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Certain market data information in this presentation is based on management's estimates. Ivanhoe obtained the industry, market and competitive position data used throughout this presentation from internal estimates and research as well as from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties. While Ivanhoe believes these sources to be reliable, this information may prove to be inaccurate because of the method by which Ivanhoe obtained some of the data for its estimates or because this information cannot always be verified due to the limits on the availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties. Statements contained herein describing documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements.

Certain statements in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including, without limitation, the timing and results of: (i) statements regarding the ongoing phased development at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, including construction activities related to the Phase 3 expansion and smelter; (ii) statements regarding the ongoing construction activities and feasibility studies and preliminary economic assessment on the phased development at the Platreef Project; and (iii) statements regarding construction activities at the Kipushi Project. As well, the results of the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 integrated development plan, the 2022 feasibility study of the Kipushi Project constitute forward-looking information, and include future estimates of return, net present value, future production, estimates of cash cost, proposed mining plans and methods, mine life estimates, cash flow forecasts, metal recoveries, and estimates of capital and operating costs.

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In making such statements, Ivanhoe has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the accuracy of the estimation of mineral resources; that exploration activities and studies will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that studies of estimated mine life and production rates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that Ivanhoe will be able to obtain additional financing on satisfactory terms; that infrastructure anticipated to be developed or operated by third parties, including electrical generation and transmission capacity, will be developed and/or operated as currently anticipated; that laws, rules and regulations are fairly and impartially observed and enforced; that the market prices for relevant commodities remain at levels that justify development and/or operation; that Ivanhoe will be able to successfully land access with holders of surface rights; and that war, civil strife, and/or insurrection and/or public health crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic, do not impact Ivanhoe's exploration activities or development plans.

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This presentation also contains references to estimates of Mineral Resources (as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101")). The estimation of Mineral Resources is inherently uncertain and involves subjective judgments about many relevant factors. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation (including estimated future production from Ivanhoe's projects, the anticipated tonnages and grades that will be mined and the level of recovery that will be realized), which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that ultimately may prove to be inaccurate. Mineral Resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on: (i) fluctuations in copper, nicluding dilution; (v) the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimates; and (vi) the possible failure to receive required permits, approvals and licences.

Disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the project development updates at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex in this presentation that are not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, have been reviewed and approved by Steve Amos, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Amos is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is Executive Vice President, Projects for Ivanhoe Mines. Mr. Amos has verified such technical data.

Other disclosures of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation and not included in any of the Technical Reports, including the Western Forelands Exploration Project, have been reviewed and approved by Tim Williams, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. Mr. Williams is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Geosciences. Mr. Williams has verified such other technical data.

Information in this presentation is based upon, and certain information is extracted directly from, NI 43-101 compliant technical reports prepared by Ivanhoe for each of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project, which are available under Ivanhoe's SEDARPlus profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

These technical reports include relevant information regarding the effective date and the assumptions, parameters and methods of the mineral resource estimates on the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project cited in this presentation, as well as information regarding data verification, exploration procedures and other matters relevant to the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this presentation in respect of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project.

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IVANHOE AT A GLANCE

CORPORATE INFORMATION

LISTINGS	TSX: IVN OTCQX: IVPAF		
SHARE PRICE	C\$15.78 / share ⁽¹⁾		
MARKET CAP	US\$14.3 billion ⁽¹⁾		
SHARES, OPTIONS, RSUs, PSUs & DSUs	Common Shares: 1,350.9 million ⁽²⁾ Options, RSUs & DSUs: 18.8 million ⁽²⁾		
NET DEBT POSITION	US\$853 million ⁽²⁾		
MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS ⁽¹⁾	CITIC Metal	22.4%	
	Fidelity (FMR)	13.6%	
	Zijin Mining	12.2%	
	Robert Friedland	12.1%	
	Leading Institutional Investors	Capital Group Blackrock Vanguard GMO Norges Rothschild RWC Partners PRIMECAP	

Source: Bloomberg as at close on February 19, 2025, using a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.69

Net debt stated pro forma total post closing of the \$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 that closed after year end on January 24, 2025. Total group pro-forma, pro-rata debt was \$1,766 million. Consolidated cash and cash equivalents + proforma cash at Kamoa Holding + proceeds of senior notes totals \$898 million



2-tonne bag of copper concentrate ready for export. Kamoa-Kakula's concentrate is one of the highest grade in the world, at approximately 50% contained copper. It is currently shipped to smelters all over the world

A LEADING PRODUCER, DEVELOPER AND EXPLORER IN AFRICA

World's fastest growing major copper mine with the highest grades

OWNERSHIP:

Ivanhoe Mines (39.6%)
Zijin Mining Group (39.6%)
Government of DRC (20%)
Crystal River Global (0.8%)





Copper

World's highest-grade zinc mine

KIPUSHI



Zinc, Copper, Silver, Germanium

OWNERSHIP:

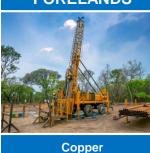
Ivanhoe Mines (62%) Gécamines (38%)

World's best copper hunting ground

OWNERSHIP:

Ivanhoe Mines (60-100%)
Government of DRC (Up to 10%)

WESTERN FORELANDS



PLATREEF

PGMs, Nickel, Copper

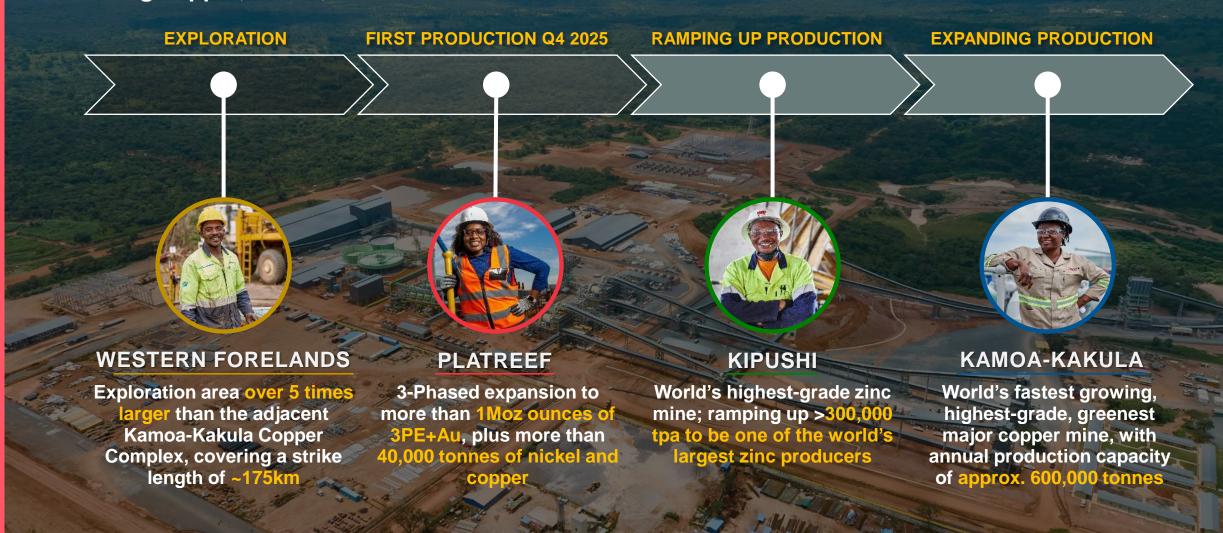
World's largest precious metals development project

