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In making such statements, Ivanhoe has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the accuracy of the estimation of mineral resources; that exploration activities and studies will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that studies of estimated mine life and production rates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that Ivanhoe will be able to obtain additional financing on satisfactory terms; that infrastructure anticipated to be developed or operated by third parties, including electrical generation and transmission capacity, will be developed and/or operated as currently anticipated; that laws, rules and regulations are fairly and impartially observed and enforced; that the market prices for relevant commodities remain at levels that justify development and/or operation; that Ivanhoe will be able to successfully land access with holders of surface rights; and that war, civil strife, and/or insurrection and/or public health crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic, do not impact Ivanhoe's exploration activities or development plans.

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This presentation also contains references to estimates of Mineral Resources (as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101")). The estimation of Mineral Resources is inherently uncertain and involves subjective judgments about many relevant factors. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation (including estimated future production from Ivanhoe's projects, the anticipated tonnages and grades that will be mined and the level of recovery that will be realized), which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that ultimately may prove to be inaccurate. Mineral Resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on: (i) fluctuations in copper, nicluding dilution; (v) the evaluation of mine plans subsequent to the date of any estimates; and (vi) the possible failure to receive required permits, approvals and licences.

Disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the project development updates at the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex in this presentation that are not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, have been reviewed and approved by Steve Amos, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Amos is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is Executive Vice President, Projects for Ivanhoe Mines. Mr. Amos has verified such technical data.

Other disclosures of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation and not included in any of the Technical Reports, including the Western Forelands Exploration Project, have been reviewed and approved by Tim Williams, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. Mr. Williams is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Geosciences. Mr. Williams has verified such other technical data.

Information in this presentation is based upon, and certain information is extracted directly from, NI 43-101 compliant technical reports prepared by Ivanhoe for each of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project, which are available under Ivanhoe's SEDARPlus profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

These technical reports include relevant information regarding the effective date and the assumptions, parameters and methods of the mineral resource estimates on the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project cited in this presentation, as well as information regarding data verification, exploration procedures and other matters relevant to the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this presentation in respect of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project.

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# **IVANHOE AT A GLANCE**

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

TSX: IVN **LISTINGS** OTCQX: IVPAF SHARE PRICE C\$17.78 / share<sup>(1)</sup> MARKET CAP US\$17.62 billion(1) SHARES, OPTIONS, Common Shares: 1,350.9 million<sup>(2)</sup> RSUs, PSUs & DSUs Options, RSUs & DSUs: 18.8 million<sup>(2)</sup> **CASH POSITION** US\$246 million(2) US\$161 million(2)(3) **DEBT OUTSTANDING CITIC Metal** 24.8% Zijin Mining 13.0% Robert Friedland 12.8% Fidelity (FMR) **MAJOR** Capital Group SHAREHOLDERS(1) Blackrock Leading **GMO** Institutional Vanguard

Notes: (1) As August 20, 2024, using a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.72; (2) As of July 30, 2024; and ,(3) Total debt outstanding consists of long- and short-term borrowings of \$150 million and lease liabilities of \$11 million. Outstanding debt excludes \$60 million of remaining derivative liability and host liability associated with the \$575 million convertible notes that were fully redeemed post quarter end on July 11, 2024

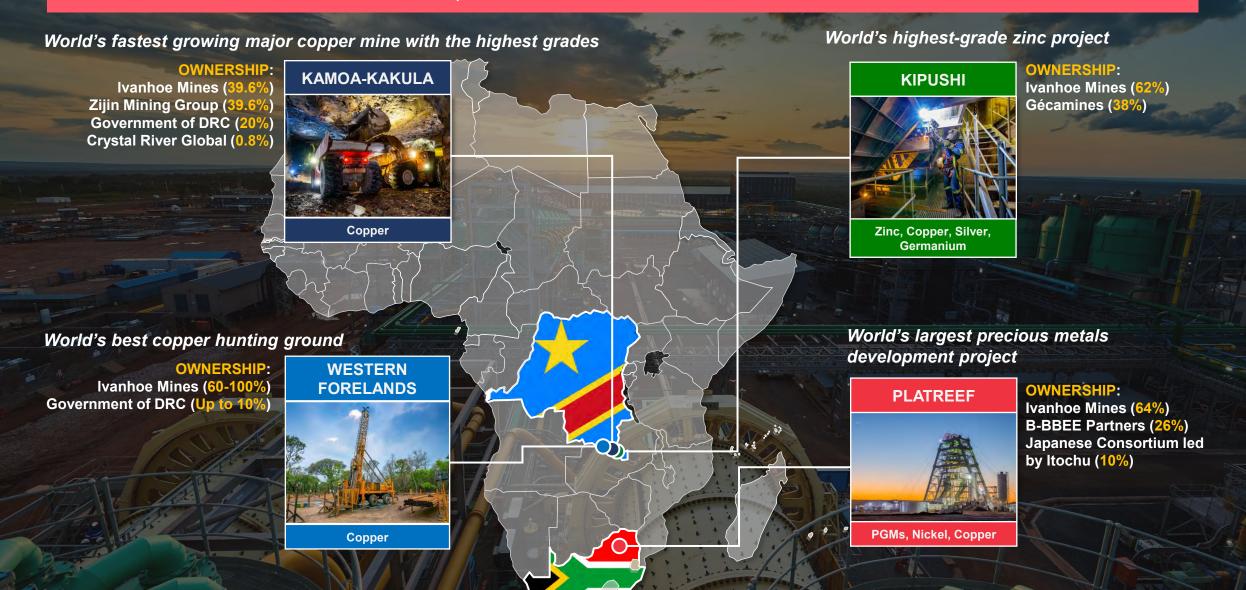
Investors

Rothschild RWC Partners PRIMECAP Invesco



2-tonne bag of copper concentrate ready for export. Kamoa-Kakula's concentrate is one of the highest grade in the world, at approximately 50% contained copper. It is currently shipped to smelters all over the world

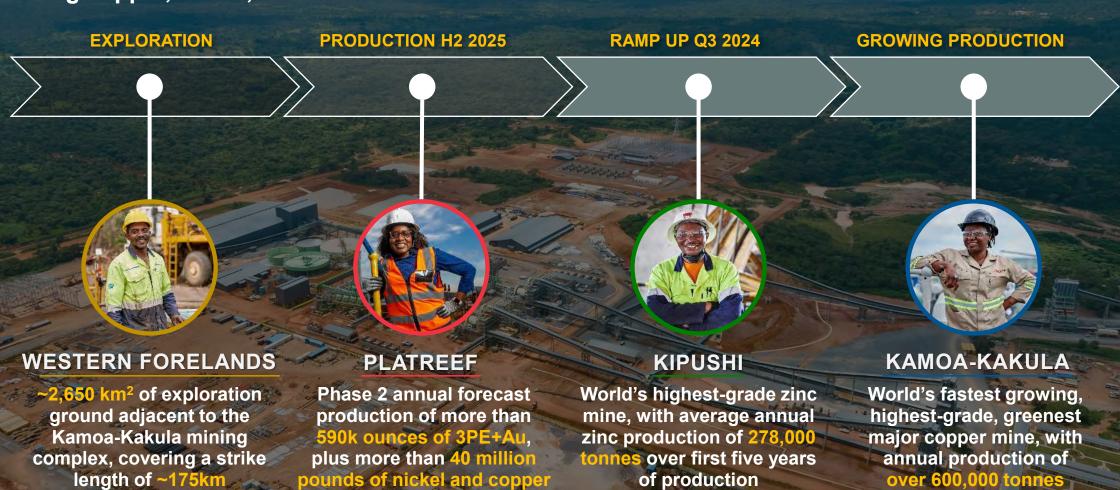
# A LEADING PRODUCER, DEVELOPER AND EXPLORER IN AFRICA

