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Certain market data information in this presentation is based on management's estimates. Ivanhoe obtained the industry, market and competitive position data used throughout this presentation from internal estimates and research as well as from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties. While Ivanhoe believes these sources to be reliable, this information may prove to be inaccurate because of the method by which Ivanhoe obtained some of the data for its estimates or because this information cannot always be verified due to the limits on the availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties. Statements contained herein describing documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements.

Certain statements in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including, without limitation, the timing and results of: (i) statements regarding the ongoing phased development at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, including construction activities related to the Phase 3 expansion and smelter; (ii) statements regarding construction activities and feasibility studies and preliminary economic assessment on the Platreef Project; and (iii) statements regarding construction activities at the Kipushi Project. As well, the results of the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 integrated development plan, the 2025 feasibility study of the Kipushi Project constitute forward-looking information, and include future estimates of return, net present value, future production, estimates of cash cost, proposed mining plans and methods, mine life estimates, cash flow forecasts, metal recoveries, and estimates of capital and operating costs.

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In making such statements, Ivanhoe has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the accuracy of the estimation of mineral resources; that exploration activities and studies will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that studies of estimated mine life and production rates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that Ivanhoe will be able to obtain additional financing on satisfactory terms; that infrastructure anticipated to be developed or operated by third parties, including electrical generation and transmission capacity, will be developed and/or operated as currently anticipated; that laws, rules and regulations are fairly and impartially observed and enforced; that the market prices for relevant commodities remain at levels that justify development and/or operation; that Ivanhoe will be able to successfully land access with holders of surface rights; and that war, civil strife, and/or insurrection and/or public health crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic, do not impact Ivanhoe's exploration activities or development plans.

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This presentation also contains references to estimates of Mineral Resources (as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101")). The estimation of Mineral Resources is inherently uncertain and involves subjective judgments about many relevant factors. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation (including estimated future production from Ivanhoe's projects, the anticipated tonnages and grades that will be mined and the realized), which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that ultimately may prove to be inaccurate. Mineral Resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on: (i) fluctuations in copper, nickel, zinc, platinum-group elements (PGE), gold or other mineral prices; (ii) results of drilling, (iii) metallurgical testing and other studies; (iv) proposed mining operations, including dilution; (v) the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimates; and (vi) the possible failure to receive required permits, approvals and licences.

Disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the project development updates at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex in this presentation that are not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, have been reviewed and approved by Steve Amos, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Amos is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is Executive Vice President, Projects for Ivanhoe Mines. Mr. Amos has verified such technical data.

Other disclosures of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation and not included in any of the Technical Reports, including the Western Forelands Exploration Project, have been reviewed and approved by Tim Williams, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. Mr. Williams is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Geosciences. Mr. Williams has verified such other technical data.

Information in this presentation is based upon, and certain information is extracted directly from, NI 43-101 compliant technical reports prepared by Ivanhoe for each of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project, which are available under Ivanhoe's SEDARPlus profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

These technical reports include relevant information regarding the effective date and the assumptions, parameters and methods of the mineral resource estimates on the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project cited in this presentation, as well as information regarding data verification, exploration procedures and other matters relevant to the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this presentation in respect of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project.

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#### Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Concerning Estimates of Reserves and Measured, Indicated and Inferred Resources

Investors are advised that NI 43-101 requires that each category of Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources the reported separately. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Resources. U.S. investors are advised that while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize these terms. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and as to their economic feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or other economic studies. U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically mineral resource exists, or is economically mineral resource.

### **IVANHOE AT A GLANCE**

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

LISTINGS	TSX: IVN OTCQX: IVPAF			
SHARE PRICE	C\$12.19 / share <sup>(1)</sup>			
MARKET CAP	US\$11.80 billion <sup>(1)</sup>			
SHARES, OPTIONS, RSUs, PSUs & DSUs	Basic Shares: 1,352.4 million <sup>(2)</sup> Diluted Shares: 1,363.2 million <sup>(2)</sup>			
NET DEBT POSITION	US\$1.078 billion <sup>(3)</sup>			
MAJOR	CITIC Metal	22.4%		
	Fidelity (FMR)	13.6%		
	Zijin Mining	12.2%		
	Robert Friedland	12.1%		
SHAREHOLDERS <sup>(1)</sup>	Leading Institutional Investors	Capital Group Blackrock Vanguard GMO Norges Rothschild RWC Partners PRIMECAP		

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Bloomberg as at close on September 4, 2025, using a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.73



Looking down on the casting wheels inside Kamoa-Kakula's recently completed 500,000-tonnes-per-annum copper smelter. Production of 99.7%-pure copper anodes is expected to commence in Q4 2025.

<sup>(2)</sup> Common basic and fully diluted share count as at March 31, 2025

<sup>(3)</sup> Pro-rate net debt as at March 31, 2025. Total pro-rata debt of \$1.841 billion and total pro-rata cash of \$763 million

### A LEADING PRODUCER, DEVELOPER AND EXPLORER

Ivanhoe Mines (62%) Gécamines (38%)





Copper

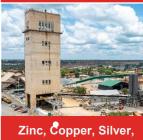
**PLATREEF** 

PGMs, Nickel, Copper

#### **OWNERSHIP:**

Ivanhoe Mines (39.6%)
Zijin Mining Group (39.6%)
Government of DRC (20%)
Crystal River Global (0.8%)

#### KIPUSHI



Germanium

## OWNERSHIP: Ivanhoe Mines (64%) B-BBEE Partners (26%) Japanese Consortium led by

Itochu (10%)