OWNERSHIP:

Ivanhoe Mines (64%)
B-BBEE Partners (26%)
Japanese Consortium led
by Itochu (10%)

THE WORLD'S NEWEST DIVERSIFIED MAJOR MINER

Ivanhoe will be a responsible, leading supplier of critical metals for the clean-energy transition, including copper, nickel, zinc and PGMs.







KAMOA-KAKULA COPPER COMPLEX



World's fastest growing, highest grade, lowest-carbon, major copper mine



Democratic Republic of the Congo is the world's 2nd largest copper exporter



Mechanized underground mine; employing safe, modern mining methods



The world's third largest copper mine with production capacity of ~600 ktpa



Strong record on 2024 C1 cash costs of \$1.65/lb. (~60% EBITDA margin)



Margins set to improve with new smelter and Lobito rail corridor export route



100% powered by hydroelectricity; lowest carbon-intensive major copper mine



20% DRC-government owned with 90% full-time Congolese employees

KAMOA-KAKULA: RECORD PRODUCTION FROM PHASE 1, 2 & 3

Kamoa-Kakula produced record 437,147 tonnes of copper in 2024, a 11% increase, despite intermittent grid power

Phase 3 expansion achieved steady state production in early Q4

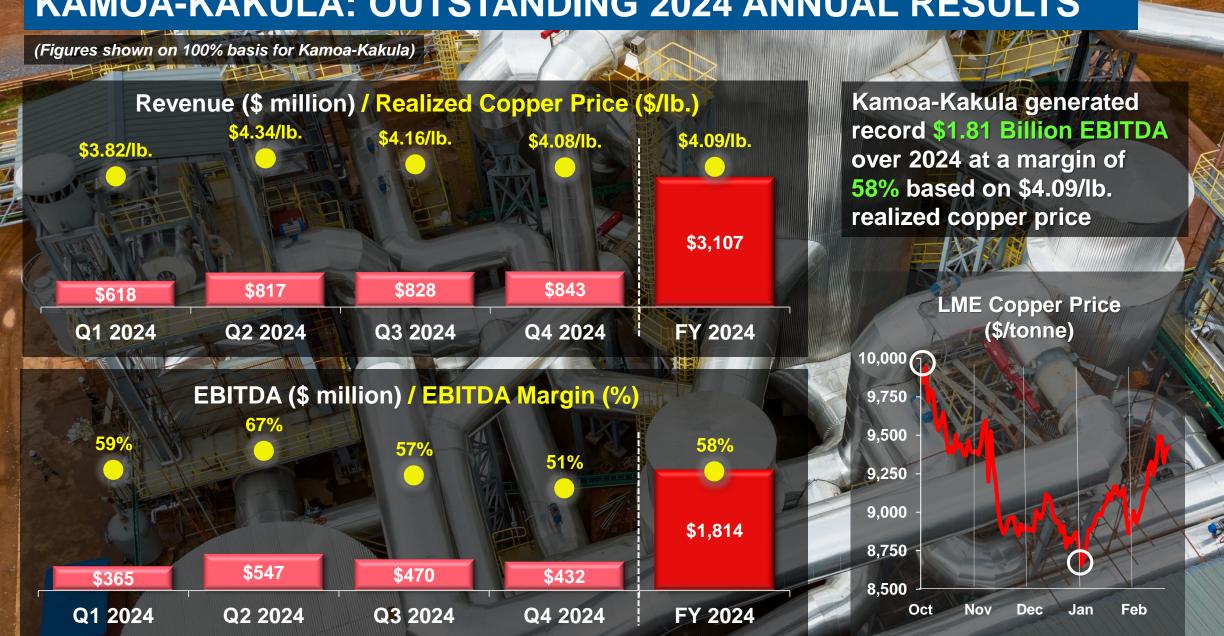
Copper recoveries achieved nameplate rate of ~87% for the year

2025 production guidance: 520,000 – 580,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate

Targeting 600,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate from 2026 onwards, as power improvement and growth projects are completed