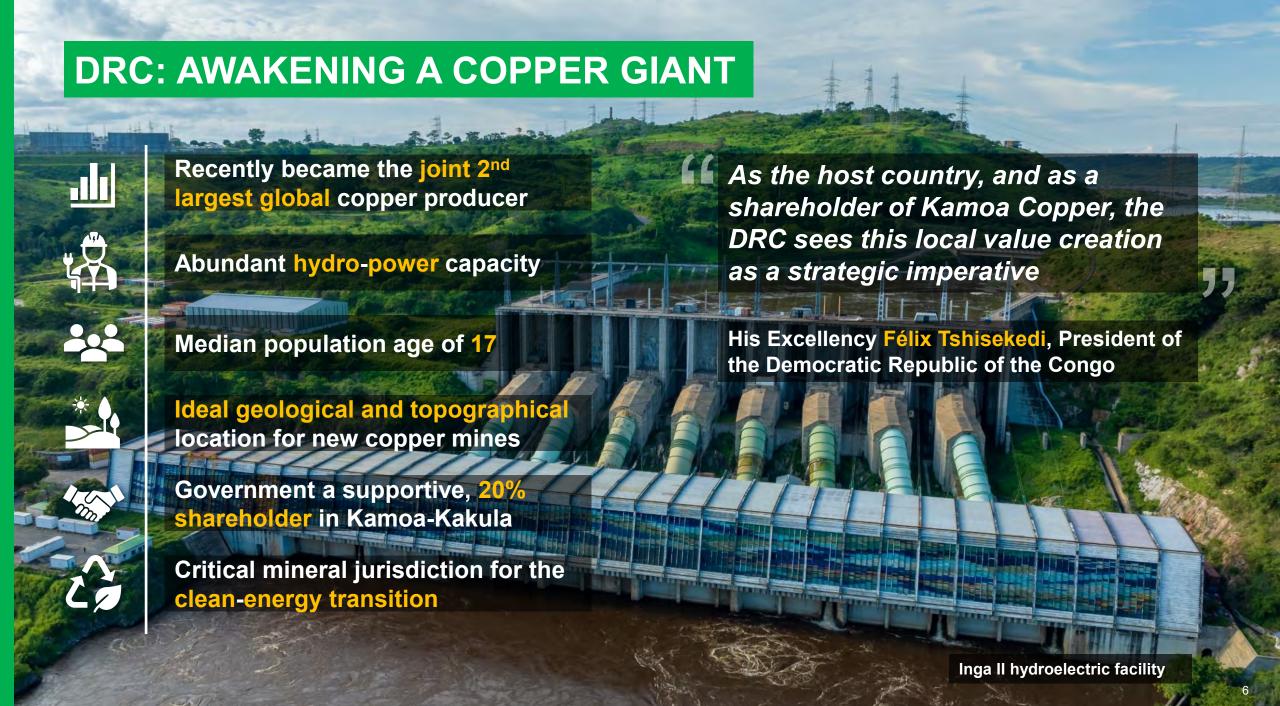


#### THE WORLD'S NEWEST DIVERSIFIED MAJOR MINER

length of ~175km

Ivanhoe will be a responsible, leading supplier of critical metals for the clean-energy transition, including copper, nickel, zinc and PGMs.







# **IVANHOE MINES' KAMOA-KAKULA COPPER COMPLEX**



The world's fastest growing, highest grade, lowest-carbon, major copper mine



Democratic Republic of the Congo is tied as world's 2<sup>nd</sup> largest copper producer



Mechanized underground mine; employing safe, modern mining methods

LA YMESTICAL TOP



The world's third largest copper mine



**Lowest quartile cash costs (60 - 70% EBITDA margin)** 



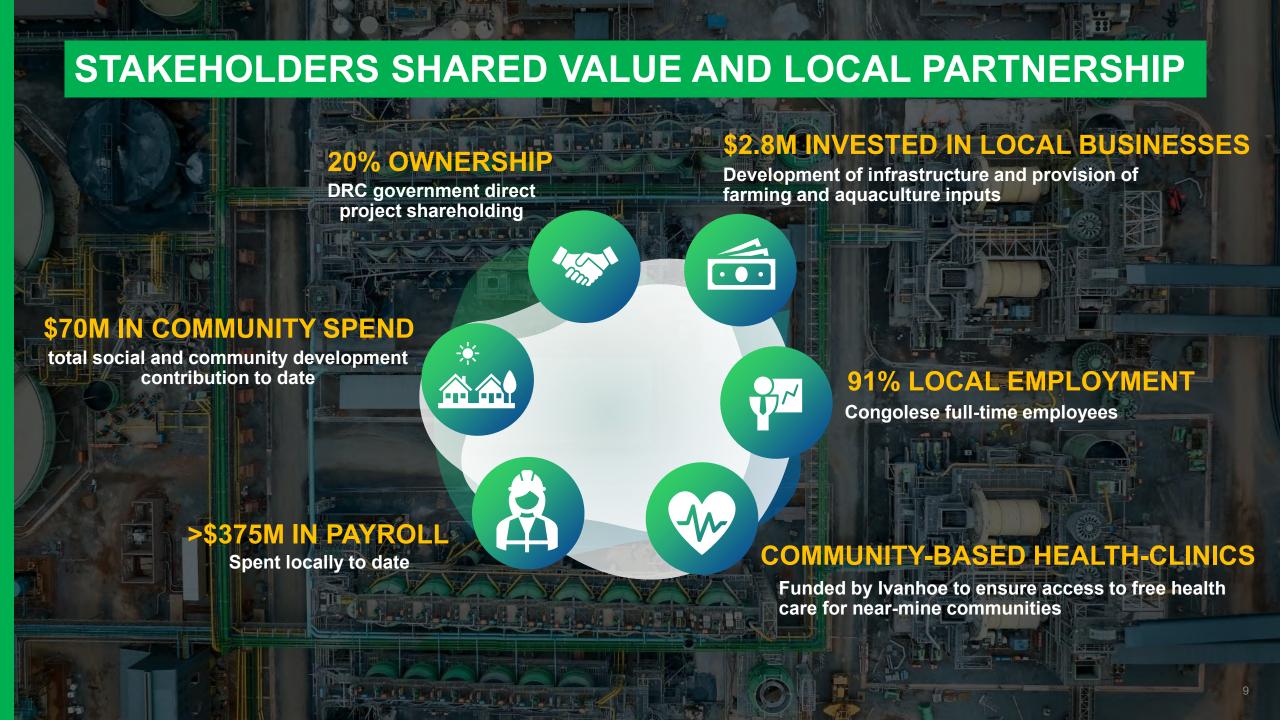
Margins set to improve with new smelter and Lobito rail corridor export route



100% powered by hydroelectricity; lowest carbon-intensive major copper mine



91% of full-time employees Congolese



# KAMOA-KAKULA: QUARTERLY PRODUCTION

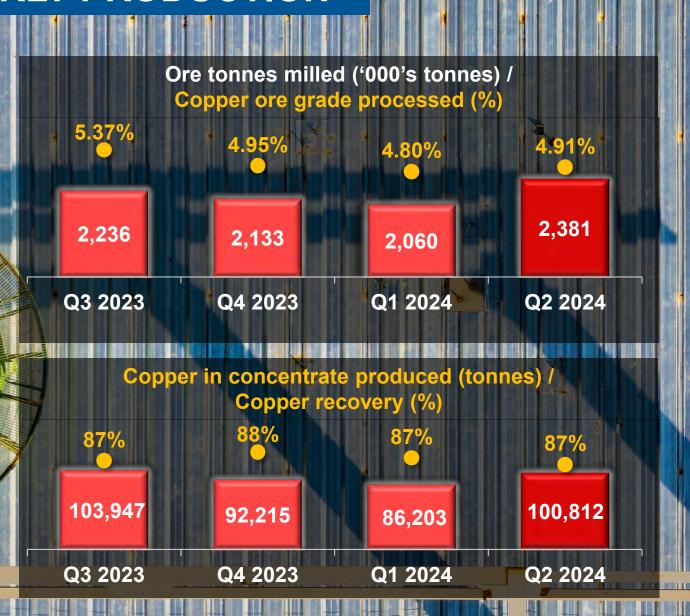
(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kamoa-Kakula)

100,812 tonnes of copper in concentrate produced in Q2 2024; tonnes and grade increased following improved stability of power grid

Phase 3 ramp-up to steady state expected in August to boost H2 2024 copper production

