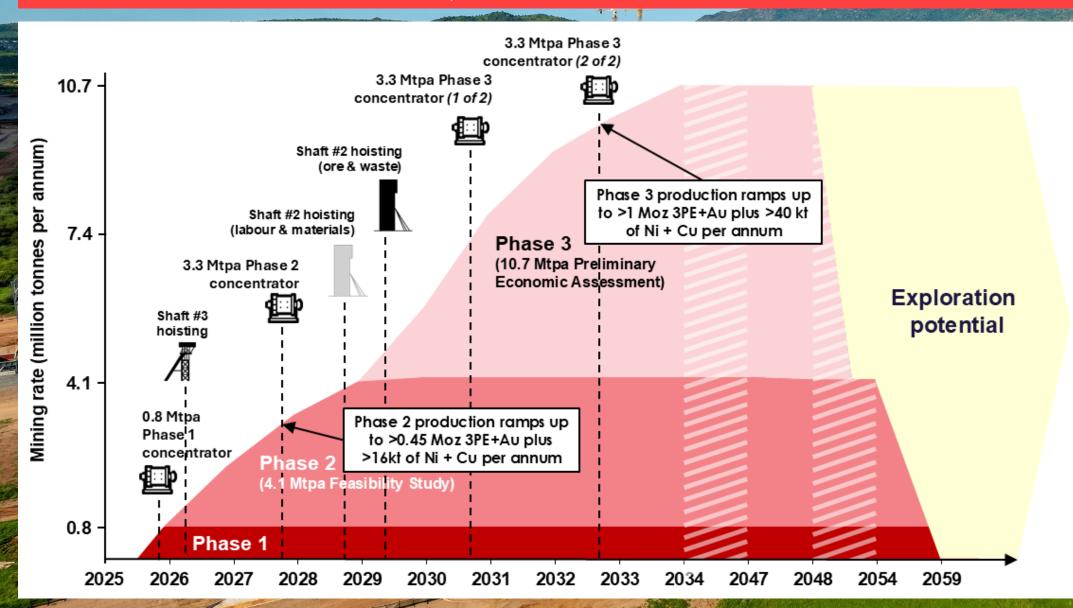
Best-in-class ESG credentials with industry-leading B-BBEE structure

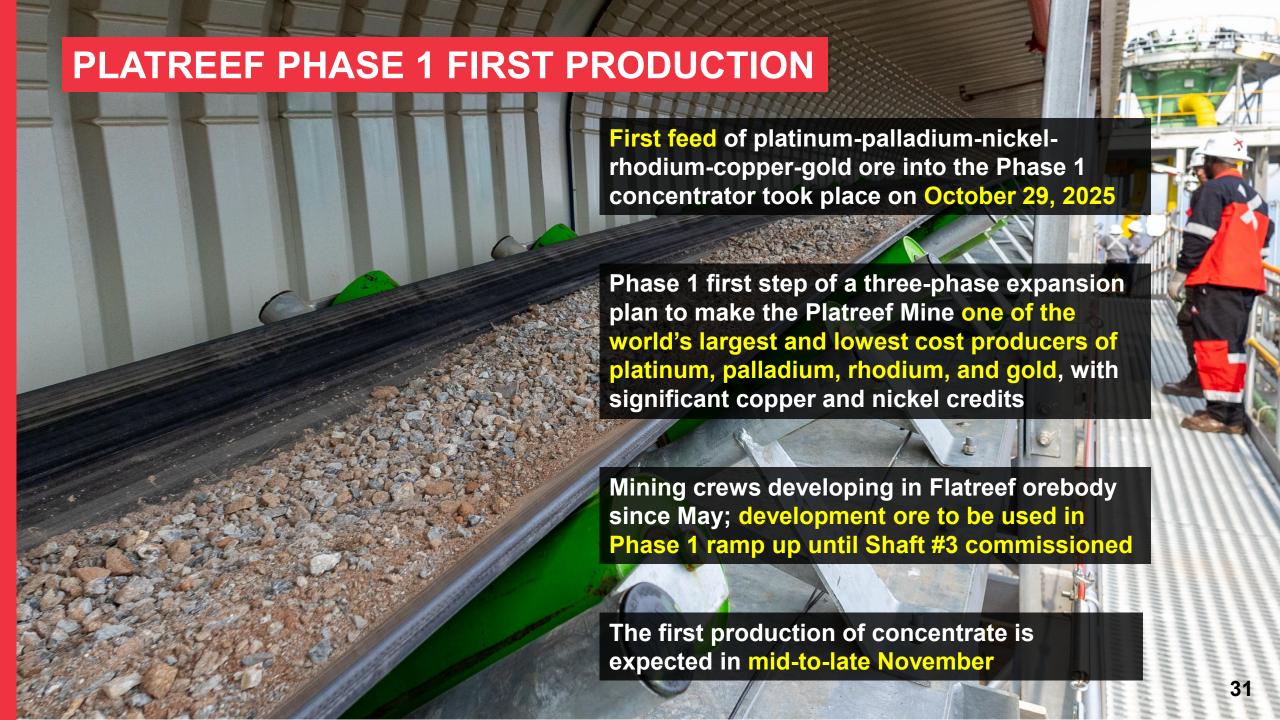
### PLATREEF: WHAT MAKES THE FLATREEF OREBODY UNIQUE?