KAMOA-KAKULA: OUTSTANDING 2024 ANNUAL RESULTS

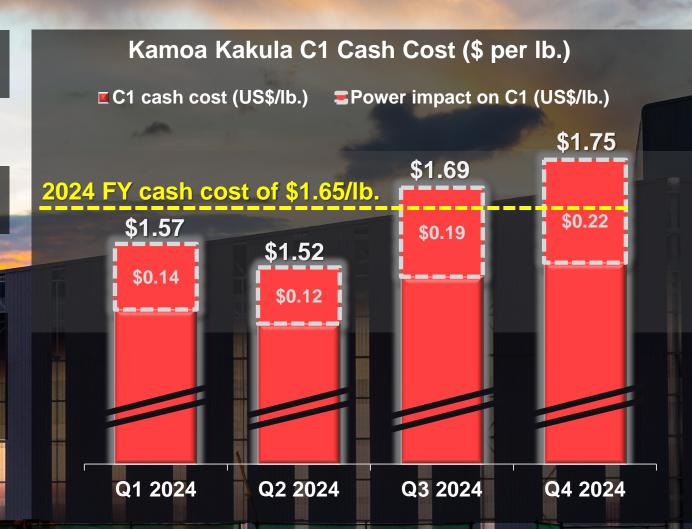


KAMOA-KAKULA: CASH COST GUIDANCE ACHIEVED, AGAIN

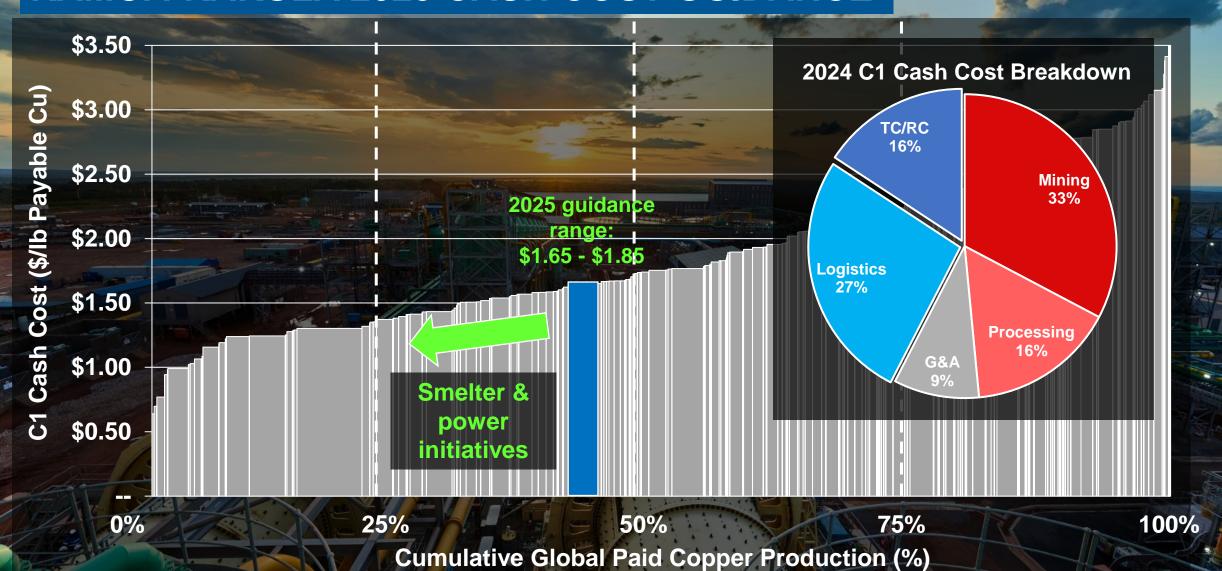
\$1.65/lb. C1 cash cost in FY 2024, within guidance range of \$1.50 – \$1.70/lb.

Annual C1 cash costs within guidance range for fourth consecutive year

Elevated cash cost in H2 2024 reflects ramp up for Phase 3 expansion and additional use of backup generator power



KAMOA-KAKULA 2025 CASH COST GUIDANCE



Note: Represents 2025 C1 pro-rata cash costs that reflect the direct cash costs of producing paid copper incorporating mining, processing, mine-site G&A and offsite realization costs, having made appropriate allowance for the costs associated with the co-product revenue streams.

Source: Wood Mackenzie (based on public disclosure, Kamoa-Kakula guidance has not been reviewed by Wood Mackenzi

KAMOA-KAKULA: UNRIVALLED CASHFLOW GENERATION



(1) Total capital expenditure to December 31, 2024

(2) Before changes in working capital.

KAMOA-KAKULA: SMELTER CONSTRUCTION NOW COMPLETE



POWER STABILITY INITIATIVES IN PROGRESS



Increasing Renewable Generation

- Inga II hydropower turbine #5 wet commissioning to delayed to H2 2025 (+178 MW)
- 60 MW on-site solar in progress



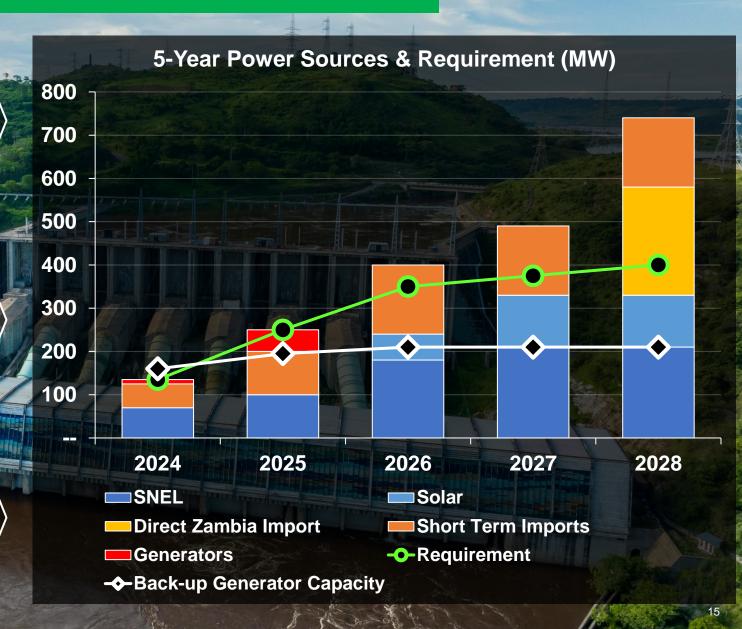
Improving DRC Grid Stability

 \$450M investment in longterm DRC grid improvement projects in conjunction with SNEL – targeting completion by year-end



Securing
Backup
Alternatives

- Importing power from Zambia, Angola and Mozambique
- Up to 160 MW of backup generator capacity available



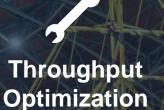
FURTHER GROWTH PLANS AT KAMOA-KAKULA





Maximizing Recoveries

- ✓ Project 95 in execution: ~30ktpa Cu production due Q1 2026
- Optimize Phase 3 recovery to 92%