2024 guidance maintained at 440,000 – 490,000 tonnes of copper in concentrate

Daily production record of over 1,600 tonnes of copper after quarter end

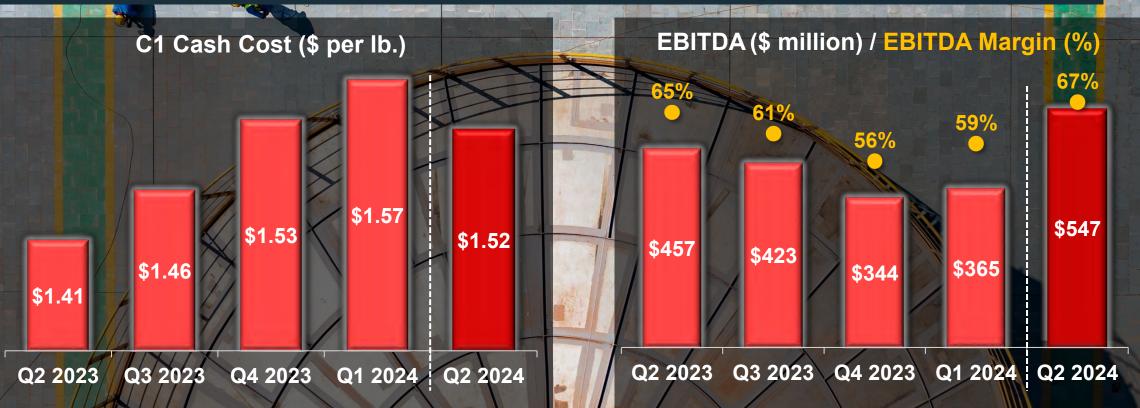


# KAMOA-KAKULA: QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kamoa-Kakula)

Decrease in C1 cash cost during Q2 2024 driven by lower logistics costs and increased production volumes; C1 cash cost within the lower range of FY2024 guidance (\$1.50 - \$1.70/lb.)

Record EBITDA for Q2 of \$547 million with improved EBITDA margin of 67%

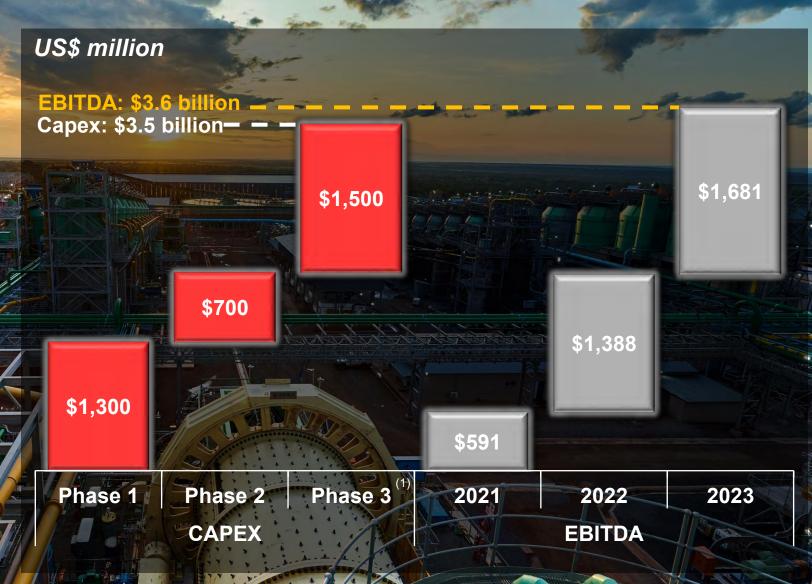


EBITDA and C1 cash cost are non-GAAP financial performance measures. For a detailed description and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable measure under IFRS, please refer to the Non-GAAP financial Performance Measures section of Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A

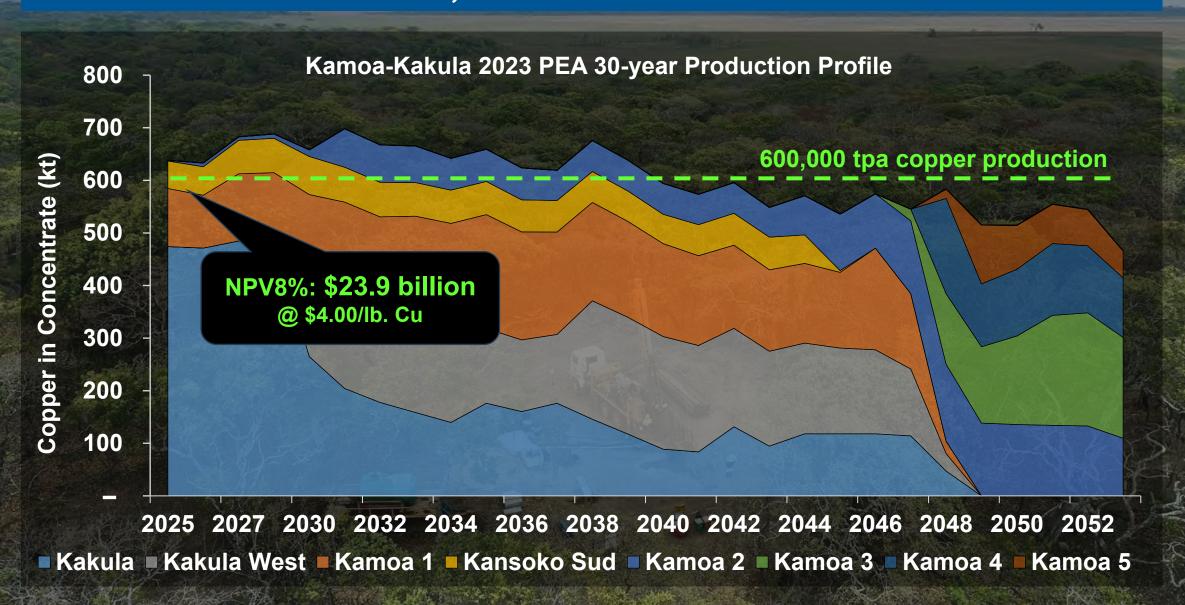
# **HIGH GRADE COPPER = UNRIVALED CAPITAL RETURNS**

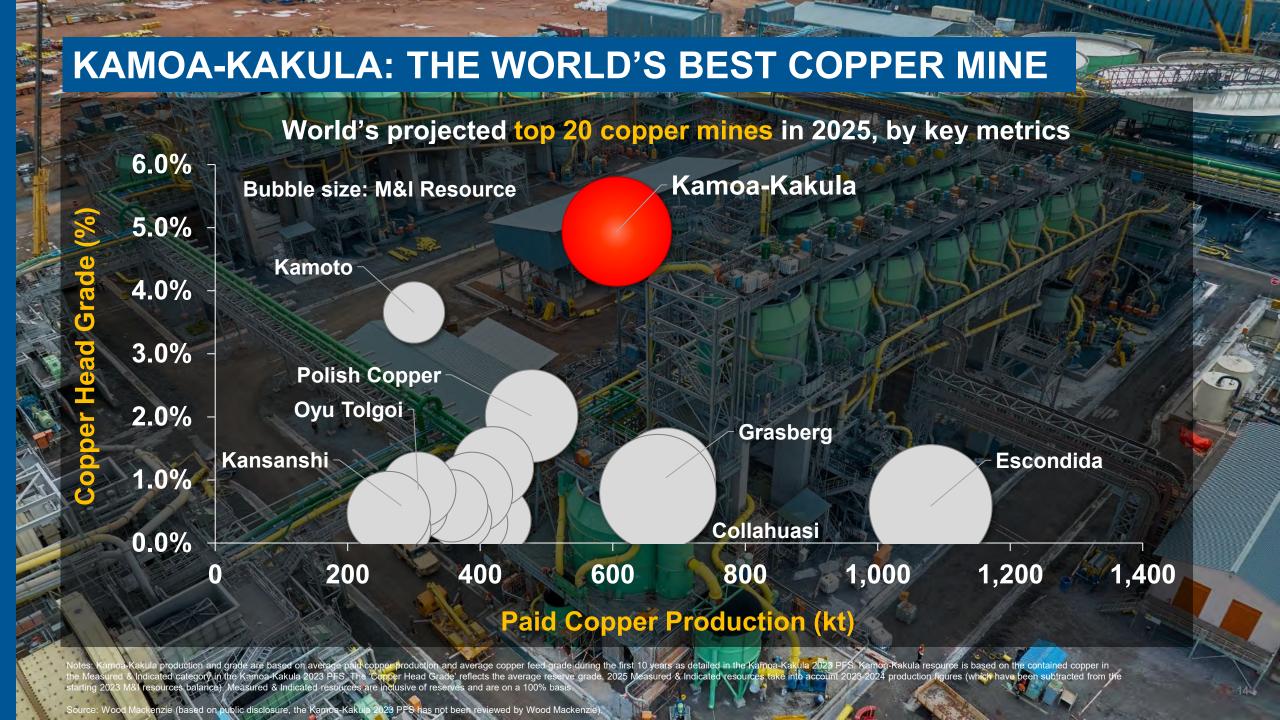
US\$3.6 billion of EBITDA generated in 2.5 years; higher than combined Phase 1, 2 and 3 Capex of US\$3.5 billion