KAZAKHSTAN: Copper

> ANGOLA: Copper

WESTERN FORELANDS (DRC):
Copper

ZAMBIA: Copper

SOUTH AFRICA: PGMs, Nickel, Copper

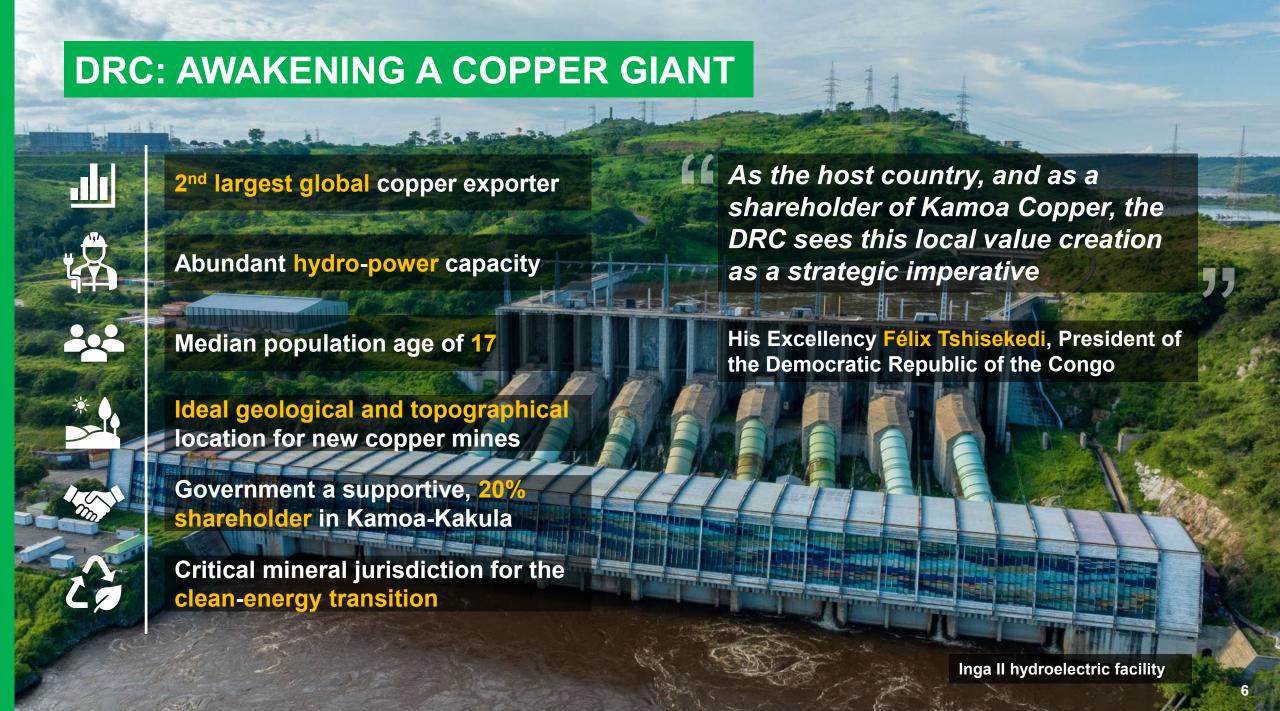
Operations & Development

Exploration

### THE WORLD'S NEWEST DIVERSIFIED MAJOR MINER

Ivanhoe will be a responsible, leading supplier of critical metals, including copper, nickel, zinc and PGMs.





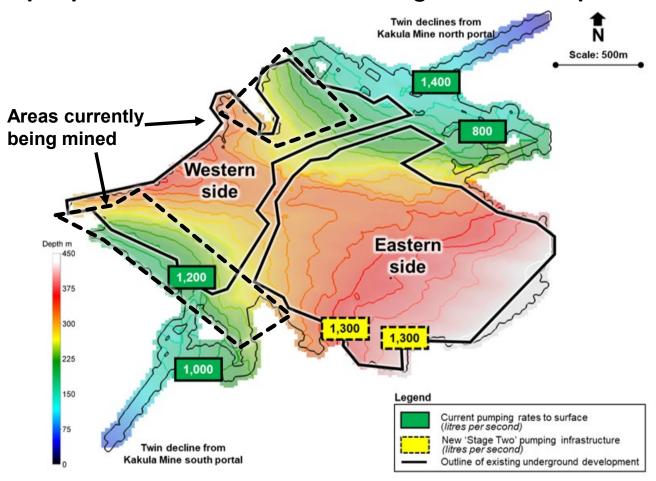


### WATER LEVELS STABLE; DEWATERING UNDERWAY

Seismic activity caused damage to Kakula underground pumping infrastructure – comprehensive recovery plan in place

Stage One (completed): temporary pumping capacity installed since June, currently pumping at 3,700 l/s; water levels stable.

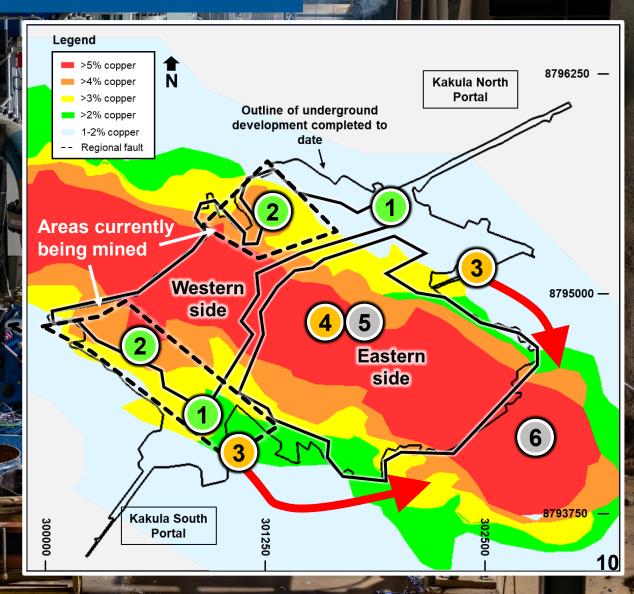
Stage Two (underway): 4x highcapacity 650l/s pumps lowered down existing shafts to dewater from surface the eastern side of Kakula Depth profile of Kakula Mine's underground development





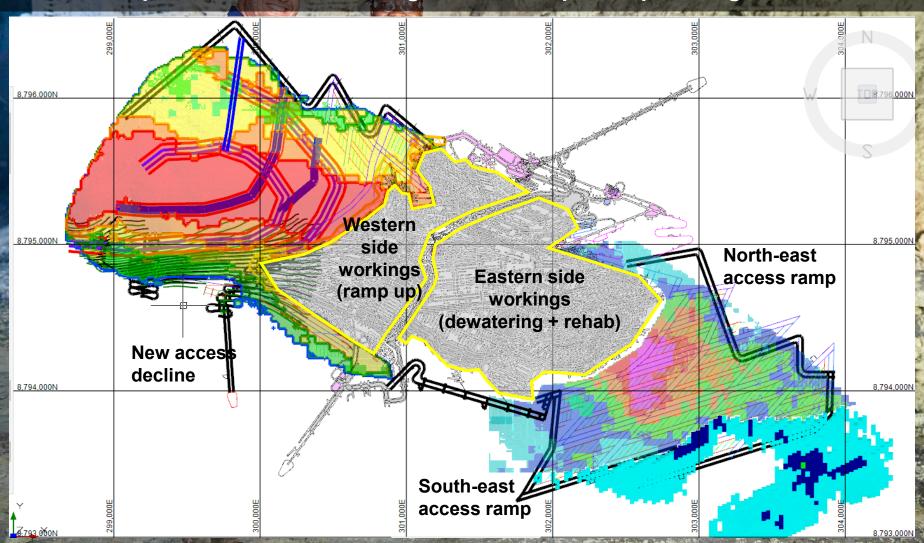
## PHASED, CONSERVATIVE AND SAFE RESTART OF KAKULA MINING ACTIVITIES

- Restore pumping and stabilize underground water levels
- Recommence mining in western side of Kakula ramp up to 3.6 Mtpa
- Develop new access drives to new UNDERWAY mining area to the east
- 4 Fully dewater Kakula Mine UNDERWAY
- Complete geotechnical assessment of existing mine workings in eastern side Q4 2025
- Commence mining new mining area in eastern side of Kakula



### **UPDATED MEDIUM AND LONG TERM MINE PLANS UNDERWAY**

Work well advanced on updated recovery and ramp-up plan from underground operations by September 2025; updated life-of-mine integrated development plan targeted Q1 2026



### **PROCESSING STRATEGY – H2 2025**

Targeting Phase 1 & 2 concentrators to process at 80% to 85% of nameplate capacity throughout H2 2025

Targeting 50% of ore feed from surface stockpiles and 50% from ore mined from the western side of Kakula

The processing of surface stockpiles is expected to continue until they are depleted in Q1 2026

Phase 3 concentrator continues to outperform, at a record throughput of 6.5 Mtpa

On target to meet revised 2025 production guidance of: 370,000 - 420,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate