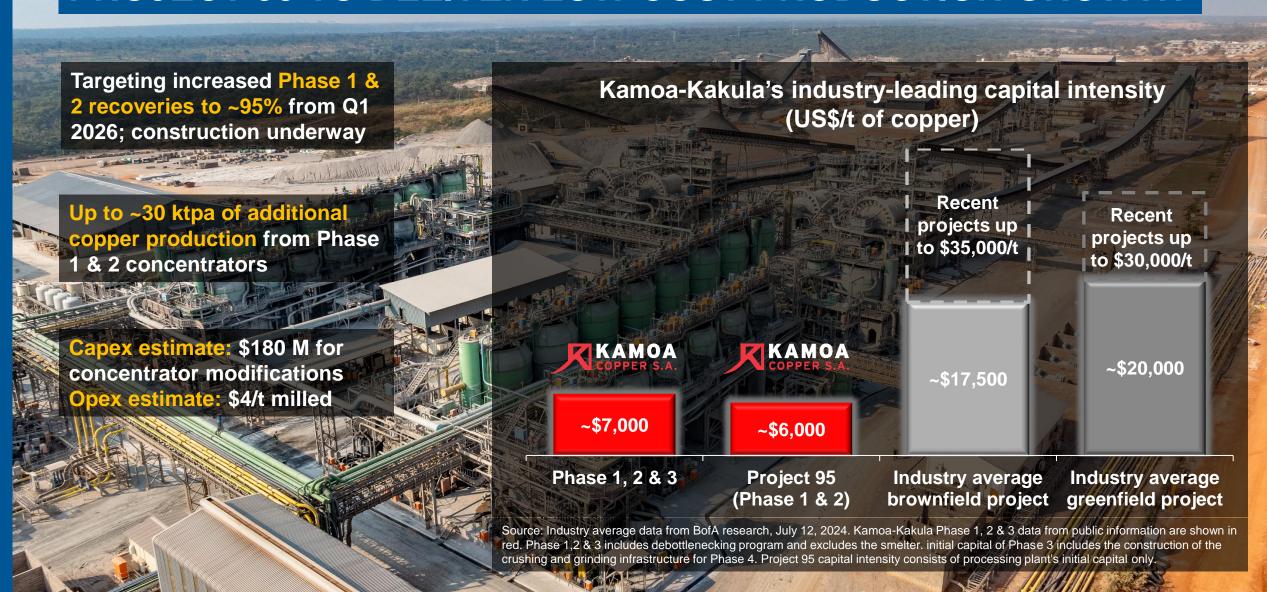


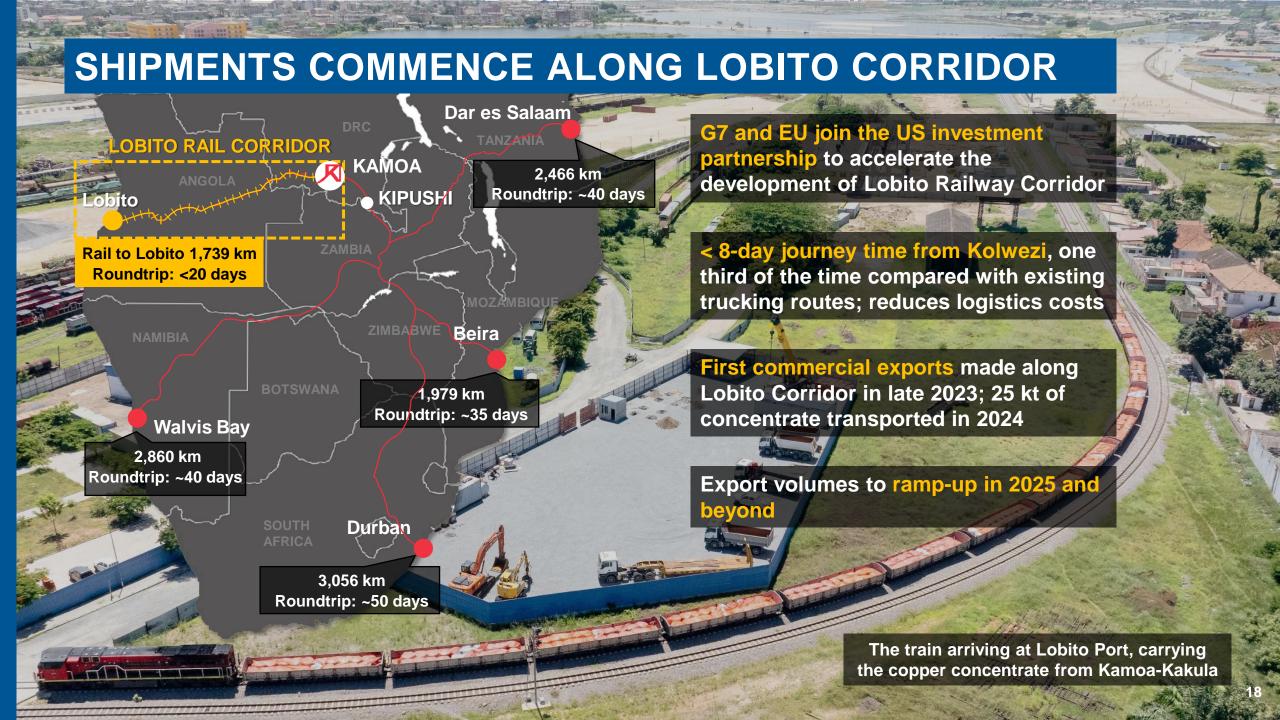
Increase Phase 3 nominal throughput by over 20% (6.5 Mtpa) due H2 2026

