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Certain statements in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws, including, without limitation, the timing and results of: (i) statements regarding the ongoing development at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, including surface construction activities related to Phase 1 & 2 debottlenecking program and Phase 3 expansion and smelter; (ii) statements regarding the ongoing construction work and feasibility study of the Platreef Project; and (live statements) in the project constitute forward-looking

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In making such statements, Ivanhoe has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the accuracy of the estimation of mineral resources; that exploration activities and studies will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that studies of estimated mine life and production rates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project will provide results that support anticipated development and extraction activities; that Ivanhoe will be able to obtain additional financing on satisfactory terms; that infrastructure anticipated to be developed or operated by third parties, including electrical generation and transmission capacity, will be developed and/or operation; that Ivanhoe will be able to successfully land access with holders of surface rights; and that war, civil strife, and/or insurrection and/or public health crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic, do not impact Ivanhoe's exploration activities or development plans.

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Disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the project development updates at the Kamoa-Kakula Project in this presentation that are not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, have been reviewed and approved by Steve Amos, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Amos is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Head of the Kamoa-Kakula Project. Mr. Amos has verified such technical data. To the extent that this presentation contains disclosures of a scientific or technical nature regarding the Kakula and Kansoko stockpiles not included in the Kamoa-Kakula Technical Report, such information has been reviewed and approved by George Gilchrist, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under the terms of NI 43-101. Mr. Gilchrist is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Resources of the Company. Mr. Gilchrist has verified such technical data.

Other disclosures of a scientific or technical nature in this presentation and not included in any of the Technical Reports, including the Western Foreland Exploration Project, have been reviewed and approved by Stephen Torr, who is considered, by virtue of his education, experience and professional association, a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. Mr. Torr is not considered independent under NI 43-101 as he is the Vice President, Project Geology and Evaluation. Mr. Torr has verified such other technical data.

Information in this presentation is based upon, and certain information is extracted directly from, NI 43-101 compliant technical reports prepared by Ivanhoe for each of the Kamoa-Kakula Project, which are available under Ivanhoe's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com. These technical reports include relevant information regarding the effective date and the assumptions, parameters and methods of the mineral resource estimates on the Kamoa-Kakula Project and the Kipushi Project cited in this presentation, as well as information regarding data verification, exploration procedures and other matters relevant to the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this presentation in respect of the Kamoa-Kakula Project, the Platreef Project and the Kipushi Project.

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production, estimates of cash cost, proposed mining plans and methods, mine life estimates, cash flow forecasts, metal recoveries, and estimates of capital and operating costs.

Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Concerning Estimates of Reserves and Measured, Indicated and Inferred Resources

Investors are advised that NI 43-101 requires that each category of Mineral Reserves and Mineral Reserves and Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The information presented in this presentation uses the terms "measured," "indicated" and "inferred" mineral resources. U.S. investors are advised that while such terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize these terms. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and as to their economic feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resources may not form the basis or inferred mineral resources may not form the basis or inferred mineral resources will ever be converted into mineral resources are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically mineable.



IVANHOE AT A GLANCE

CORPORATE INFORMATION

LISTINGS	TSX: IVN OTCQX: IVPAF		
SHARE PRICE	C\$11.53 / share ⁽¹⁾		
MARKET CAP	US\$10.4 billion ⁽¹⁾		
SHARES, OPTIONS, RSUs & DSUs	Common Shares: 1,218.0 million ⁽²⁾ Options, RSUs & DSUs: 20.4 million ⁽²⁾		
CASH POSITION	US\$497 million ⁽³⁾		
	CITIC Metal	26.0%	
	Zijin Mining	13.7%	
	Robert Friedland	13.4%	
MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	Leading Institutional Investors ⁽⁴⁾	Fidelity Blackrock Capital Group Red Wheel Vanguard Rothschild Invesco PRIMECAP Skagen	

⁽¹⁾ As May 11, 2023, using a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.743