**H2 2025 target** 

9.2 Mtpa (Nameplate)

Spare capacity

ROM Kamoa 2.0 - 3.0 %

**Stockpiles** 2.0% - 2.5%

ROM Kakula (west) 3.0 - 4.0% (Run Rate)

6.5 Mtpa

ROM Kamoa 2.5 - 3.0%

Phase 1 & 2

Phase 3

### PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL FINDINGS





Seismic activity originated in an area within the eastern side of the Kakula Mine with a mature percentage of extraction

Ore blocks, targeted for secondary extraction, started to yield, resulting in stress redistribution onto regional pillars, which became over-stressed and started to yield (cascade effect)

Backfill, placed in mined-out stopes, was not capable of preventing the stress redistribution onto regional support pillars, but may have been a mitigant in certain circumstances

Adverse regional geological features may have exacerbated the yielding of regional pillars

## KEY RECOMMENDATIONS FROM PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL FINDINGS





- Modify short-term mine plan to increase pillar widths for additional structural support
- Changes to the mining sequence to improve stress distribution and overall stability
- **3** Enhanced geotechnical monitoring to be installed throughout the mine

Geotechnical assessment to be finalized once eastern side of Kakula is accessible; changes to short, medium and long-term mine plans under evaluation by Kamoa Copper and key consultants

## KAMOA & KANSOKO MINES TO SUPPORT KAKULA PRODUCTION, PROVIDING OPERATIONAL FLEXIBILITY

Mining rate at Kamoa and Kansoko currently 6.8 Mtpa, supporting the Phase 3 concentrator

Phase 3 concentrator operating 30% above design capacity at 6.5 Mtpa

Optionality to expand mining rate further with support from Kakula crews, to maximise available milling capacity at Kakula

New box cut planned at Kansoko to access increased mining footprint

Kamoa and Kansoko mine plans to be updated to reflect geotechnical findings from Kakula

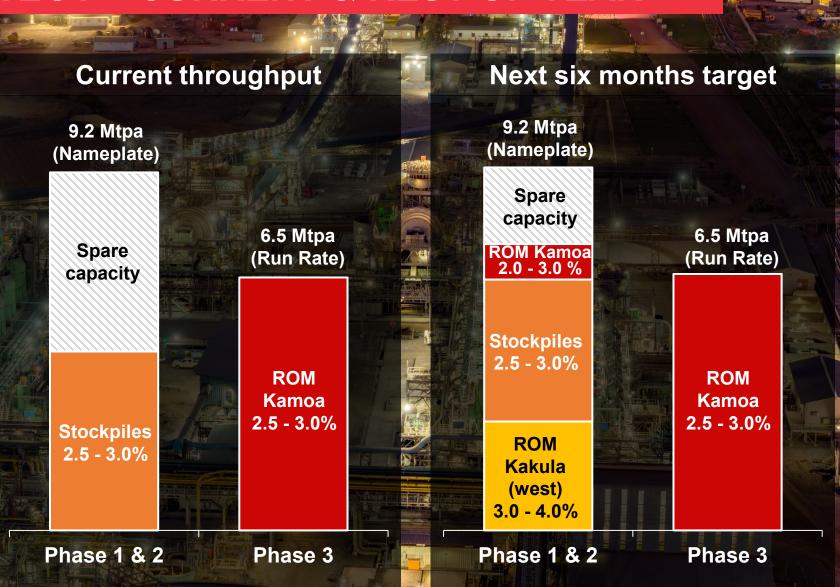
### PROCESSING STRATEGY - CURRENT & REST OF YEAR

Phase 1 & 2 concentrators processing stockpiles at ~50% capacity – lower grade, but low cost

3.8 Mt at ~3% Cu in high and medium grade stockpiles (end April) or ~6 - 9 months; est. recovery of 75 - 85%

Target to increase to 80% of Phase 1 & 2 capacity in Q3 2025 with ore from Kakula (west) supported by ore from Kamoa mines

Phase 3 concentrator continues to outperform, at 6.5 Mtpa throughput

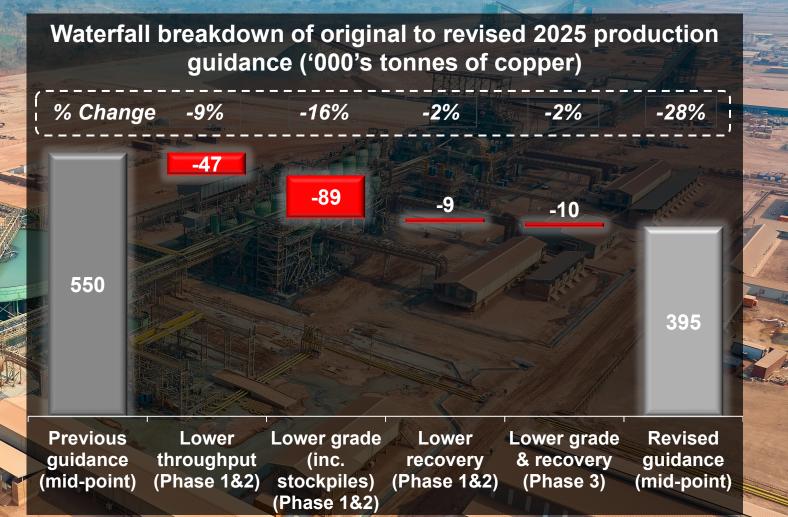


### 2025 REVISED PRODUCTION GUIDANCE

Revised 2025 production guidance: 370,000 – 420,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate

Most significant impact relating to Phase 1 & 2 mills operating at reduced throughput and lower grade based on processing from stockpiles

2026-2027 production guidance to be reinstated in September



Kamoa-Kakula's updated 2025 production guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates as of June 10, 2025. The guidance provided involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially. The revised 2025 production guidance takes into account the probable effect of recent seismic activity and associated interruptions in mining operations at the Kakula Mine. Although mining in the western side of the Kakula Mine has restarted risk factors remain, including, it is too early to accurately predict potential disruption caused by further unexpected seismic activity, the integrity of underground infrastructure, the ability to ramp up underground operations, the ability to complete dewatering activities and the time required to access the new mining areas. The updated 2025 production guidance is based on an assessment of these factors that management believes are reasonable at this time, given all available information.

### WHAT'S NEXT AT KAMOA-KAKULA

Q3 2025

Conservatively and safely ramp-up mining activities in western side of Kakula to 3.6 Mtpa

**Ongoing** 

Optimize concentrator capacity to maximize production utilizing our stockpiles and multiple mining areas

July 31, 2025

Provide updated cash cost and capital cost guidance during Q2 financials

Q4 2025

Commence ramp-up of smelter to produce copper anodes – improve cash cost and margins

Est. Q4 2025

Complete dewatering of eastern side of Kakula

Est. Q1 2026

Complete full geotechnical assessment and determine revised mining strategy for eastern side of Kakula

Est. Q1 2026

Update integrated development plan based on revised geotechnical assumptions

Est. mid-2026

Accelerate development of infrastructure to new highgrade mining areas east of existing workings



### 178 MW INGA II REFURBISHMENT NEARING COMPLETION

Mechanical and electrical equipment installation for Turbine #5 now complete

Pre-commissioning activities commenced; wet commissioning from early Q4 2025

Replacement of the resistor banks at the Inga substation completed during Q2, improving voltage stability

New static compensator at Kolwezi substation to improve voltage stability from Q1 2026