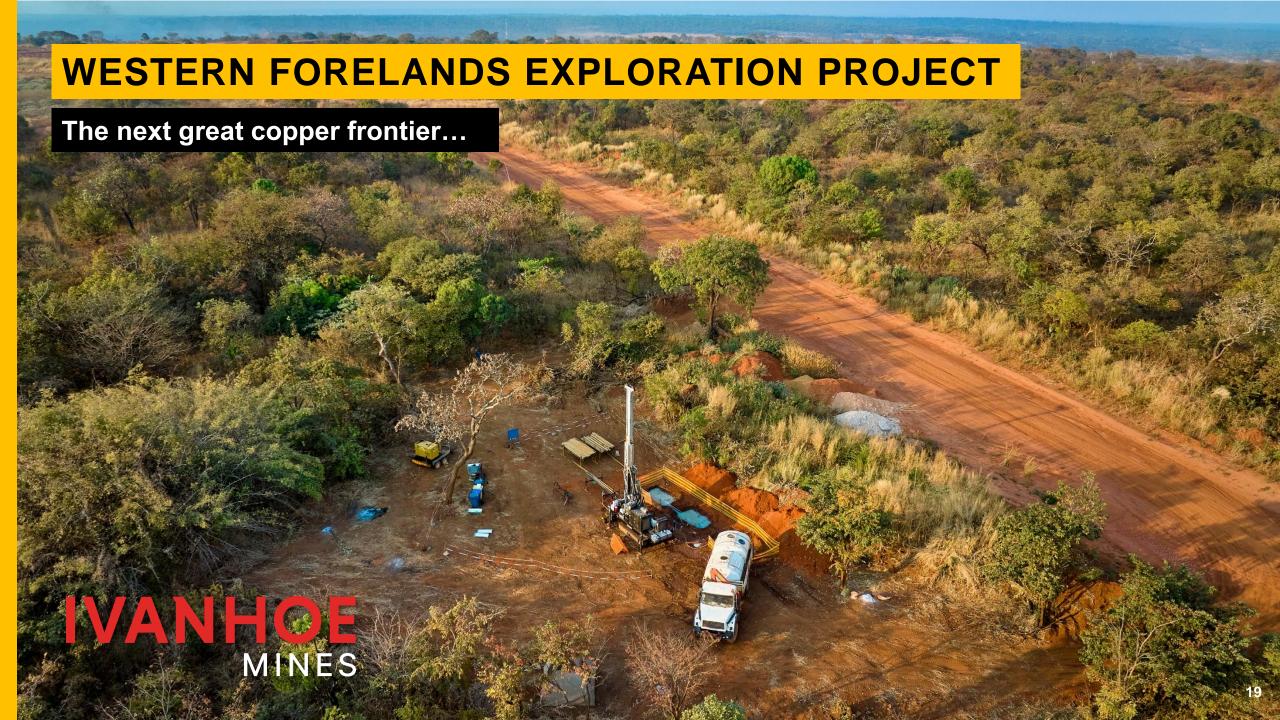


- Doubling up Phase 3 concentrator targeting throughput over 20 Mtpa
- **风** Tailings recovery

PROJECT 95 TO DELIVER LOW-COST PRODUCTION GROWTH







WESTERN FORELANDS OVERVIEW

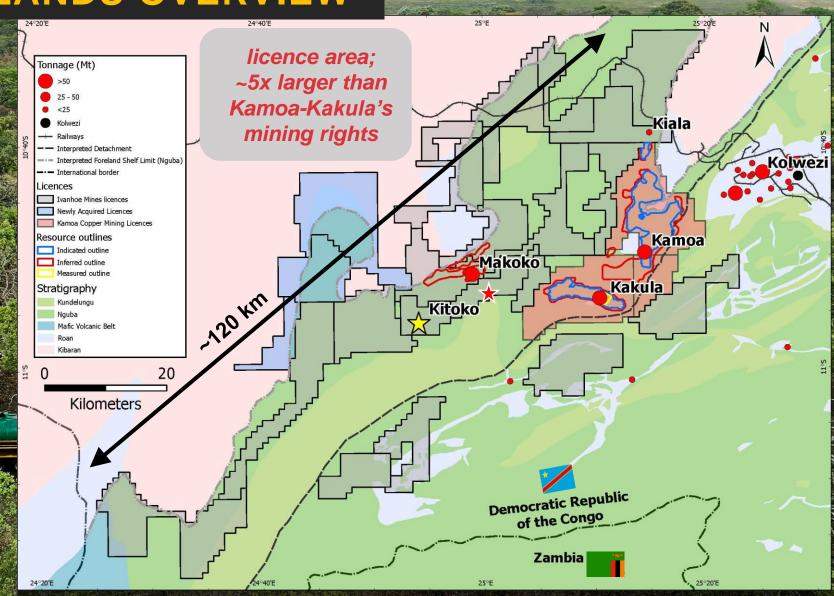
Same underlying geology as Kamoa-Kakula

Western Forelands'
licences are 60 - 100%
owned by Ivanhoe Mines

Over 48 million tonnes of copper discovered by Ivanhoe geologists since 2008 – over 2x global annual mine production