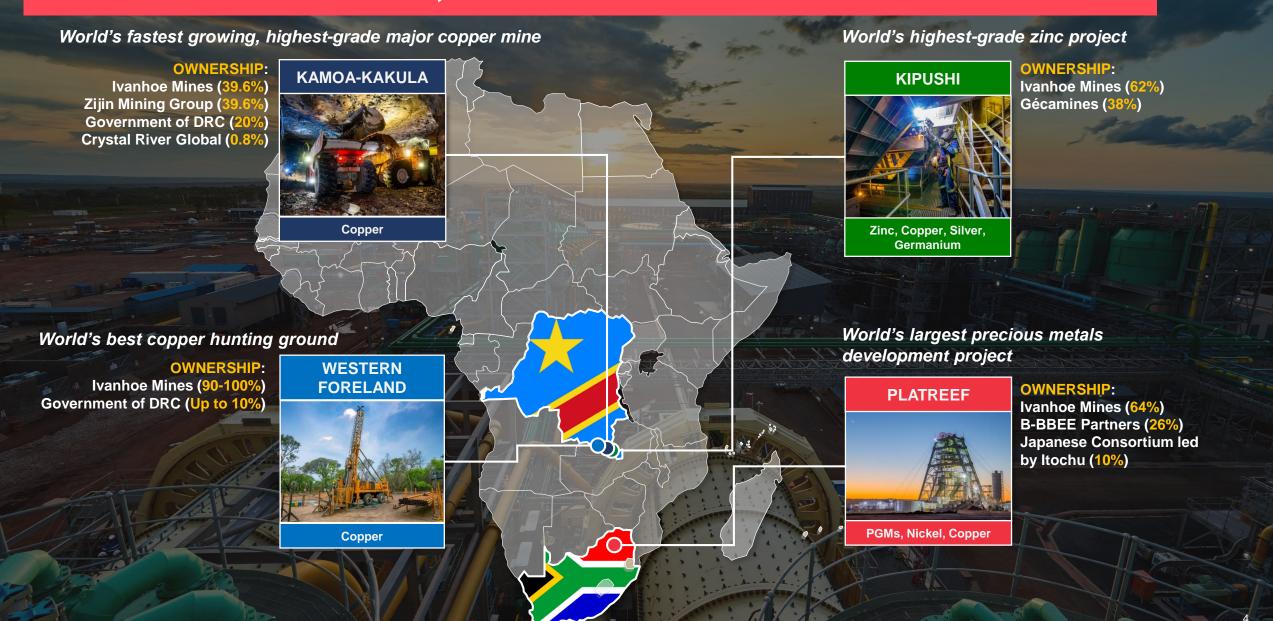
A Kamoa Copper employee standing in front of blister copper ingots produced at the Lualaba Copper Smelter near Kolwezi, containing approx. 99% copper, ready for export to international markets.

⁽²⁾ As of March 31, 2023

⁽³⁾ Cash & cash equivalents as of March 31, 2023

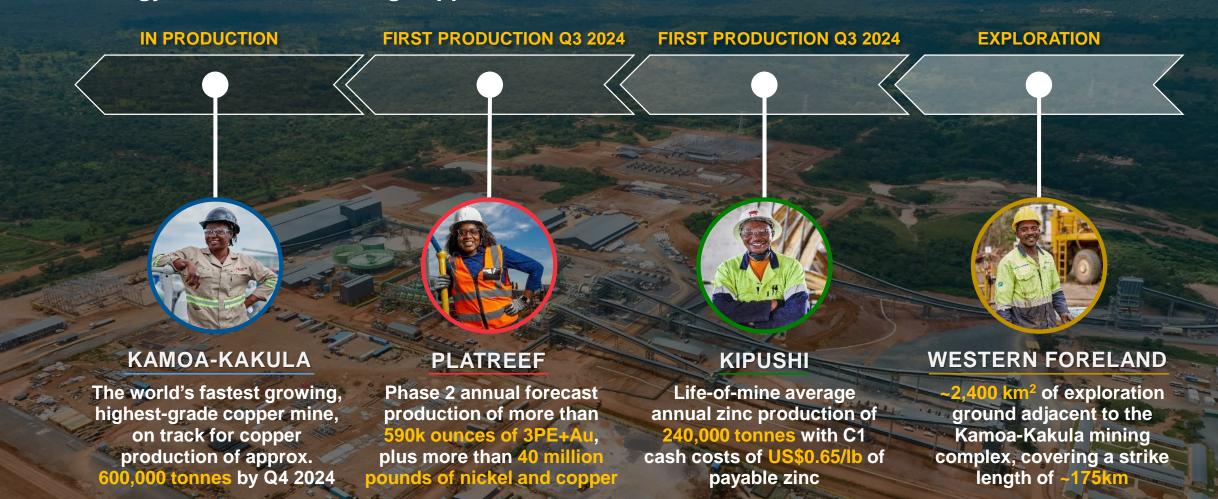
⁽⁴⁾ Source: Bloomberg.