**Turbine #5** 

**Substation** 

The Inga II hydroelectric facility consists of 8 turbines. Kamoa Copper has been working with DRC state utility SNEL to refurbish Turbine #5

### **60 MW SOLAR FACILITY WITH BATTERY STORAGE**

Kamoa-Kakula 60 MW **Solar Plant & substation** 

Site clearance and early earthworks for 60 MW on-site solar facility with battery storage have commenced

Scheduled for completion in mid-2026; facility to supply up to 25% of Kamoa-Kakula's energy requirements

Plans to expand the on-site solar facilities over time up to 120 MW



Future Phase 4

Kamoa-Kakula Phase 1 & 2 Concentrators Copper Smelter

> Rendering of the Kamoa-Kakula licences, with key power infrastructure (in blue)

### KAMOA-KAKULA REMAINS A GENERATIONAL COPPER MINE

>\$6.0 billion capital invested – largely funded by project cash flows

Lowest capital cost intensity in the copper industry

High margin and green copper producer, generating \$6.1 billion EBITDA since 2021

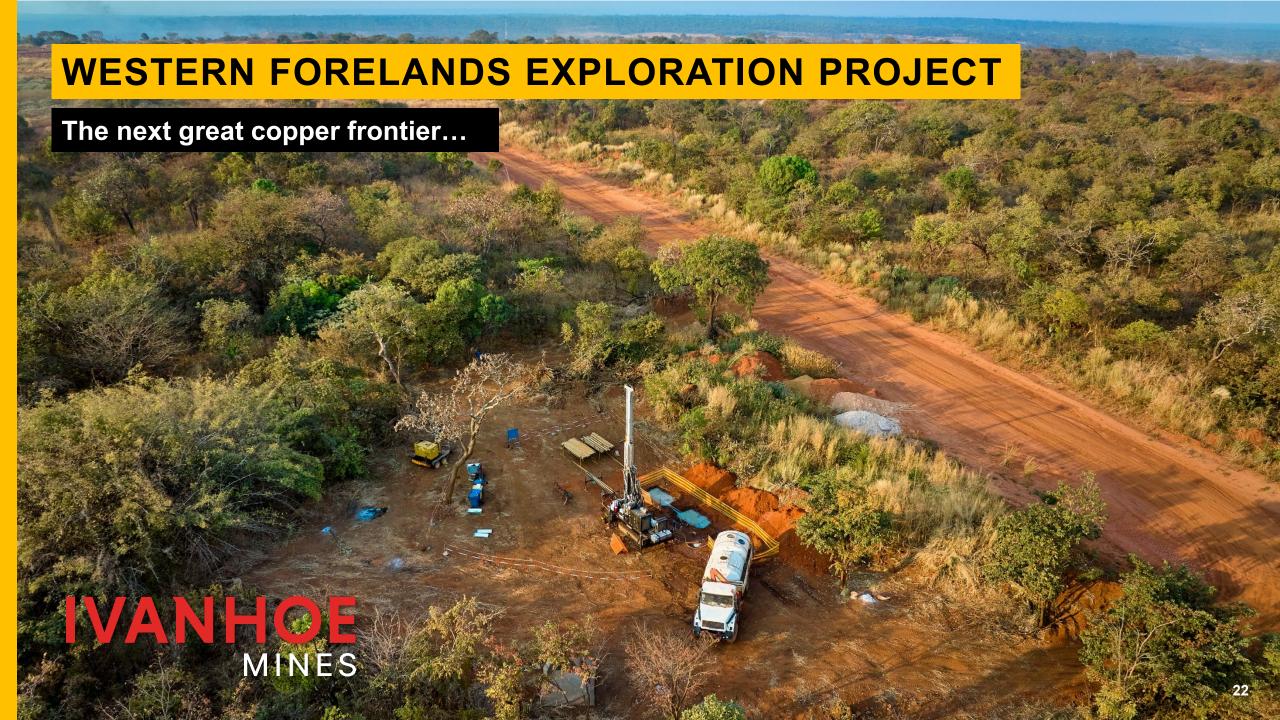
Within 4 years became 8% of DRC GDP

90% of employees are Congolese; trained by onsite facilities

World's fourth largest, and by far the highest grade, major copper resource – long remaining reserve life

Africa's largest and greenest copper smelter





### **WESTERN FORELANDS OVERVIEW**

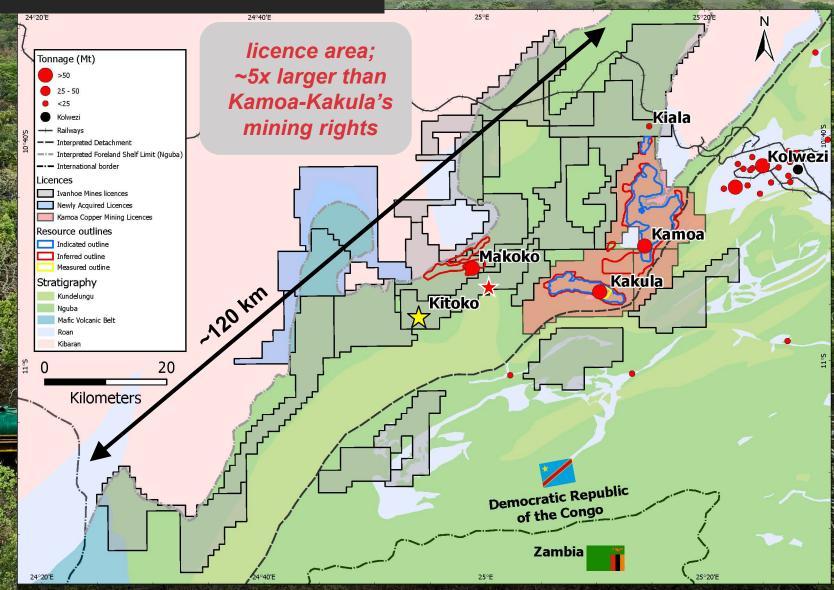
Same underlying geology as Kamoa-Kakula

Western Forelands' licences are 60 - 100% owned by Ivanhoe Mines

Over 48 million tonnes of copper discovered by Ivanhoe geologists since 2008 – over 2x global annual mine production

Western Forelands shelf, including Kamoa-Kakula, ranks as the world's largest copper district discovered in at least the past two decades

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Ivanhoe Mines' Western Foreland exploration licences adjacent to the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex and historical Kolwezi mining cluster

## MAKOKO DISTRICT RANKS AS THE WORLD'S FIFTH LARGEST COPPER DISCOVERY SINCE KAKULA IN 2015

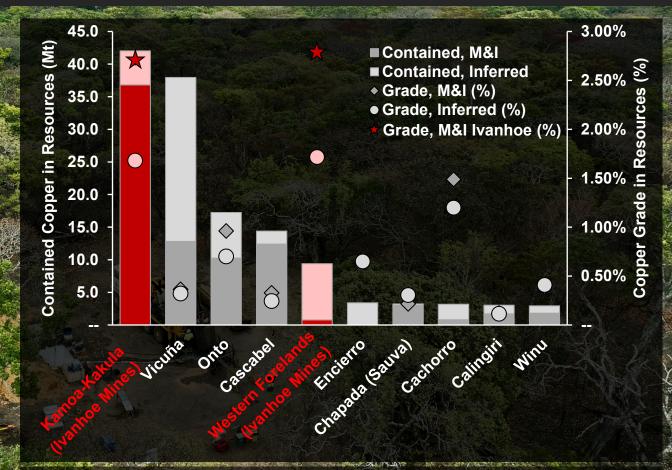
Copper mineralization in the Makoko District spans a corridor at least 13 km in length and between 1.7 kms and 5.8 km wide