Remaining capex for Phase 3 expansion, plus subsequent expansions to be funded from cashflows generated by operations and in-country facilities

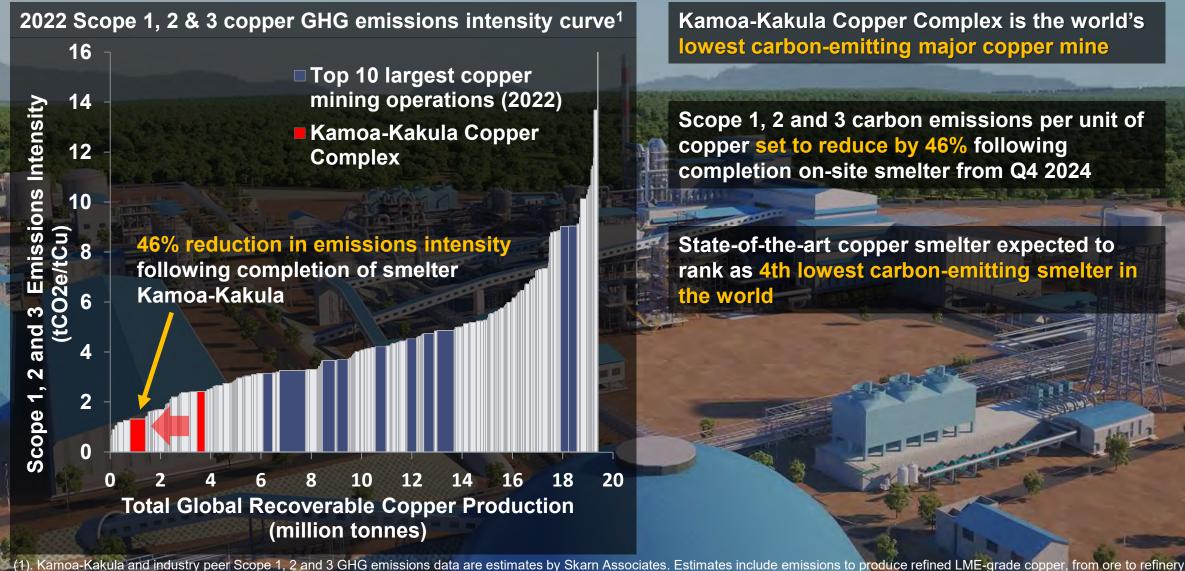


# **MULTI-GENERATIONAL, WORLD-CLASS COPPER COMPLEX**



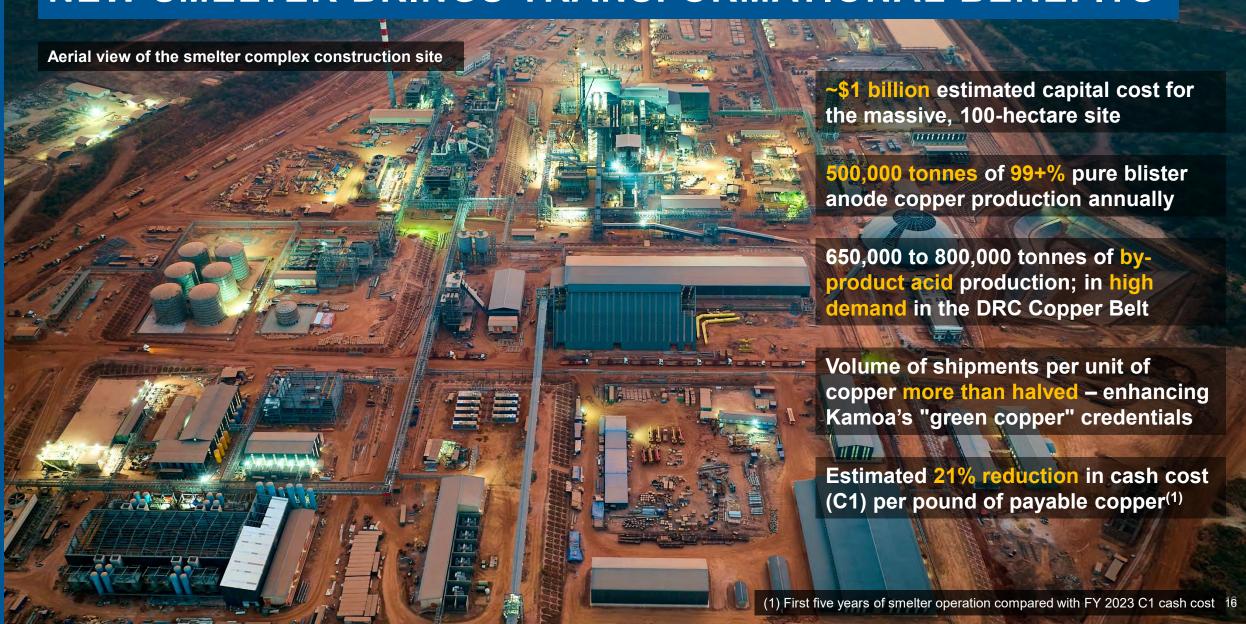


# KAMOA-KAKULA: THE GREENEST MAJOR COPPER MINE



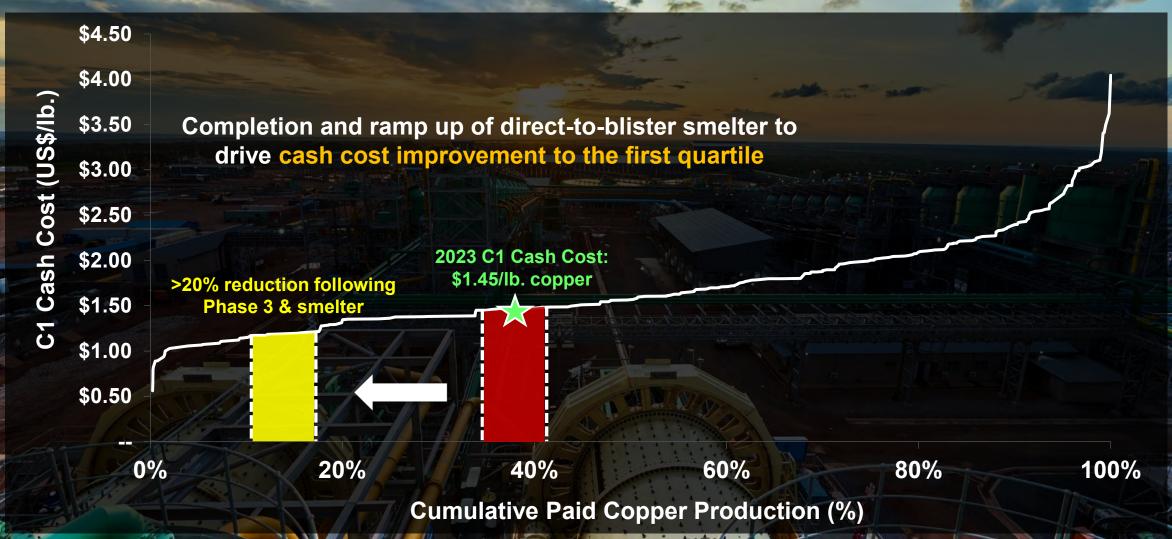
(1). Kamoa-Kakula and Industry peer Scope 1, 2 and 3 GHG emissions data are estimates by Skarn Associates. Estimates include emissions to produce refined LME-grade copper, from ore to refiner gate. The emissions estimates for Scope 3 include Category 9, downstream transportation and distribution, and Category 10, processing of sold products. The horizontal width of each bar represents each operation's 2022 copper production. The two red bars are Kamoa-Kakula emissions intensity in 2022 (RHS) and 2026 (LHS). Chart sources: Skarn Associates, WSP Group, Ivanhoe Mines

# **NEW SMELTER BRINGS TRANSFORMATIONAL BENEFITS**



# KAMOA-KAKULA C1 CASH COSTS

(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kamoa-Kakula)



Note: Represents 2025 C1 pro-rata cash costs that reflect the direct cash costs of producing paid copper incorporating mining, processing, mine-site G&A and offsite realization costs, having made appropriate allowance for the costs associated with the co-product revenue streams.