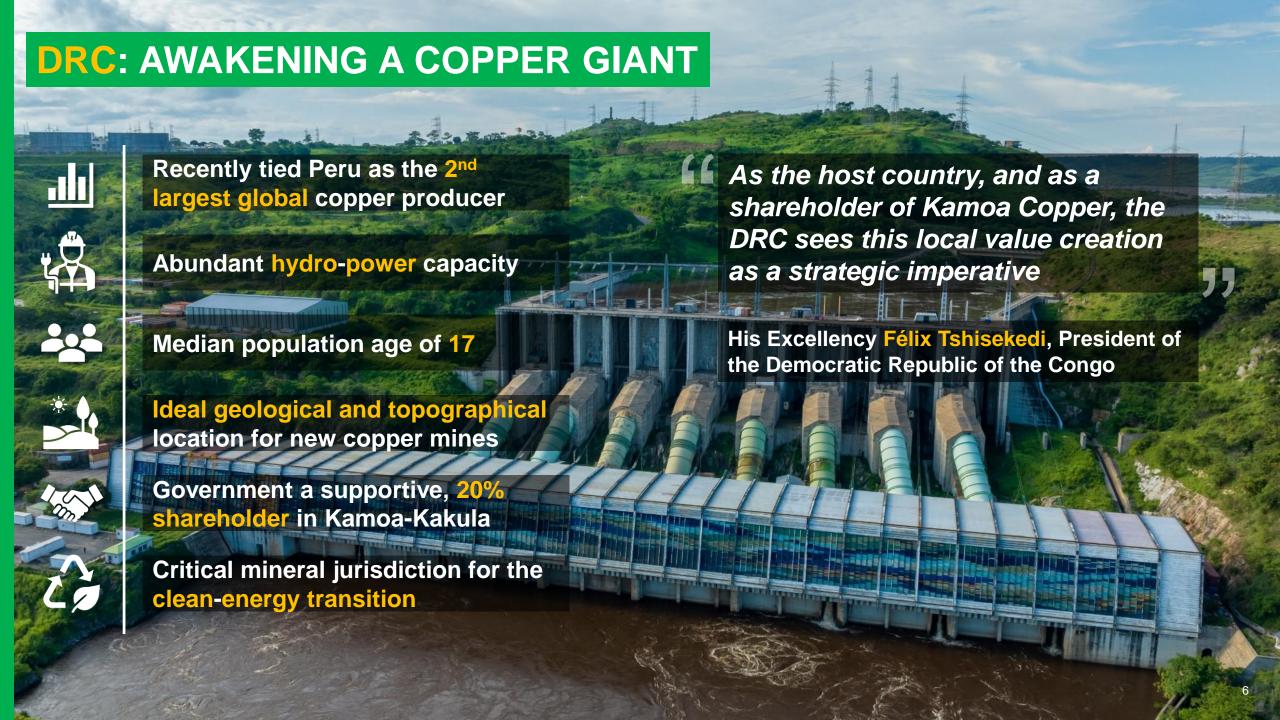
A LEADING PRODUCER, DEVELOPER AND EXPLORER IN AFRICA

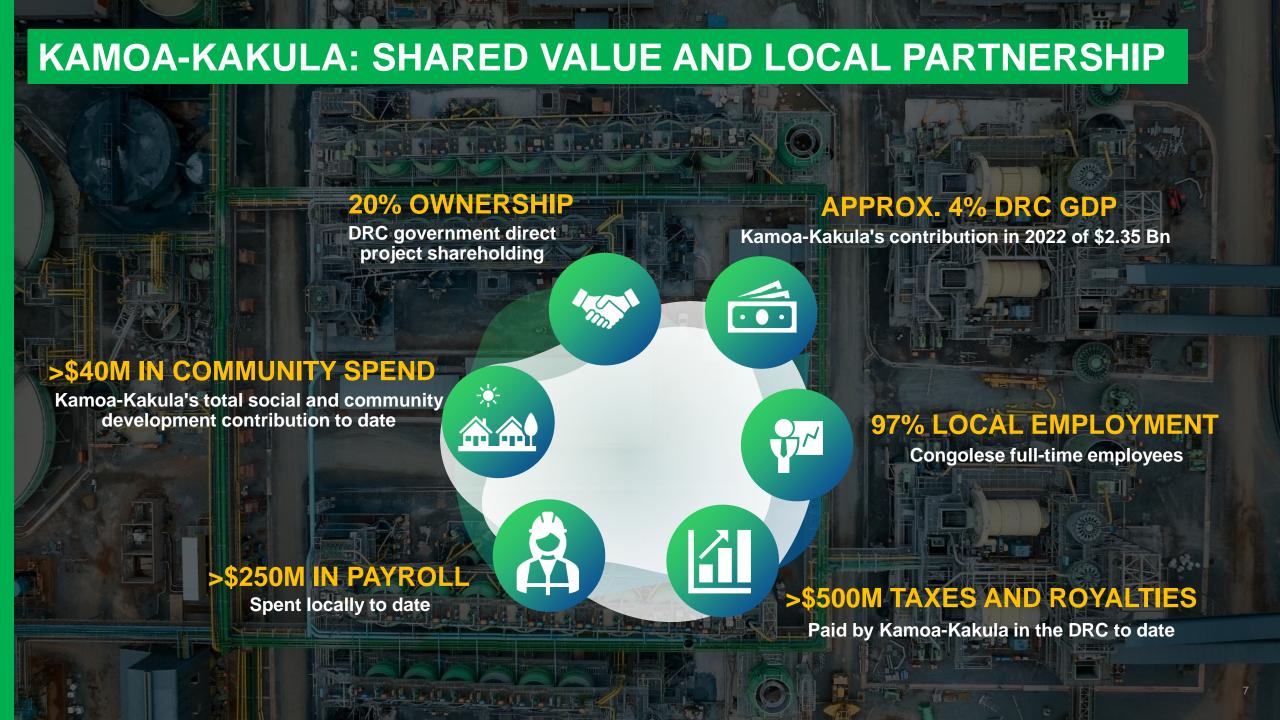


THE WORLD'S NEXT DIVERSIFIED MAJOR MINER

Ivanhoe will be a responsible, leading supplier of critical metals for the clean-energy transition, including