**经济的外汇**等的。2017年

Indicated Mineral Resources now 27.7 million tonnes at 2.79% copper plus Inferred Mineral Resources of 493.7 million tonnes of ore at 1.70% copper, using a 1.0% copper cut-off

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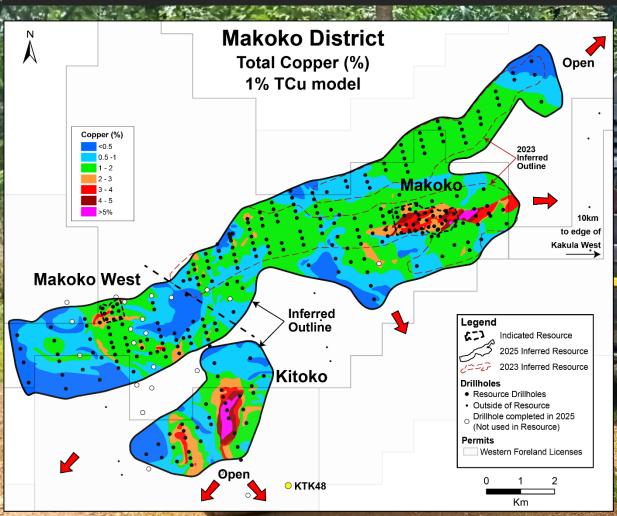
3 new discoveries already: Makoko, Kiala and Kitoko, mineralization remains open in multiple directions



Source: Company filings, S&P Global Market Intelligence.

Notes: Chart ranks all other new copper discoveries made since 2015 based on contained copper in resources on a 100% basis. Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex consists of the deposits of Kamoa (discovered in 2008) and Kakula (discovered in 2015). Vicuña consists of the deposits of Filo Del Sol and Josemaria. Information based on public disclosure as of May 9, 2025. Mineral Resources estimates for the Western Forelands include the Makoko District (consisting of Makoko, Makoko West, Kitoko) and Kiala at a 1.0% cut-off grade. Data has not been reviewed by S&P Global.

## DRILLING DOUBLES THE SIZE OF MAKOKO-KITOKO COPPER DISCOVERIES IN THE WESTERN FORELANDS IN 18 MONTHS



The Makoko District (made up of Makoko, Makoko West, and Kitoko) total Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources at a 1.0% cut-off grade

Category	Tonnage (millions)	Area (km²)	Copper Grade (%)	Vertical Thickness (m)	Contained Copper (k tonnes)	Contained Copper (billion lbs)
- Indicated	27.7	1.6	2.79	7.8	773	1.7
Inferred	493.7	57.0	1.70	7.0	8,380	18.4

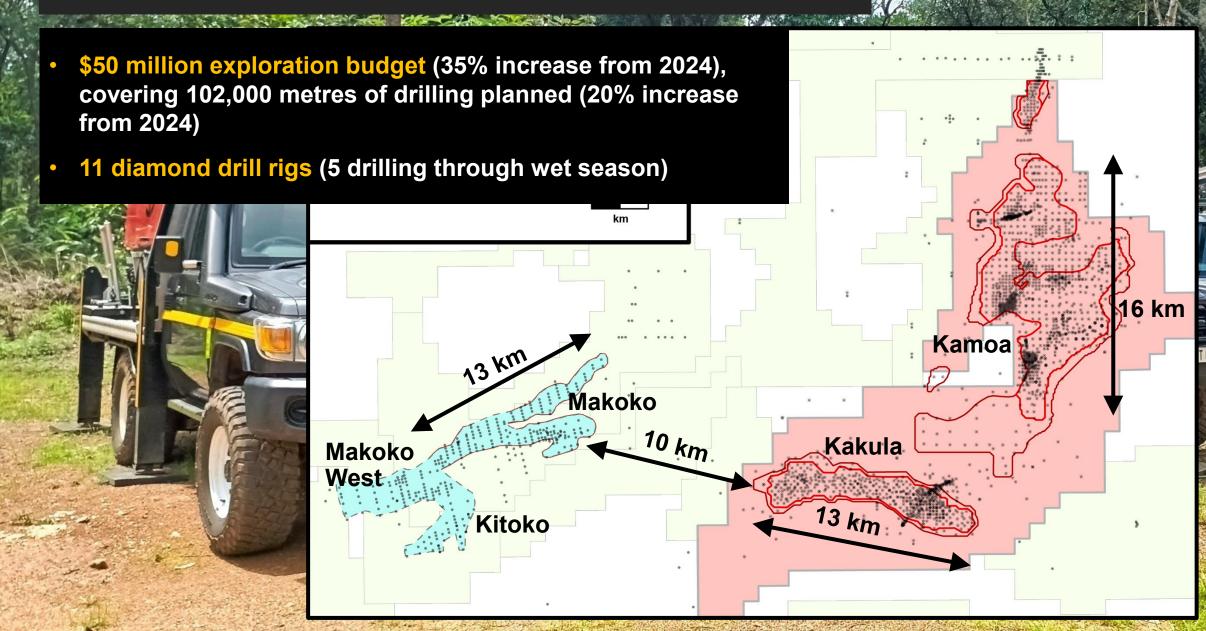
#### Notes:

1.Ivanhoe's Mineral Resource Manager, Joshua Chitambala, a Professional Natural Scientist (Pr. Sci. Nat) registered with the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP), estimated the Mineral Resources that were reviewed by Jeremy Witley, Pr. Sci. Nat SACNASP, FGSSA, who is the Qualified Person for the Mineral Resource estimate. The effective date of the estimate is 1 May 2025, and the cut-off date for drill data is 31 December 2024. Mineral Resources are reported using the CIM 2014 Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources, Mineral Resources are reported on a 100% basis. Ivanhoe holds an indirect 80% interest in the Makoko SA mining licences, a 100% interest in the Lufupa exploration licences, and a 54% shareholding in the Kampemba mining license.

2.Mineral Resources are reported for Makoko using a total copper (TCu) cut-off grade of 1% TCu and a minimum vertical thickness of 3m. There are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction under the following assumptions: copper price \$4.00/lb; employment of underground mechanized drift-and-fill mining methods; copper concentrates will be sold to the Kakula smelter or toll treated; average metallurgical recovery is 87.5%; mining costs are assumed to be \$38/t; concentrator, tailings treatment, and general and administrative costs are assumed to be \$15/t; smelter, refining and transport costs are assumed to be \$13.5/t of ore at the cut-off grade; royalty of 3.5%, export tax of 1% and concentrate tax of \$100/t NSR concentrate.