Source: Wood Mackenzie, 2023 (based on public disclosure, the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 PFS has not been reviewed by Wood Mackenzie)

# KAMOA-KAKULA PHASE 3 EXPANSION: COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION

Phase 3 expansion consists of 5 Mtpa concentrator, copper smelter and refurbishment of turbine #5

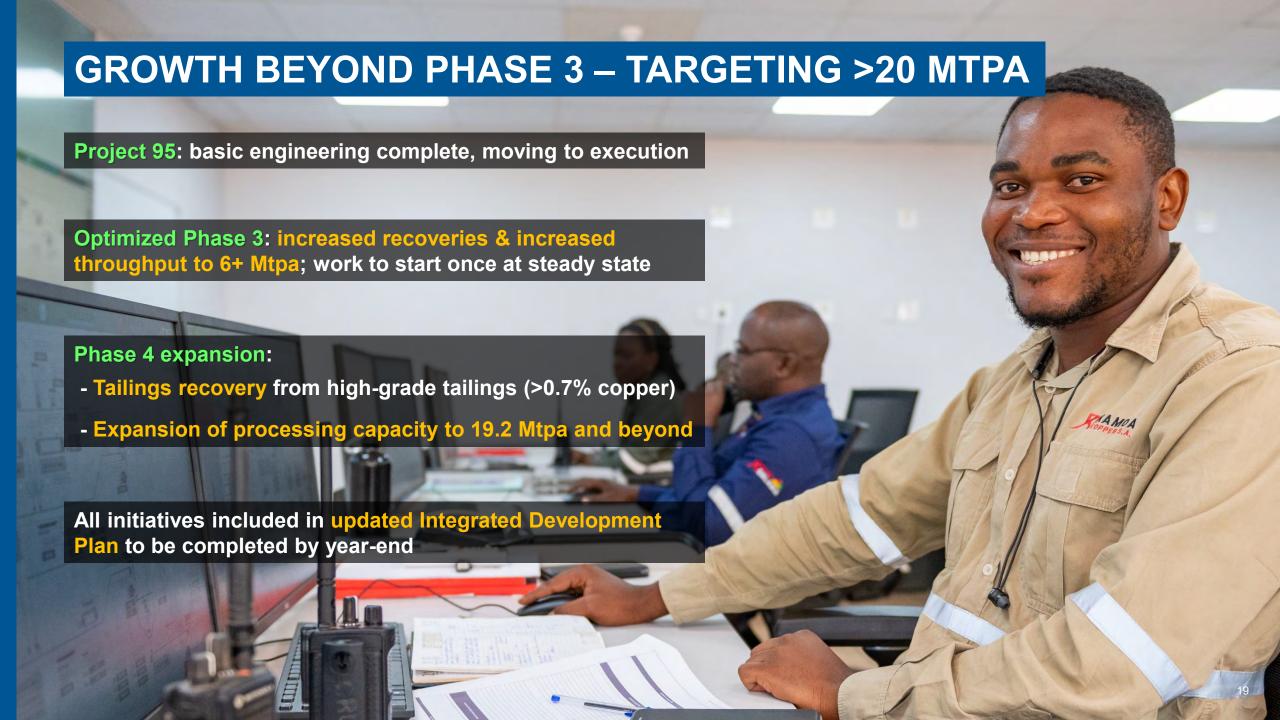
Phase 3 concentrator completed well ahead of schedule; first concentrate produced on June 10

Commercial production declared on August 19

Smelter project >85% complete and on schedule for construction completion in Q4 2024

Inga II Turbine #5 refurbishment ~70% complete, 178 MW of green hydroelectric power from Q1 2025

Kamoa-Kakula's Phase 3, 5 Mtpa concentrator, which was completed in Q2 2024 ahead of schedule



# PROJECT 95 TO DELIVER LOW-COST PRODUCTION GROWTH



Up to 30 ktpa of additional copper production from Phase 1 & 2 concentrators

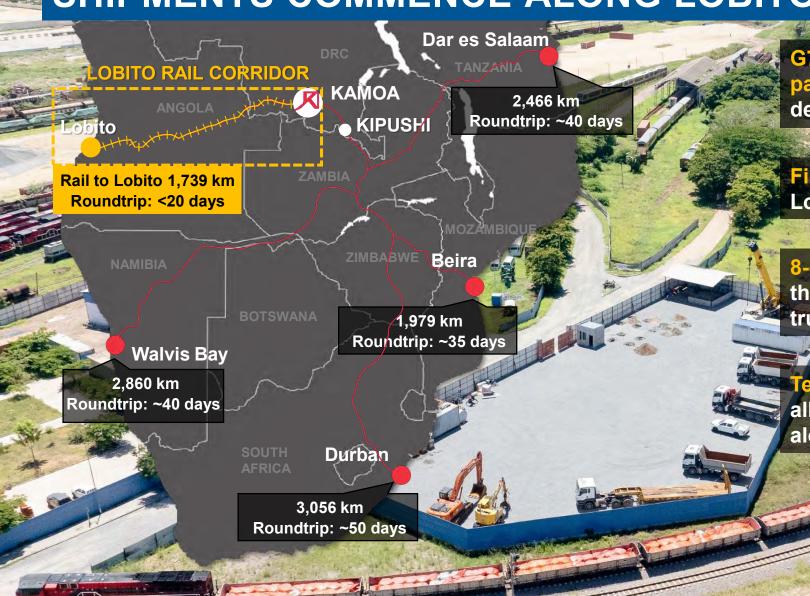
Capital estimate: \$198 M for concentrator modifications plus \$102 M for new TSF cell

Project delivery ~18 months; EPCM tender underway, procurement activities commenced

Kamoa-Kakula's industry-leading capital intensity (US\$/t of copper) Recent Recent projects up projects up to \$35,000/t to \$30,000/t ~\$20,000 ~\$17,500 ~\$7,000 ~\$7,000 Phase 1, 2 & 3 **Project 95** Industry average Industry average (Phase 1 & 2) brownfield project greenfield project Source: Industry average data from BofA research, July 12, 2024. Kamoa-Kakula Phase 1, 2 & 3 data from public information are shown in red. Phase 1,2 & 3 includes debottlenecking program and excludes the smelter, initial capital of Phase 3 includes the construction of the

crushing and grinding infrastructure for Phase 4. Project 95 capital intensity consists of processing plant's initial capital only.