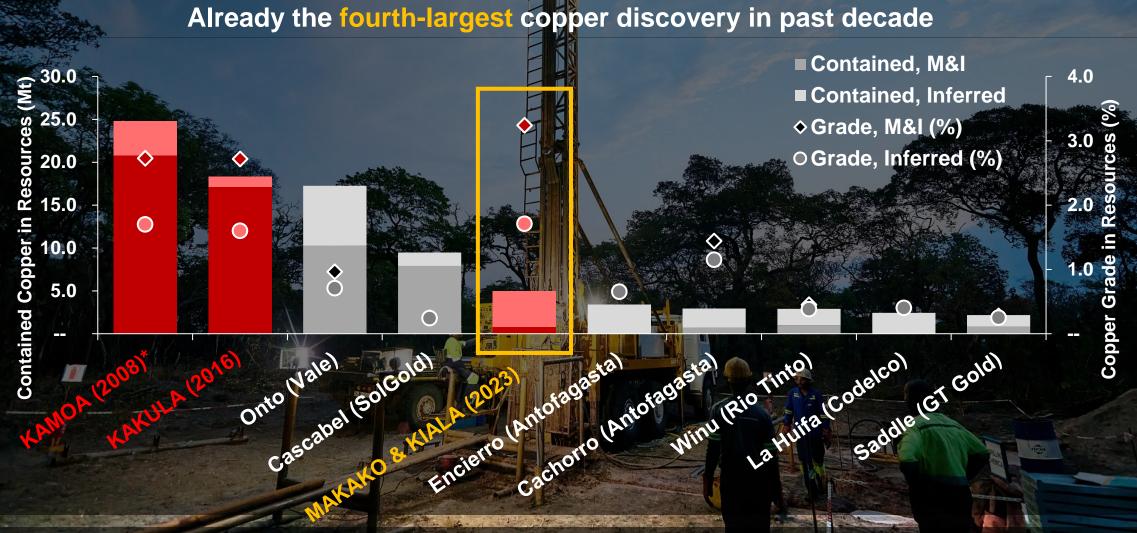
3 new discoveries

already: Makoko, Kiala and Kitoko



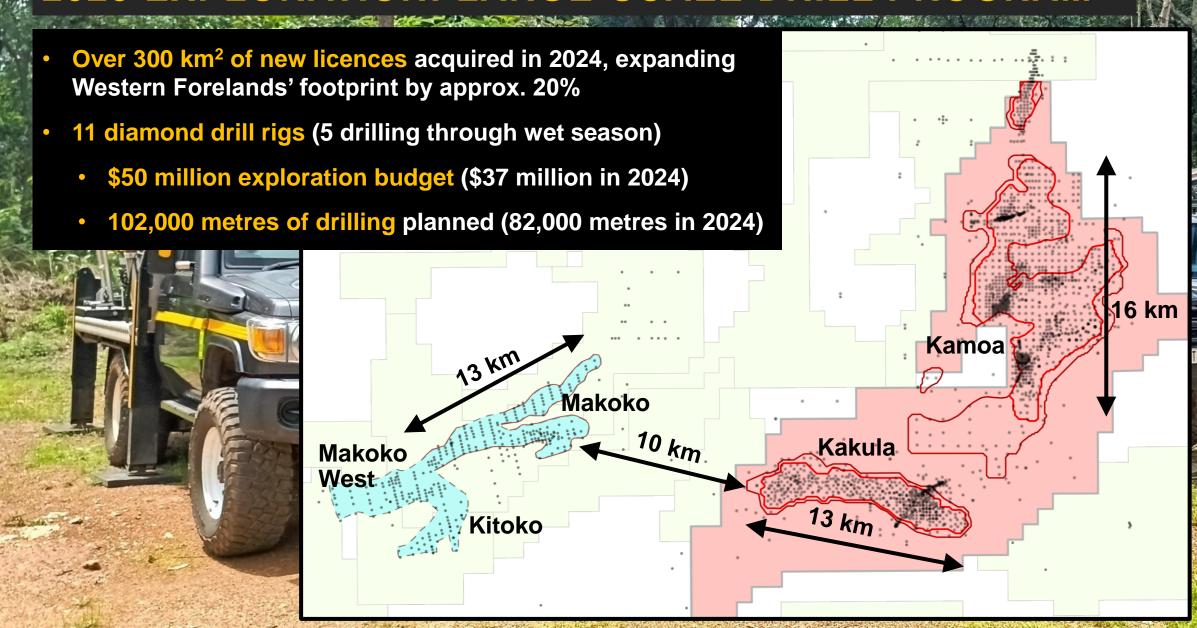
Ivanhoe Mines' Western Foreland exploration licences adjacent to the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex and historical Kolwezi mining cluster

MAKOKO & KIALA: EXCEPTIONAL GRADE



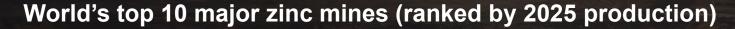
*The Kamoa discovery, within the larger Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, was made in 2008. It has been inserted for reference. Sources: Company filings, S&P Global Market Intelligence. Based on public disclosure as of August 1, 2023. The Makoko and Kiala mineral resources (1.0% cut-off grade) have not been reviewed by S&P Global.. The mineral resource at La Huifa (Codelco) is stated in public disclosures as a geological resource, which is assumed to be an Inferred resource in this chart. Notes: Chart ranks the largest copper discoveries made globally in the last ten years (from January 1, 2013) based on contained copper in resources. Measured and indicated resources are inclusive of reserves and are on a 100% basis.

2025 EXPLORATION: LARGE-SCALE DRILL PROGRAM





KIPUSHI: HISTORIC, ULTRA-HIGH-GRADE ZINC DEPOSIT





Measured & Indicated Resource of 11.8 Mt at 35.3% zinc, plus copper, lead, silver and germanium

Brownfield, ultra-high-grade zinc mine with significant, rehabilitated underground infrastructure

Powered by clean, renewable hydrogenerated electricity - set to be among one of the world's lowest Scope 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emitters per tonne of zinc metal produced

World's top 10 zinc mines estimated for 2025, by paid zinc production per annum ('000 tonnes) with head grade (% zinc). Source: Wood Mackenzie, 2024, Ivanhoe Mines. Production and grade assumptions for Kipushi are the first five-year average as stated in the 2022 Feasibility Study

KIPUSHI: RESTARTED AFTER 32 YEARS

Kipushi concentrator first production in mid 2024; ramp up continues into 2025

2024 production of 50,037 tonnes of zinc in concentrate at \$1.13/lb. C1 cash costs; impacted by ongoing ramp-up to steady state

Quarterly zinc production was 32,323 tonnes, at an average feed grade of 29% zinc and recovery rate of 85%

Monthly production record achieved in December with 14,900 tonnes of zinc

KIPUSHI: GROWTH INITIATIVES UNDERWAY



From 2026 targeting zinc annualized production rate of 250,000 tonnes of zinc and beyond

Engineering underway for new pyrite recovery circuit to sell to domestic smelters



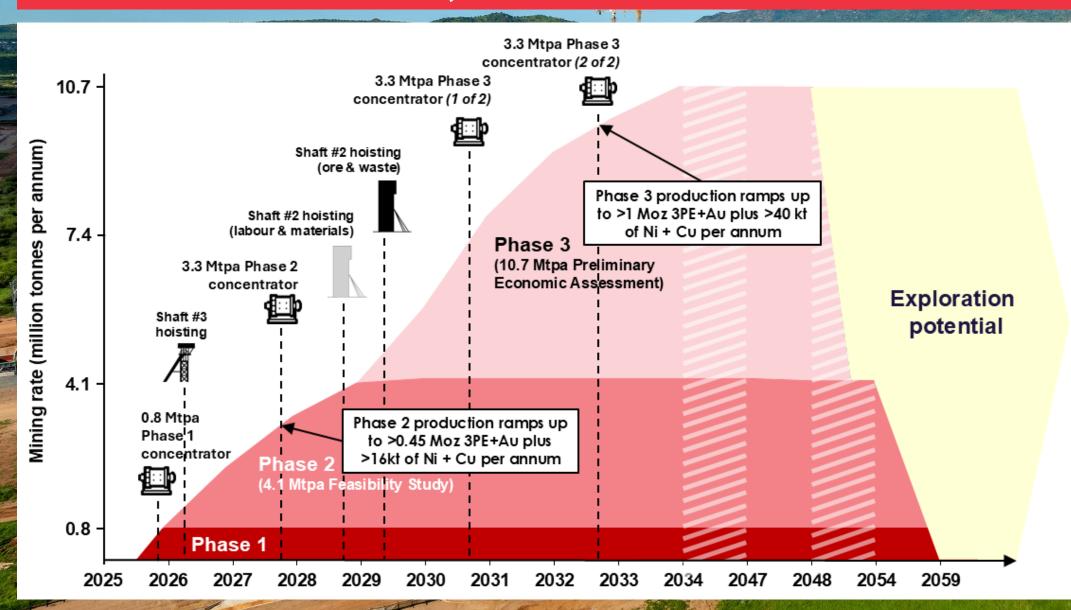
PLATREEF: WORLD'S LARGEST UNDEVELOPED PRECIOUS METALS PROJECT Multi-generational resource with significant exploration upside World's best PGM project: highest margin and lowest cash costs Industry disruptor – safe, mechanized and highly productive mining Phased expansion targeting to be one of the world's largest PGM mines **PGM** Diversified commodity basket of precious metals, nickel and copper Ni Cu Best-in-class ESG credentials with industry-leading B-BBEE structure

PLATREEF: WHAT MAKES THE FLATREEF UNIQUE?