- 3.ICP-MS results have been received for all holes from 2024 that have significant intersections. At the time of estimation, ICP assays for 10 holes of assays not considered to be mineralized were still outstanding.
- 4.Reported Mineral Resources contain no allowances for hanging wall or footwall contact boundary loss and dilution. No mining recovery has been applied.
- Approximate drill hole spacings are 400 m to 600 m for Inferred Mineral Resources and 200 m for Indicated Mineral Resources.
   Rounding as required by reporting guidelines may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade, and contained metal

### **2025: A BANNER YEAR OF EXPLORATION**



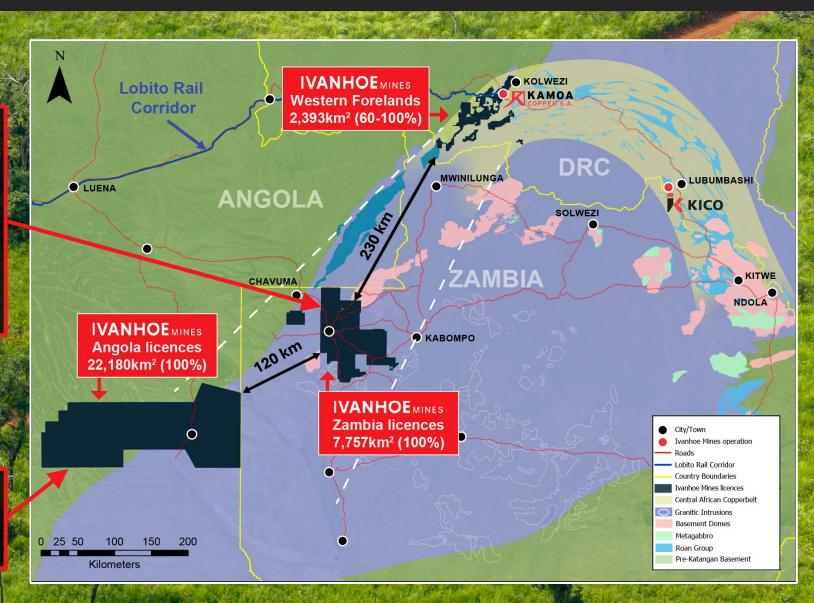
### TARGETING WESTERN-FORELAND-STYLE COPPER IN ZAMBIA & ANGOLA

#### Zambia (100%-owned)

- 7,757 km2 in new exploration licences in North-Western Province
- Zambian Geological Survey completed high-resolution airborne geophysics survey licence area, expediting exploration efforts

#### Angola (100%-owned)

- Exploration camp established
- 6,400m diamond program from end of wet season (April-May)





### KIPUSHI IMPROVED PERFORMANCE

Figures shown on 100% basis for Kipushi, US dollars)

Kipushi concentrator milled record 153,342 tonnes of ore at an average grade of 33.4% zinc, producing 41,788 tonnes of zinc in Q2 2025

Kipushi concentrator produced 84,524 tonnes of zinc during the first half of 2025; production rate in H2 2025 is expected to significantly improve

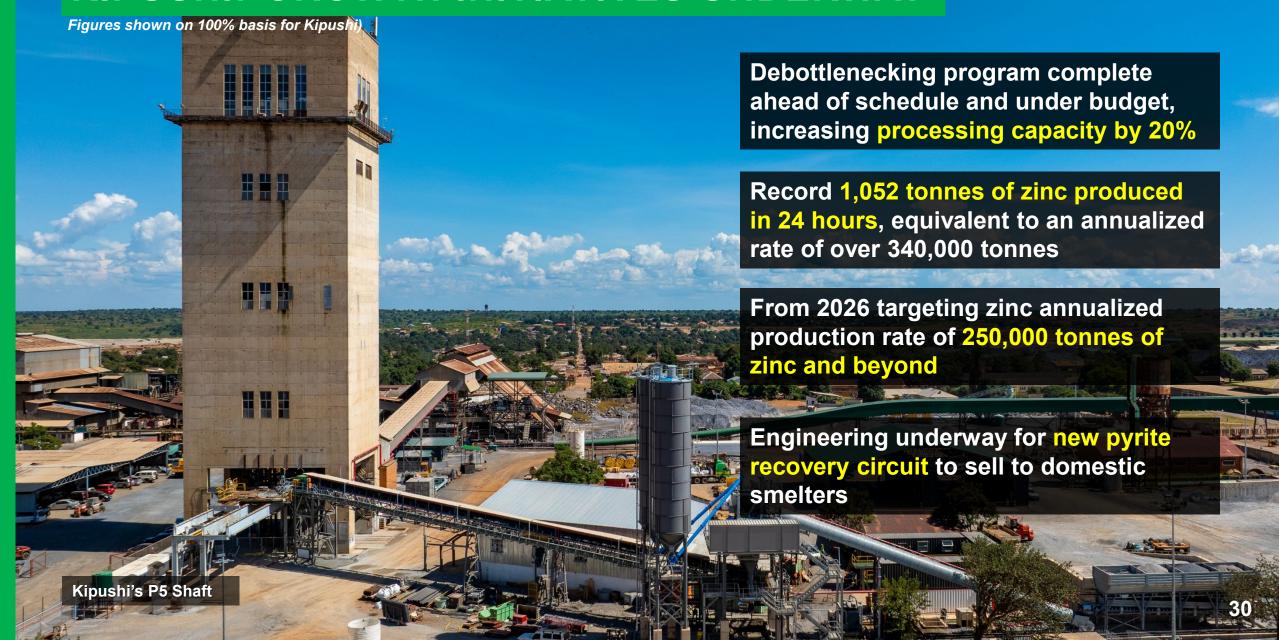
2025 production guidance is maintained at 180,000 to 240,000 tonnes of zinc in concentrate

Kipushi already one of the world's largest zinc mines, with further growth to come

Weekly production record set in August of 5,545 tonnes of zinc; equivalent to 290,000 tonnes of zinc on an annualized basis