# SHIPMENTS COMMENCE ALONG LOBITO CORRIDOR



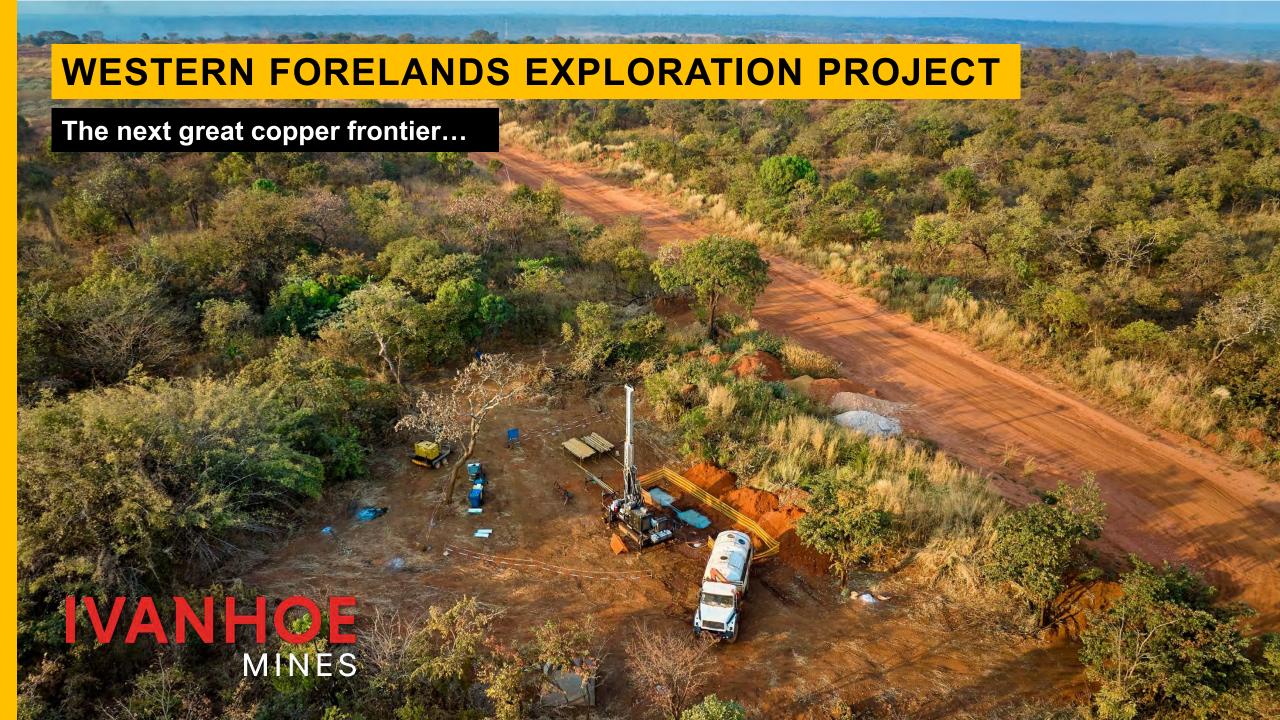
G7 and EU join the US investment partnership to accelerate the development of Lobito Railway Corridor

First commercial exports made along Lobito Corridor in Q4 2023

8-day journey time from Kolwezi, one third of the time compared with existing trucking routes; reduces logistics costs

Term sheet signed with Trafigura allocating 120 - 240ktpa for 5 years along corridor from 2025

The train arriving at Lobito Port, carrying the copper concentrate from Kamoa-Kakula



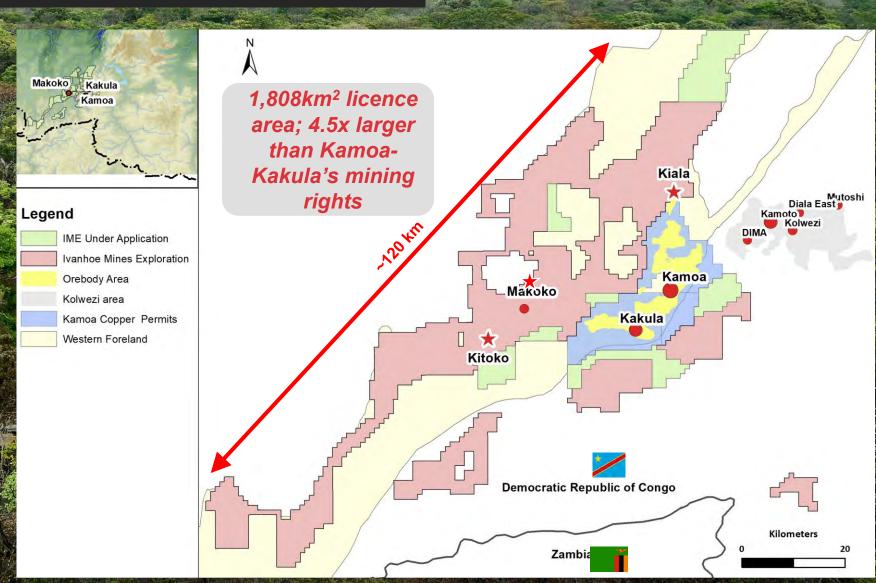
# **WESTERN FORELANDS OVERVIEW**

Same underlying geological sequence as Kamoa-Kakula

Western Forelands' licences are 60 - 100% owned by Ivanhoe Mines

Over 48 million tonnes of copper discovered by Ivanhoe geologists since 2008 – over 2x global annual mine production

3 new discoveries already: Makoko, Kiala and Kitoko



Ivanhoe Mines' Western Foreland exploration licences adjacent to the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex and historical Kolwezi mining cluster

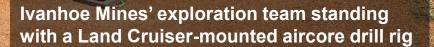


Makoko first drilled in 2018 – over 20km step-out from Kakula, with significant resource drilling in 2022-2023

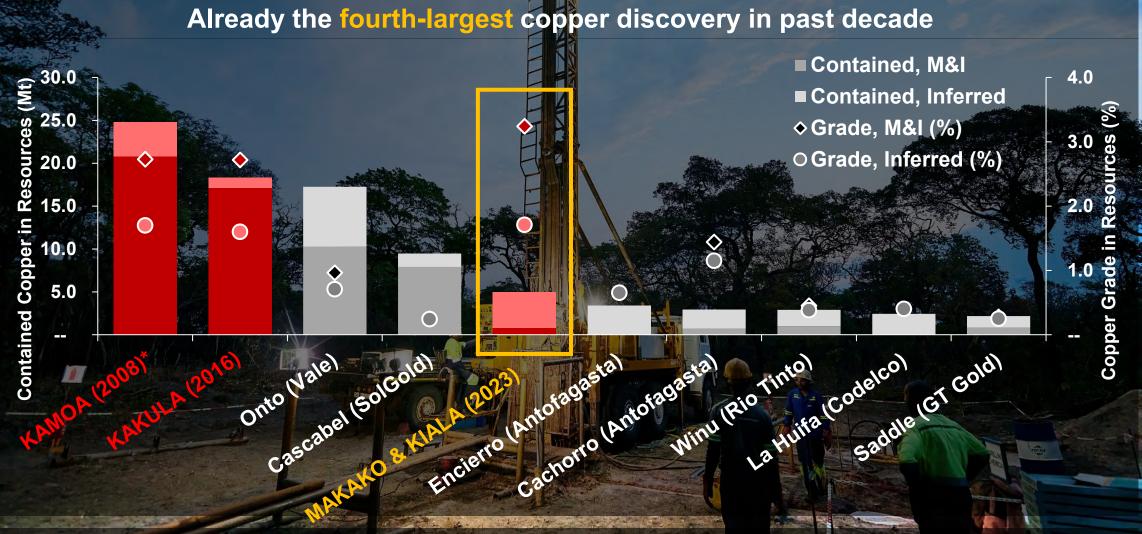
Makoko Indicated Mineral Resource of 16Mt at 3.55% copper plus Inferred Mineral Resource of 154Mt at 1.97% copper (1.5% cut-off)

Kiala contains Indicated Mineral Resource of 5Mt at 3.56% copper (1.5% cut-off)

Mining rights covering Makoko & Kiala awarded for an initial period of 25 years



# **MAKOKO & KIALA: EXCEPTIONAL GRADE**



\*The Kamoa discovery, within the larger Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex, was made in 2008. It has been inserted for reference. Sources: Company filings, S&P Global Market Intelligence. Based on public disclosure as of August 1, 2023. The Makoko and Kiala mineral resources (1.0% cut-off grade) have not been reviewed by S&P Global. The mineral resource at La Huifa (Codelco) is stated in public disclosures as a geological resource, which is assumed to be an Inferred resource in this chart. Notes: Chart ranks the largest copper discoveries made globally in the last ten years (from January 1, 2013) based on contained copper in resources. Measured and indicated resources are inclusive of reserves and are on a 100% basis.