	Khomanani Mine, Rustenburg	29 meters  Shaft 1 headframe, Platreef	
Deposit	Merensky Reef / UG2	Flatreef <sup>(1)</sup>	
Bushveld Location	Western / Eastern Limb	Northern Limb	
Mining Method	Underground: narrow-reef, manual, labour intensive	Underground: efficient mechanised, long hole stoping / drift and fill	
Total employees	>10,000 (largest 40,000)	~ 2,500 (Phase 2)	
Typical ore grades	4 - 7 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup>	~4 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup> + 0.3% Ni + 0.2% Cu	
True thickness	~0.4m – 1.5m (see image)	18m – 26m	
Age of operations	~50 years (discovered in 1924)	Greenfield (discovered in 2000s)	

Indicated mineral Resource, cumulative T1 plus T2 zones, 2g/t 4PE cut off
 4PE: platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold equivalent
 Photo source: www.worldfinance.com

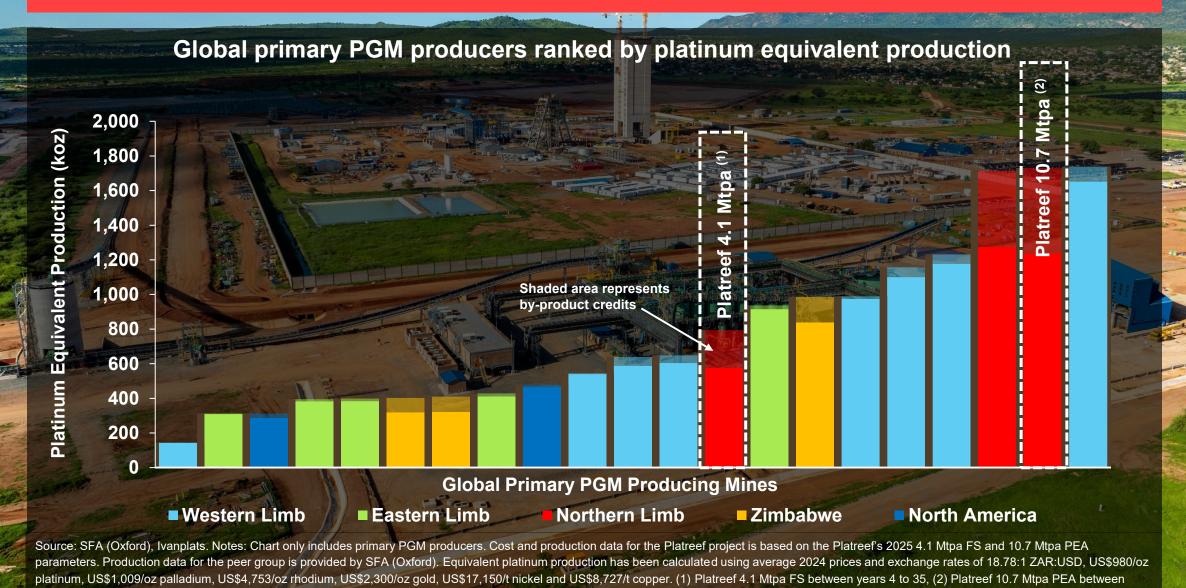
# PLATREEF: OPTIMIZED, PHASED PLAN FOR PHASE 2 & 3







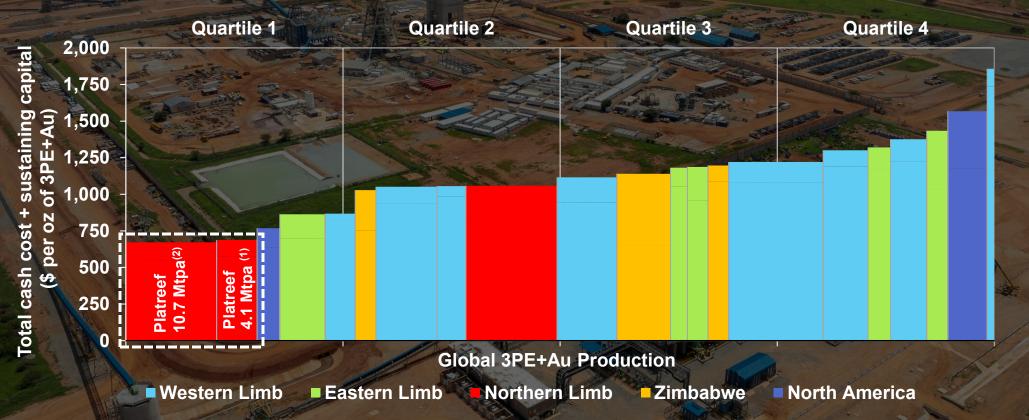
### PLATREEF: TO BE ONE OF THE LARGEST PGM PRODUCERS



years 4 to 29.