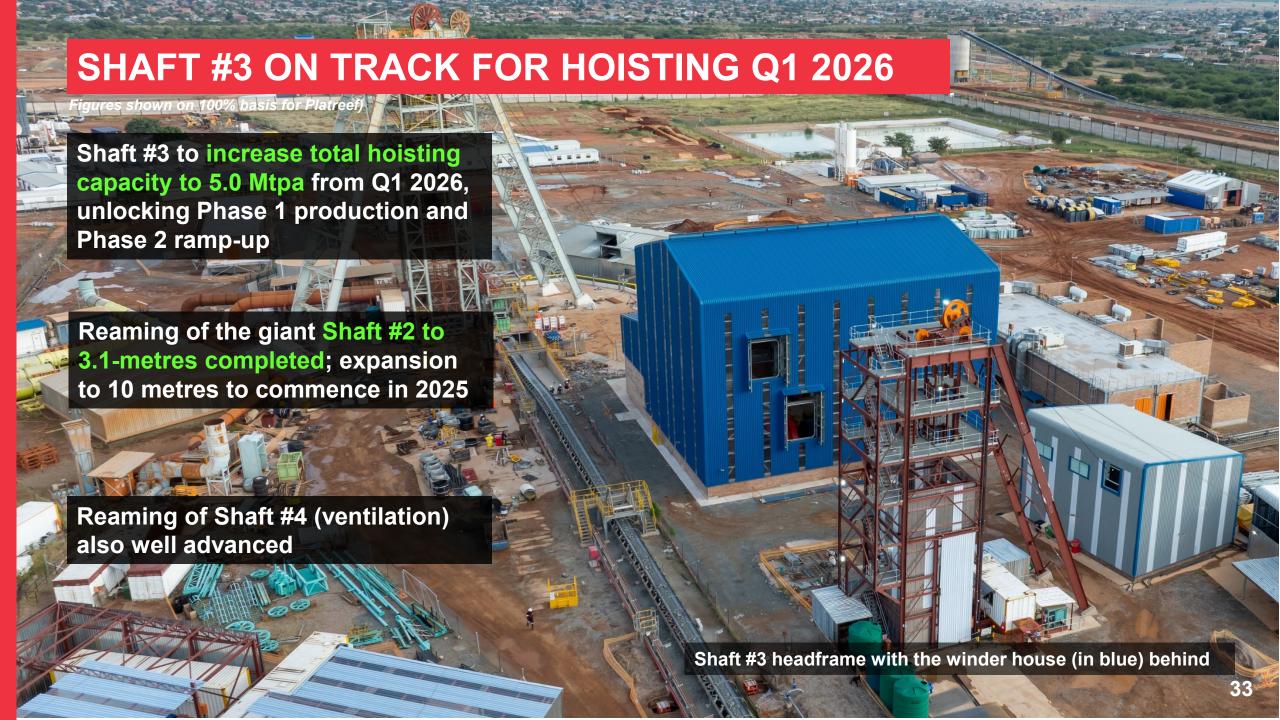


### **KIPUSHI: GROWTH INITIATIVES UNDERWAY**





## PLATREEF: WORLD'S LARGEST PRECIOUS METALS DEVELOPMENT PROJECT Multi-generational resource with significant exploration upside World's best PGM project: highest margin and lowest cash costs Industry disruptor - safe, mechanized and highly productive mining Phased expansion targeting to be one of the world's largest PGM mines **PGM** Diversified commodity basket of precious metals, nickel and copper Best-in-class ESG credentials with industry-leading B-BBEE structure



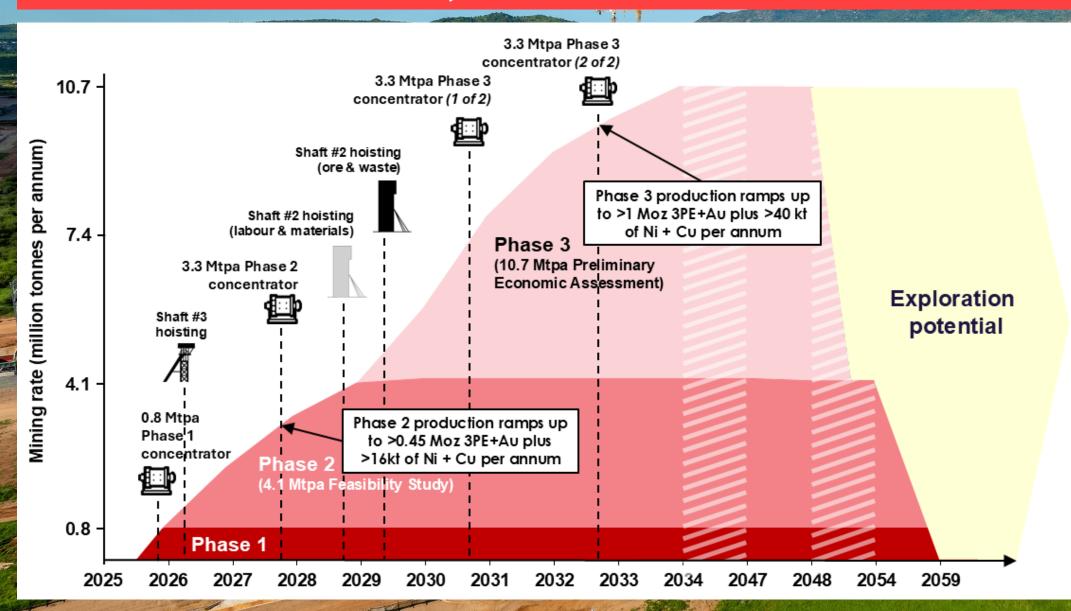


### PLATREEF: WHAT MAKES THE FLATREEF UNIQUE?

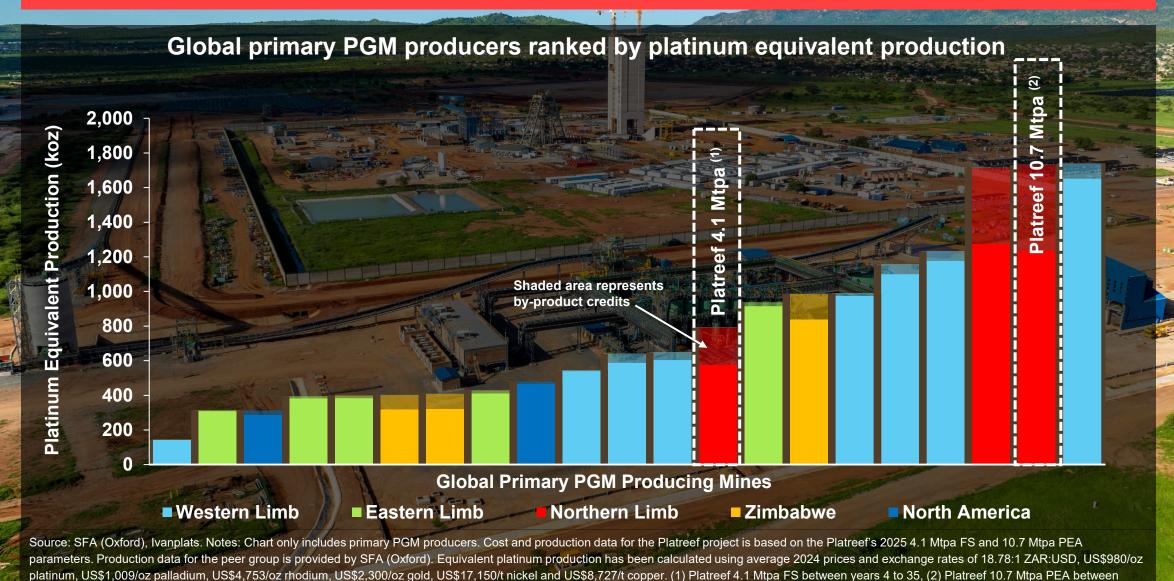
	Khomanani Mine, Rustenburg	29 meters Shaft 1 headframe, Platreef	
Deposit	Merensky Reef / UG2	Flatreef <sup>(1)</sup>	
Bushveld Location	Western / Eastern Limb	Northern Limb	
Mining Method	Underground: narrow-reef, manual, labour intensive	Underground: efficient mechanised, long hole stoping / drift and fill	
Total employees	>10,000 (largest 40,000)	~ 2,500 (Phase 2)	
Typical ore grades	4 - 7 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup>	~4 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup> + 0.3% Ni + 0.2% Cu	
True thickness	~0.4m – 1.5m (see image)	18m – 26m	
Age of operations	~50 years (discovered in 1924)	Greenfield (discovered in 2000s)	

Indicated mineral Resource, cumulative T1 plus T2 zones, 2g/t 4PE cut off
 4PE: platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold equivalent
 Photo source: www.worldfinance.com