# **WESTERN FORELANDS: KITOKO DISCOVERY**

Kitoko is Ivanhoe's fifth high-grade sedimentary copper discovery in the DRC

Discovery hole of 5.2 metres at 11.6% copper; 2 km strike delineated so far and open in all directions

Mineralogical characteristics are similar to those of Kamoa-Kakula and Makoko

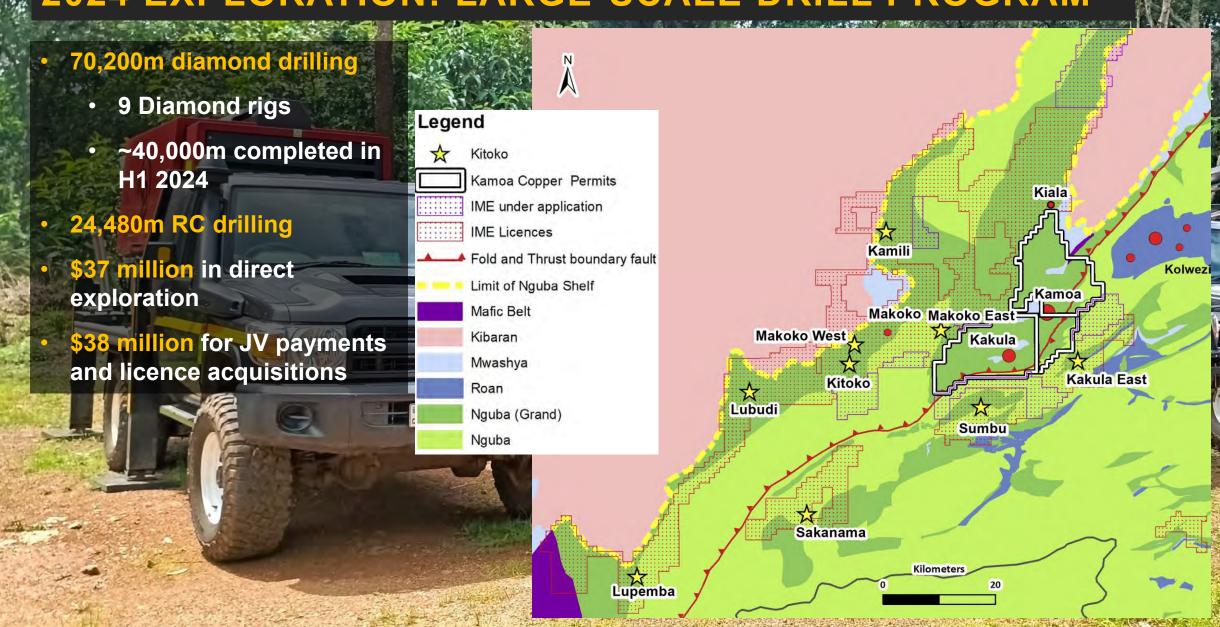
Kitoko exhibits two remarkably different geological characteristics, significantly increasing prospectivity of Western Foreland

Copper is hosted within the Grand
Conglomerate, directly overlying the Kibaran
Basement; mineralization occurs across two
distinct, high-grade, sedimentary horizons

Core from Kitoko discovery hole DD008, highlighting two layers of high-grade mineralization **DKTK DD008** Upper mineralized zone includes; 3.09m @ 3.67% Cu from 1,117.84m\* Disseminated bornite Intense bornite + chalcocite replacement Lower mineralized zone includes; 5.19m @ 11.6% Cu from 1,134.51m depth\*

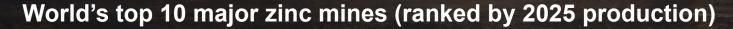
\*at a 1% cut off

# 2024 EXPLORATION: LARGE-SCALE DRILL PROGRAM





# KIPUSHI: HISTORIC, ULTRA-HIGH-GRADE ZINC DEPOSIT





Measured & Indicated Resource of 11.8 Mt at 35.3% zinc, plus copper, lead, silver and germanium

Brownfield, ultra-high-grade zinc mine with significant, rehabilitated underground infrastructure

Powered by clean, renewable hydrogenerated electricity - set to be among one of the world's lowest Scope 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emitters per tonne of zinc metal produced

World's top 10 zinc mines estimated for 2025, by paid zinc production per annum ('000 tonnes) with head grade (% zinc). Source: Wood Mackenzie, 2024, Ivanhoe Mines. Production and grade assumptions for Kipushi are the first five-year average as stated in the 2022 Feasibility Study

# KIPUSHI: RAMPING UP TO STEADY-STATE PRODUCTION

Construction of Kipushi concentrator completed months ahead of schedule

First concentrate produced on June 14; ramp up to steady state expected in September

Basic engineering underway to increase processing capacity of concentrator by 20% to 960,000 tonnes per annum

360,000 tonnes of development ore stockpiled on surface at a grade of 23% zinc at quarter end

Stoping activities of Kipushi's ultra-high-grade Big Zinc orebody tracking ahead of schedule; grades of up to 40% by year-end

Aerial view of the Kipushi 800,000 tonnes per annum concentrator with the P5 Shaft in the background





#### PLATREEF: WORLD'S LARGEST UNDEVELOPED PRECIOUS METALS PROJECT



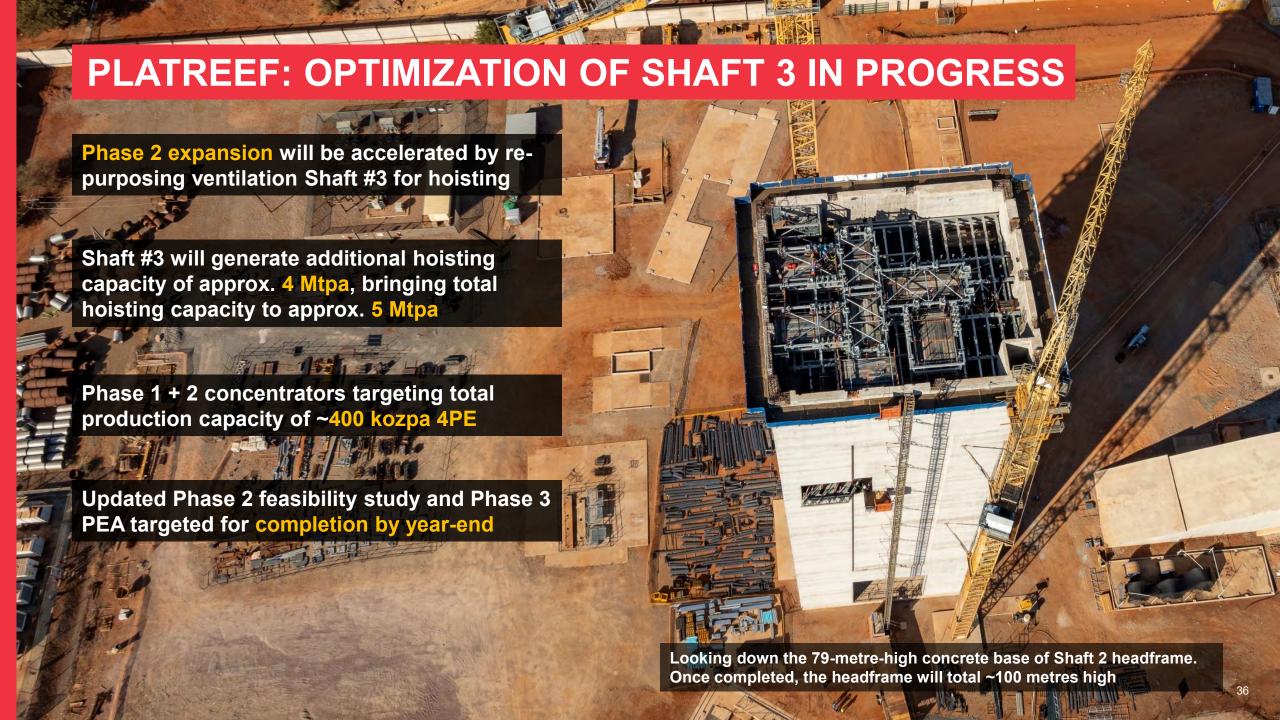
# PLATREEF: WHAT MAKES THE FLATREEF UNIQUE?