copper, nickel, zinc and PGMs.









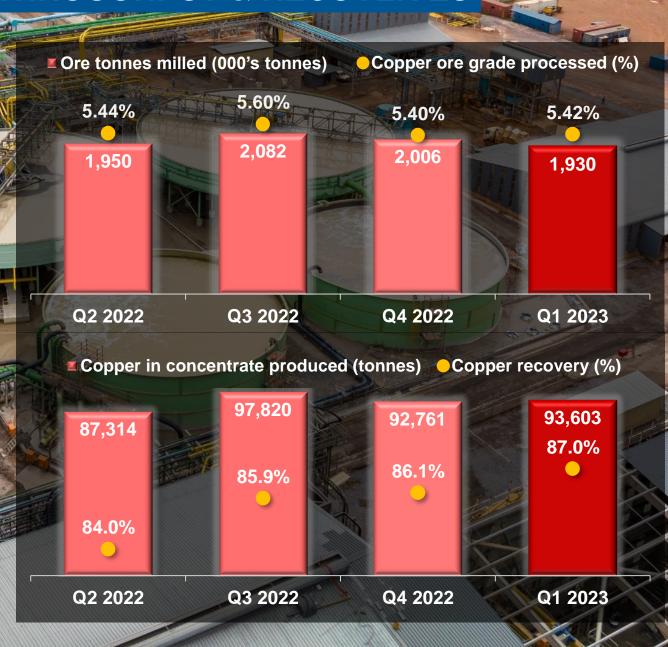
KAMOA-KAKULA: IMPROVING THROUGHPUT & RECOVERIES

De-bottlenecking program complete ahead of schedule in Q1 2023. Phase 1 and 2 production capacity increased to ~450 kt per annum in Q2 2023.