### PLATREEF: LOWEST COST = PROFIT THROUGH THE CYCLE

### Global primary PGM producer total cash cost + sustaining capital curve



Source: SFA (Oxford), Ivanplats.

Notes: 3PE + Au = sum of the production of platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold. Cost and production data for the Platreef project is based on the Platreef's 2025 4.1 Mtpa FS and 10.7 Mtpa PEA parameters, applying SFA South African industry average smelting and refining costs. SFA's estimated peer group cost and production data for 2024 is based on H1 2024 figures, extrapolated out to produce an estimate for the full calendar year and follows a methodology to provide a level playing field for smelting and refining costs on a pro-rata basis from the producer processing entity. Net total cash costs have been calculated using 2024 average basket prices and exchange rates of 18.78:1 ZAR:USD, US\$980/oz platinum, US\$1,009/oz palladium, US\$4,753/oz rhodium, US\$2,300/oz gold, US\$17,150/t nickel and US\$8,727/t copper. (1) Platreef 4.1 Mtpa between years 4 to 35. (2) Platreef 10.7 Mtpa between years 4 to 29.

# INANIS OF MINES



Three long-life, world-class R mines with low costs, low m capital intensity and leading ESG programs

Objective to become bestin-class in ESG



Robust, experienced management team with an established track record of exploration & execution success

Poised to grow Ivanhoe into the next world-class mining company



Committed support from key partners CITIC and Zijin

Strong in-country support & relationships: DRC has 20% stake in Kamoa-Kakula and B-BBEE partners have 26% stake in Platreef



Strong balance sheet with a net debt of \$101 million as of September 30, 2025



Exploration knowledge and massive land package for future copper discoveries in DRC

### **GROWTH CAPEX**

(Figures shown on 100% basis, US\$ million)

Capital Expenditure	YTD 2025 Actual	2025 Guidance	2026 Guidance
Kamoa-Kakula			
Phase 3 and other expansion capital	630	900 – 1,000	-
Sustaining capital	280	420 – 500	_
Total	910	1,320 – 1,500	800 – 1,300
Platreef		不仅多多	
Phase 1 initial capital	27	70	
Phase 2 capital	147	180 – 210	350 – 380
Total	174	250 – 280	350 – 380
Kipushi	1120		
De-bottlenecking capital	25	30	
Sustaining capital	38	50	50
Total.	63	80	50

All capital expenditure figures are presented on a 100%-project basis. Ivanhoe Mines' capex guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates. Guidance also involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially. For more information refer to Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Kamoa-Kakula 2025 capital expenditure range lowered by \$100 million; 2026 guidance range raised by \$100 million

Platreef 2025 capital expenditure in line with lower end of guidance; \$700 million Phase 2 project finance facility on track for Q1 2026 close

Kipushi 2025 capital guidance raised by \$10 million; \$20 million advanced payment facility entered into with off-taker Mercuria Energy Trading

### IMPROVED CONSOLIDATED PRO-RATA FINANCIAL RATIOS

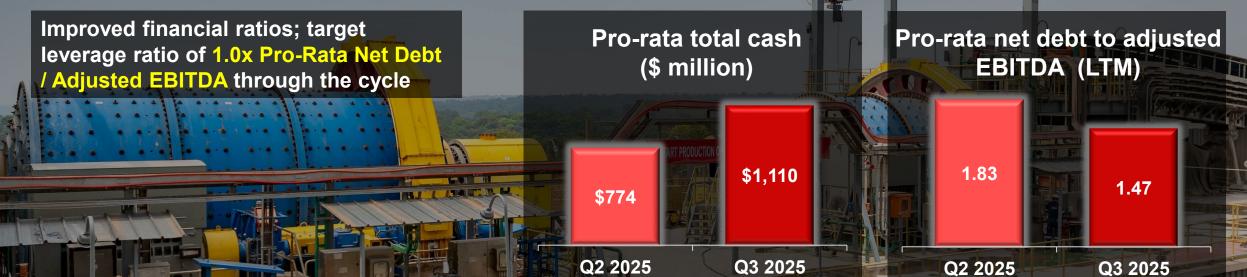
(Figures shown in US\$ million)

\$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030; offering closed on January 23, 2025

Ivanhoe Mines' credit ratings:

FitchRatings B stable

S&P Global Ratings B stable



The pro rata financial data has been calculated by aggregating the contributions of the Company with the contributions from the Kamoa-Kakula joint venture, pro rata to the Company's effective shareholding in the Kamoa-Kakula JV.

Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure. Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is pro-rata net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ended at the reporting period, expressed as the number of times adjusted EBITDA needs to be earned to repay the pro-rata net debt.

The pro forma financial information shows certain consolidated financial information as adjusted to give pro forma effect to the \$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 offering closed on January 23, 2025.