	Khomanani Mine, Rustenburg	29 meters Shaft 1 headframe, Platreef	
Deposit	Merensky Reef / UG2	Flatreef ⁽¹⁾	
Bushveld Location	Western / Eastern Limb	Northern Limb	
Mining Method	Underground: narrow-reef, manual, labour intensive	Underground: efficient mechanised, long hole stoping / drift and fill	
Total employees	>10,000 (largest 40,000)	~ 2,500 (Phase 2)	
Typical ore grades	4 - 7 g/t 4PE ⁽²⁾	~4 g/t 4PE ⁽²⁾ + 0.3% Ni + 0.2% Cu	
True thickness	~0.4m – 1.5m (see image)	18m – 26m	
Age of operations	~50 years (discovered in 1924)	Greenfield (discovered in 2000s)	

Indicated mineral Resource, cumulative T1m plus T2 zones, 2g/t 4PE cut off
 4PE: platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold equivalent
 Photo source: www.worldfinance.com

PLATREEF: OPTIMIZED, PHASED PLAN FOR PHASE 2 & 3



PLATREEF: KEY STUDY HIGHLIGHTS

Shown on 100%-basis in US\$	4.1 Mtpa 2025 FS	10.7 Mtpa 2025 PEA ⁽¹⁾	
Mine Life	35	29	
Nameplate Throughput	4.1 Mtpa	10.7 Mtpa	
Annual Pt + Pd + Rh + Au (2)	465 koz	1,025 koz	
Annual Ni + Cu (2)	9 kt + 5 kt	22 kt + 13 kt	
Total Cash Costs (LOM) (3)	\$599/oz 3PE+Au	\$511/oz 3PE+Au	
All-in Cash Costs (LOM) (3)	\$704/oz 3PE+Au	\$641/oz 3PE+Au	
Initial Capital (4)	\$1.2 Bn	\$1.2 Bn	
Expansion Capital		\$0.8 Bn	
Operating Margin (5)	40%	45%	
After-tax NPV _{8%} ⁽⁵⁾	\$1.4 Bn	\$3.1 Bn	
IRR (Real %) (5)	20%	25%	

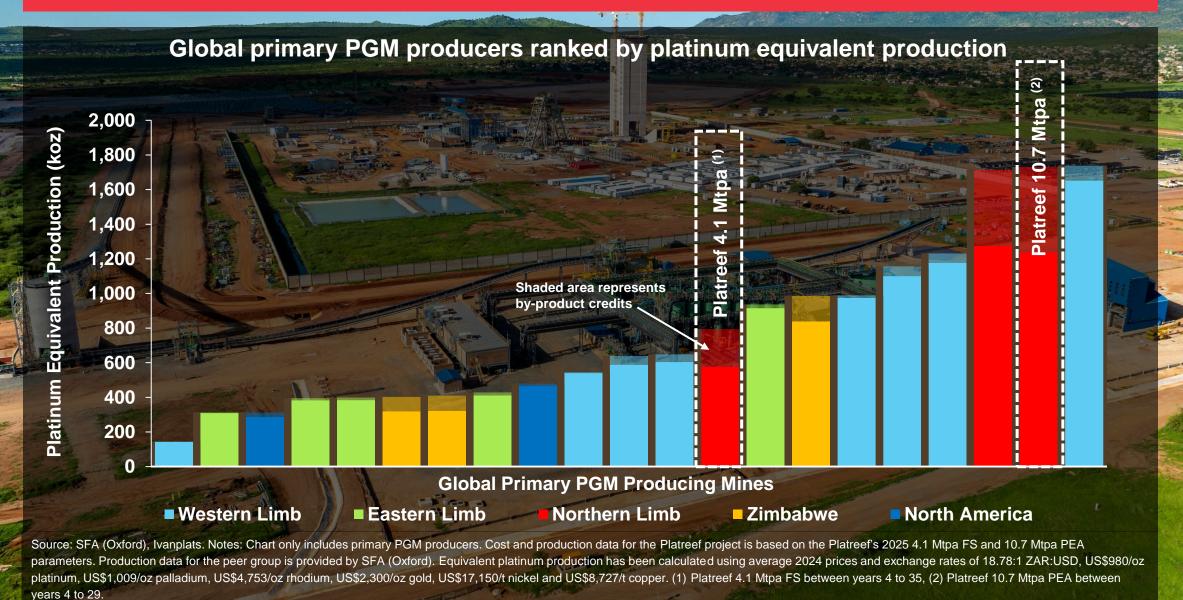
⁽¹⁾ The PEA is preliminary in nature and includes an economic analysis that is based, in part, on Inferred Mineral Resources. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered too speculative geologically for the application of economic considerations that would allow them to be categorised as Mineral Reserves—and there is no certainty that the results will be realised. Mineral Resources do not have demonstrated economic viability and are not Mineral Reserves. (2) Production based on the average from year 4 until end of mine life (after Phase 1 production period).

Cash costs shown net of by-products and including the impact of gold, platinum and palladium streaming agreements. All-in cash costs include sustaining capital costs.

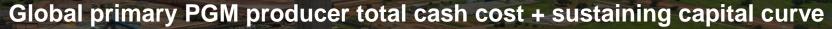
Initial Capital includes a remaining \$70 million for the completion of Phase 1.