	Khomanani Mine, Rustenburg	29 meters  Shaft 1 headframe, Platreef	
Deposit	Merensky Reef / UG2	Flatreef <sup>(1)</sup>	
Bushveld Location	Western / Eastern Limb	Northern Limb	
Mining Method	Underground: narrow-reef, manual, labour intensive	Underground: efficient mechanised, long hole stoping / drift and fill	
Total employees	>10,000 (largest 40,000)	~ 2,500 (Phase 2)	
Typical ore grades	4 - 7 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup>	~4 g/t 4PE <sup>(2)</sup> + 0.3% Ni + 0.2% Cu	
True thickness	~0.4m – 1.5m (see image)	18m – 26m	
Age of operations	~50 years (discovered in 1924)	Greenfield (discovered in 2000s)	

Indicated mineral Resource, cumulative T1m plus T2 zones, 2g/t 4PE cut off
 4PE: platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold equivalent
 Photo source: www.worldfinance.com

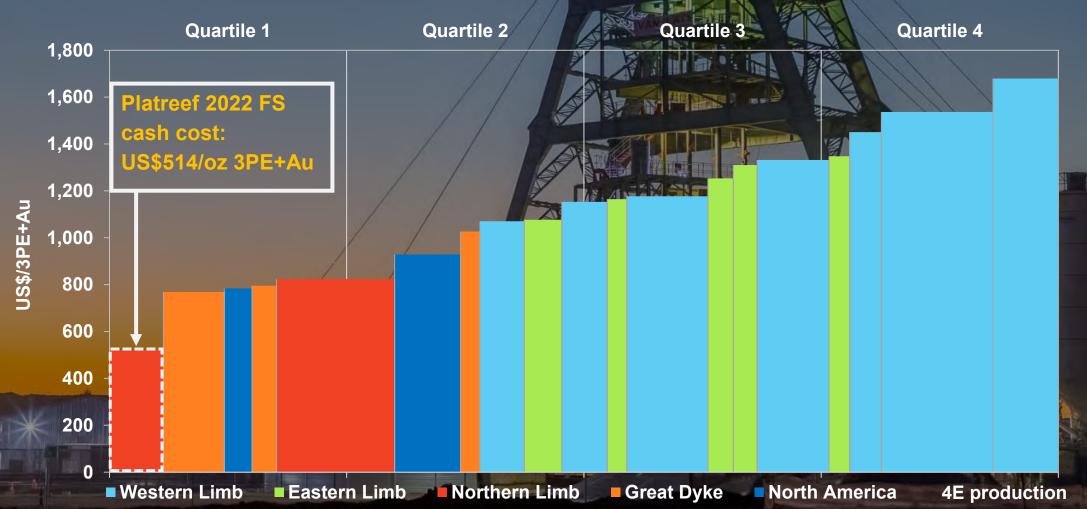
# PLATREEF: PHASE 1 COMPLETED ON SCHEDULE





#### PLATREEF: INDUSTRY LEADING CASH COST

Global primary PGM producer net total cash cost + sustaining capital (2021), US\$/3PE+Au oz



Source: SFA (Oxford), Ivanplats. Notes: Cost and production data for the Platreef project is based on the Platreef 2022 FS parameters, applying payabilities and smelting and refining charges as agreed with purchase of concentrate partners for Platreef concentrate (this is not representative of SFA's standard methodology). SFA's peer group cost and production data follows a methodology to provide a level playing field for smelting and refining costs on a pro-rata basis from the producer processing entity. Net total cash costs have been calculated using Ivanplats' long term price assumptions of 16:1 ZAR:USD, US\$1,100/oz platinum, US\$1,450/oz palladium, US\$5,000/oz rhodium, US\$1,600/oz gold, US\$8.00/lb nickel and US\$3.50/lb copper.

# IVANHOEMINES



Three long-life, world-class mines with low costs, low capital intensity and leading ESG programs

Objective to become bestin-class in ESG



Robust, experienced management team with an established track record of exploration & execution success

Poised to grow Ivanhoe into the next world-class mining company



Committed support from key partners CITIC and Zijin

Strong in-country support & relationships: DRC has 20% stake in Kamoa-Kakula and B-BBEE partners have 26% stake in Platreef



Strong balance sheet with cash & cash equivalents of approx. \$246 million (on June 30, 2024)



2024 production guidance of 440kt to 490kt of copper in concentrate

Exploration knowledge and massive land package for future copper discoveries in DRC

# STRONG BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTS IVANHOE'S GROWTH

(Figures shown on 100% basis, US\$ millions)

Capital Expenditure	H1 2024 Actual	2024 Guidance	2025 Guidance	Funding Arrangements
Kamoa-Kakula Phase 3, other expansion capital & sustaining capital	\$1,064	\$1,590 <b>—</b> \$1,990 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$1,215 <b>–</b> \$815 <sup>(1)</sup>	JV cash flow generation, offtake prepayments and working capital facilities
Platreef Phase 1 & 2 capital	\$116	\$240 <b>–</b> \$320 <sup>(2)</sup>	\$420 <b>–</b> \$340 <sup>(2)</sup>	Up to \$150 million senior debt for Phase 1
Kipushi Initial & sustaining capital	\$147	\$220 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$45 <sup>(3)</sup>	Finalizing >\$200 million facilities

\$300 million added to Kamoa-Kakula capex guidance over 18 months for 'Project 95' to increase copper output by up to 30 ktpa

\$800 million in Kamoa-Kakula joint-venture in-country term loans and working capital facilities, at attractive interest rates of <9%

\$170 million Kipushi joint-venture financing closed in Q2 2024; further facilities under negotiation

All figures presented on a 100%-project basis. Ivanhoe Mines' capex guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates, as disclosed in Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. The ranges provided reflect uncertainty in the rate of expenditure between both calendar years. Guidance also involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially.

- (1). Kamoa 2024 guidance increased from \$1,540 \$1,940 million and 2025 guidance increased from \$965 \$565 million to account for the inclusion of Project 95 and associated infrastructure
- (2). Platreef 2024 guidance reduced from \$300 \$380 million, and 2025 guidance increased from \$360 \$280 million to account for Phase 1 deferral
- (3). Kipushi 2024 guidance increased from \$195 million, and 2025 capital expenditure guidance increased from \$40 million to accommodate debottlenecking program and remaining costs to complete.

# SIGNIFICANT CASH FLOW ATTRIBUTABLE TO IVANHOE

Shareholder Loan Balances	As at June 30, 2024 (\$ million)	
Kamoa-Kakula (39.6% equity interest)  Total shareholder loans payable by Kamoa Holding  Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe  Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe	\$3,729 \$1,846 49.5%	Ivanhoe will r distributions excess of its percentage at Platreef and h
Kipushi (62% equity interest)(1)  Total shareholder loans payable by Kipushi Corporation Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe	\$945 \$945 100%	shareholder settled
Platreef (64% equity interest)  Total shareholder loans payable by Ivanplats Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe Additional loans and preference shares receivable by Ivanhoe related to sale of B-BBEE stake (100%)	\$978 \$928 94.9% \$302	\$3.7 billion in by Ivanhoe

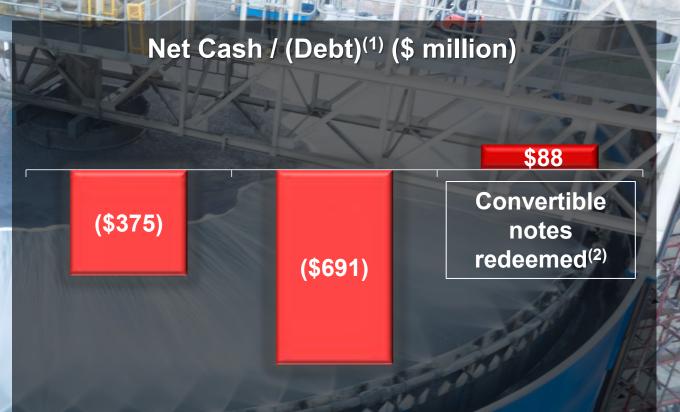
Ivanhoe will receive distributions (once payable) in excess of its ownership percentage at Kamoa-Kakula, Platreef and Kipushi, while shareholder loans are being settled

\$3.7 billion in loans receivable by Ivanhoe

# **NET CASH POSITION AFTER CONVERTIBLE NOTE REDEMPTION**

Redemption of \$575 million
2.50% convertible notes due
2026 moves Ivanhoe into a
positive net cash position of \$88
million

Significant funding capacity at the corporate and project level



FY 2023 Q1 2024 Q2 2024

(All values in \$ million)

<sup>(1)</sup> Net Debt represents cash and cash equivalents, plus investments in listed entities, less the carrying value of the convertible notes, less borrowings, less lease liabilities as disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements of Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. for the year ended December 31, 2023, the quarter ended March 31, 2024 and the quarter ended June 30, 2024. Net debt excludes Ivanhoe's \$575 million convertible notes.

<sup>(2)</sup> An early redemption notice was issued to all convertible note holders on April 30, 2024 to redeem by 11th July 2024. By the end of the second quarter end 94.2% of the notes had been converted for shares