### PLATREEF: OPTIMIZED, PHASED PLAN FOR PHASE 2 & 3



### PLATREEF: TO BE ONE OF THE LARGEST PGM PRODUCERS

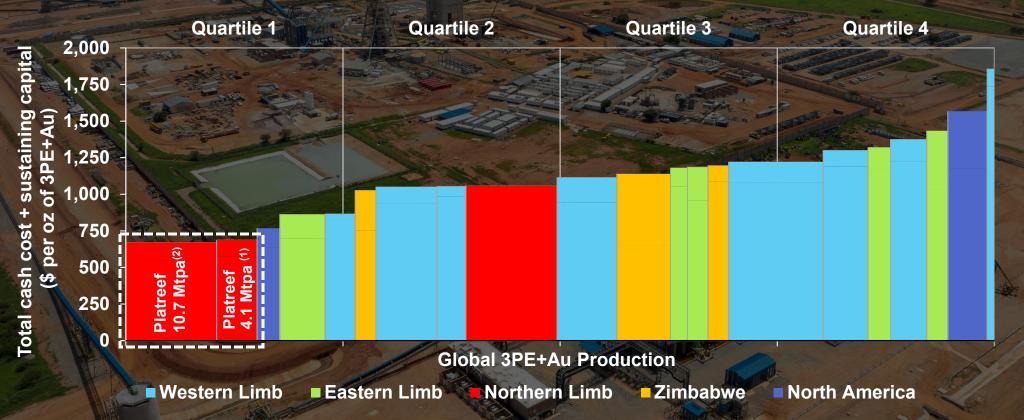


years 4 to 29.

A Detween

### PLATREEF: LOWEST COST = PROFIT THROUGH THE CYCLE

### Global primary PGM producer total cash cost + sustaining capital curve



Source: SFA (Oxford), Ivanplats.

Notes: 3PE + Au = sum of the production of platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold. Cost and production data for the Platreef project is based on the Platreef's 2025 4.1 Mtpa FS and 10.7 Mtpa PEA parameters, applying SFA South African industry average smelting and refining costs. SFA's estimated peer group cost and production data for 2024 is based on H1 2024 figures, extrapolated out to produce an estimate for the full calendar year and follows a methodology to provide a level playing field for smelting and refining costs on a pro-rata basis from the producer processing entity. Net total cash costs have been calculated using 2024 average basket prices and exchange rates of 18.78:1 ZAR:USD, US\$980/oz platinum, US\$1,009/oz palladium, US\$4,753/oz rhodium, US\$2,300/oz gold, US\$17,150/t nickel and US\$8,727/t copper. (1) Platreef 4.1 Mtpa between years 4 to 35. (2) Platreef 10.7 Mtpa between years 4 to 29.

# IVANGOEMINES



Three long-life, world-class mines with low costs, low capital intensity and leading ESG programs

Objective to become best-in-class in ESG



Robust, experienced management team with an established track record of exploration & execution success

Poised to grow Ivanhoe into the next world-class mining company



Committed support from key partners CITIC and Zijin

Strong in-country support & relationships: DRC has 20% stake in Kamoa-Kakula and B-BBEE partners have 26% stake in Platreef



Strong balance sheet with proforma pro-rata net debt of \$717 million as of March 31, 2025



2025 production guidance of 370kt – 420kt of copper in concentrate and 180kt – 240kt of zinc in concentrate

Exploration knowledge and massive land package for future copper discoveries in DRC

### **GROWTH CAPEX ON TRACK, TAPERING OFF IN 2026**

(Figures shown on 100% basis, US\$ millions)

Capital Expenditure	Q1 2025 Actuals	2025 Guidance	2026 Guidance
Kamoa-Kakula	ANDA		
Phase 3 & other expansion capital	207	1,050 – 1,300	300 – 550
Sustaining capital	90	370	380
Total	297	1,420 - 1,670	680 – 930
Platreef			
Phase 1 initial capital	13	70	
Phase 2 initial capital	38	180 – 210	350 – 380
Total	51	250 – 280	350 – 380
Kipushi			
Initial capital	7	30	
Sustaining capital	13	40	35
Total	20	70	35

All capital expenditure figures are presented on a 100%-project basis as at March 31, 2025. Excludes capital expenditure required for dewatering, restarting and ramping up the Kakula mine. Ivanhoe Mines' capex guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates. Guidance also involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially. For more information refer to Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Kamoa-Kakula's growth selffinanced by operating cash flows and \$1.5 billion in joint venture facilities

\$70 million drawn on Platreef senior debt facility of up to \$150 million; expanded Phase 2 project facility under consideration

\$196 million drawn on Kipushi revolving credit and offtake prepayment facilities

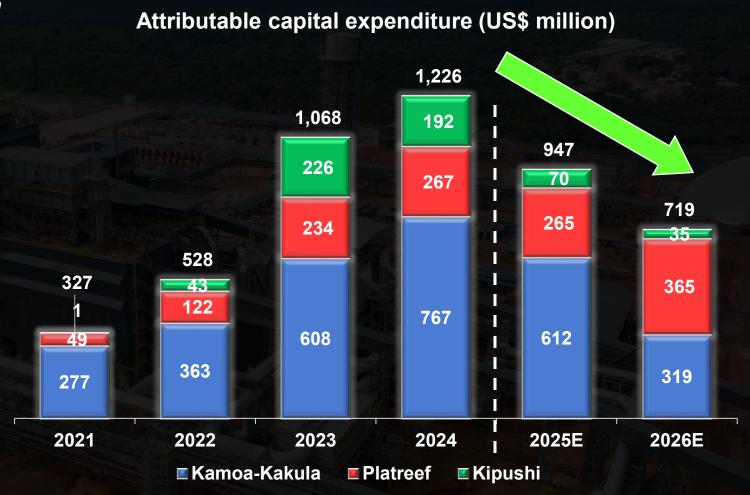
### PEAK CAPEX INFLECTION POINT, MOVING INTO CASH FLOW

Figures as at December 31, 2024; all values in US\$ million

Kamoa-Kakula capex expected to taper off in 2025 following the completion of the smelter project

Phase 4 capex to be confirmed by updated study work in Q2 2025

Kipushi moving towards cash flow generation following rampup and de-bottlenecking in 2025



Attributable capital expenditure figures comprise the sum of capital expenditure at the Kamoa-Kakula, Platreef and Kipushi projects and other group subsidiaries and are calculated, in the case of Kamoa-Kakula, using the Group's effective shareholding in Kamoa Copper (39.6%), Ivanhoe Mines Energy (49.5%), Kamoa Holding (49.5%), Kamoa Services (49.5%) and Kamoa Centre of Excellence (49.5%) and, in the case of Platreef, Kipushi and other group subsidiaries, on a 100% basis. 2025 and 2026 based on the mid-point of the guidance range.

### **INAUGURAL \$750 MILLION NOTES SUPPORT GROWTH**

(Figures shown in US\$ millions)

\$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 offering closed on January 23, 2025

Ivanhoe Mines' credit ratings:

FitchRatings B stable

Q4 2024

**S&P Global**Ratings

B stable

Target leverage ratio: 1.0x Pro-Rata Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA through the cycle

Q1 2025 Pro-rata net debt of \$1,078 million; Leverage ratio of 1.2x based on annualised Q1 2025 EBITDA



The pro rata financial data has been calculated by aggregating the contributions of the Company with the contributions from the Kamoa-Kakula joint venture, pro rata to the Company's effective shareholding in the Kamoa-Kakula JV.

Q1 2025

Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure. Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is pro-rata net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ended at the reporting period, expressed as the number of times adjusted EBITDA needs to be earned to repay the pro-rata net debt.

Q4 2024

The pro forma financial information shows certain consolidated financial information as adjusted to give pro forma effect to the \$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 offering closed on January 23, 2025.

Q1 2025