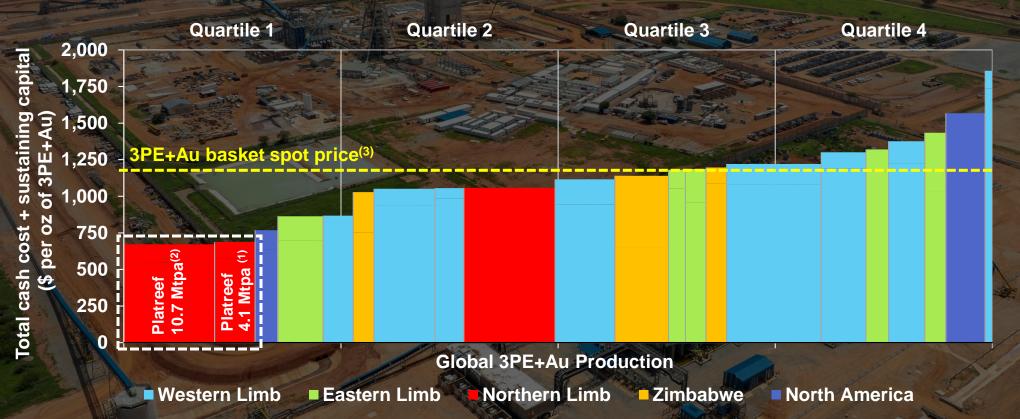
Long-term metal price assumptions for economic analysis are as follows: \$1,200/oz. platinum, \$1,130/oz. palladium, \$2,170/oz. gold, \$5,000/oz. rhodium, \$8.50/lb nickel and \$4.25/lb copper.

PLATREEF: TO BE ONE OF THE LARGEST PGM PRODUCERS



PLATREEF: LOWEST COST = PROFIT THROUGH THE CYCLE





Source: SFA (Oxford), Ivanplats.

Notes: 3PE + Au = sum of the production of platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold. Cost and production data for the Platreef project is based on the Platreef's 2025 4.1 Mtpa FS and 10.7 Mtpa PEA parameters, applying SFA South African industry average smelting and refining costs. SFA's estimated peer group cost and production data for 2024 is based on H1 2024 figures, extrapolated out to produce an estimate for the full calendar year and follows a methodology to provide a level playing field for smelting and refining costs on a pro-rata basis from the producer processing entity. Net total cash costs have been calculated using 2024 average basket prices and exchange rates of 18.78:1 ZAR:USD, US\$980/oz platinum, US\$1,009/oz palladium, US\$4,753/oz rhodium, US\$2,300/oz gold, US\$17,150/t nickel and US\$8,727/t copper. (1) Platreef 4.1 Mtpa between years 4 to 35. (2) Platreef 10.7 Mtpa between years 4 to 29. (3) 3PE+Au basket spot price of \$1,205 per oz. as at February 17, 2025

IVANHOEMINES



Three long-life, world-class mines with low costs, low capital intensity and leading ESG programs

Objective to become bestin-class in ESG



Robust, experienced management team with an established track record of exploration & execution success

Poised to grow Ivanhoe into the next world-class mining company



Committed support from key partners CITIC and Zijin

Strong in-country support & relationships: DRC has 20% stake in Kamoa-Kakula and B-BBEE partners have 26% stake in Platreef



Strong balance sheet with proforma pro-rata net debt of \$853 million as of January 24, 2025 (post-close of \$750 million senior note offering)



2025 production guidance of 520kt – 580kt of copper in concentrate and 180kt – 240kt of zinc in concentrate

Exploration knowledge and massive land package for future copper discoveries in DRC

2024 PROJECTS COMPLETED WITHIN CAPEX GUIDANCE

(Figures shown on 100% basis, \$ millions)

Capital Expenditure	2024 Actual	2025 Guidance	2026 Guidance
Kamoa-Kakula			
Phase 3 & other expansion capital	\$1,622	\$1,050 – \$1,300	\$300 – \$550
Sustaining capital	\$314	\$370	\$380
Total	\$1,936	\$1,420 - \$1,670	\$680 - \$930
Platreef		4 TOTAL	
Phase 1 initial capital	\$129	\$70	TAKRA
Phase 2	\$138	\$180 – \$210	\$350 – \$380
Total	\$267	\$250 – \$280	\$350 – \$380
Kipushi			
Initial & sustaining capital	\$185	\$30	- 1
Sustaining capital	\$7	\$40	\$35
Total	\$192	\$70	\$35

2024 actual spend within guidance at each project

Kamoa-Kakula remaining
Phase 3 capex self-financed by
operating cash flows and local
facilities

\$70 million drawn on Platreef senior debt facility of up to \$150 million; looking expand facility following Phase 2 updated feasibility study

网络

\$196 million drawn on Kipushi revolving credit and offtake facilties

All capital expenditure figures are presented on a 100%-project basis. Ivanhoe Mines' capex guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates. Guidance also involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially. For more information refer to Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2024.

INAUGURAL \$750 MILLION NOTES SUPPORT GROWTH

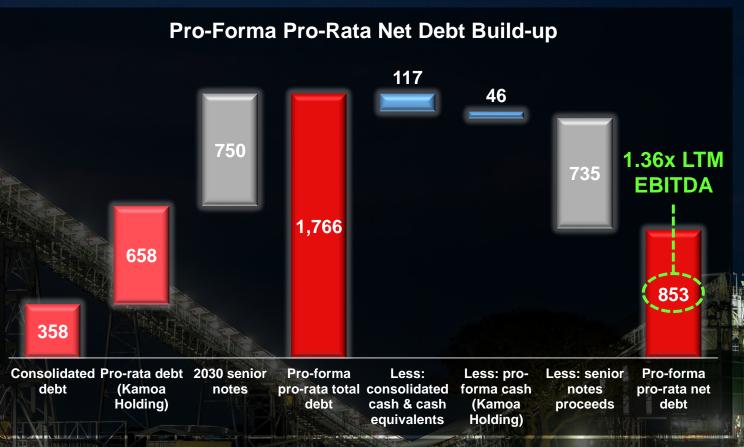
Figures as at December 31, 2024; all values in \$ million

\$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 offering closed on January 23, 2025

Target leverage ratio: 1.0x Pro-Rata
Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA
through the cycle

Use of proceeds: growth initiatives and general corporate purposes





The pro rata financial data have be<mark>en calcu</mark>lated by aggregating the contributions of the Company with the contributions from the Kamoa-Kakula joint venture, pro rata to the Company's effective shareholding in the Kamoa-Kakula JV.

Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure. Pro-rata net debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is pro-rata net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA for the twelve months ended at the reporting period, expressed as the number of times adjusted EBITDA needs to be earned to repay the pro-rata net debt.

The proforma financial information shows certain consolidated financial information as adjusted to give proforma effect to the \$750 million 7.875% debut senior unsecured notes due 2030 offering closed on January 23, 2025.