Record monthly production of 34,915 tonnes of copper achieved in March

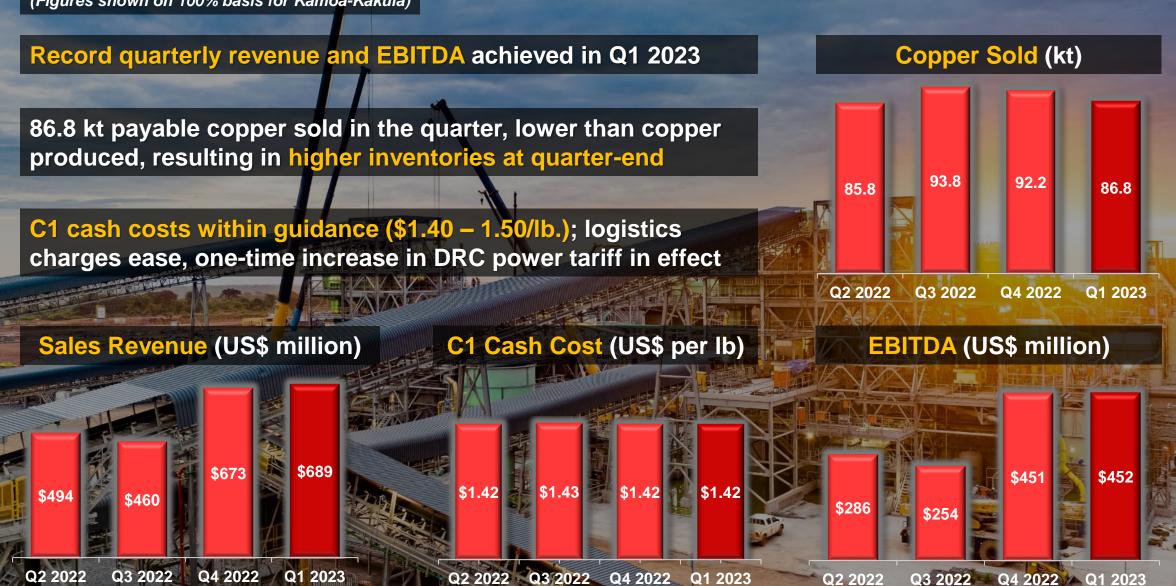
Copper recoveries reached a monthly record, averaging 88% in March and April, periodically exceeding 90%

2023 production guidance: 390kt – 430kt of copper in concentrate maintained



KAMOA-KAKULA: ANOTHER RECORD QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE

(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kamoa-Kakula)



KAMOA-KAKULA: C1 CASH COSTS REMAIN STABLE

(All values in US\$ per pound of payable copper)

Q1 2023 cash costs (C1) towards lower end of 2023 guidance range of \$1.40/lb. to \$1.50/lb.

Logistics charges easing. Higher processing costs due to one-time power tariff increase to 10 cents/kWh in December and higher diesel usage





Quarterly Breakdown of C1 Cash Cost (US\$ per lb.)

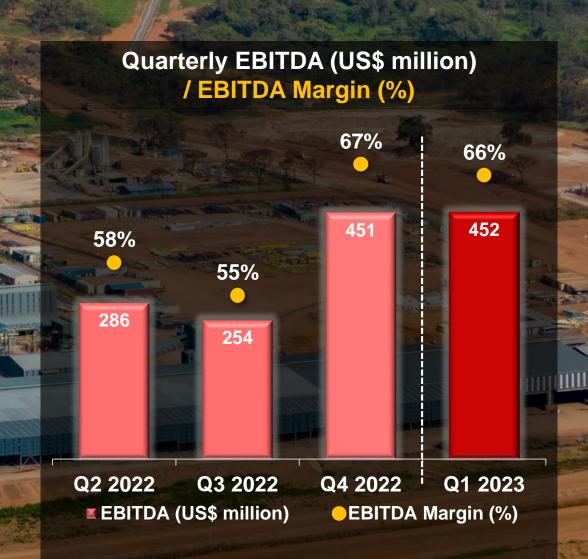


C1 cash cost is a non-GAAP financial performance measure. For a detailed description and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable measure under IFRS, please refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Performance Measures section of Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the 3 months ended March 31, 2023

KAMOA-KAKULA: HIGH MARGINS CONTINUE IN Q1 2023

(Figures shown on 100% basis for Kamoa-Kakula)





IVANHOE MINES

KEY HIGHLIGHTS: KAMOA-KAKULA **IDP 2023**

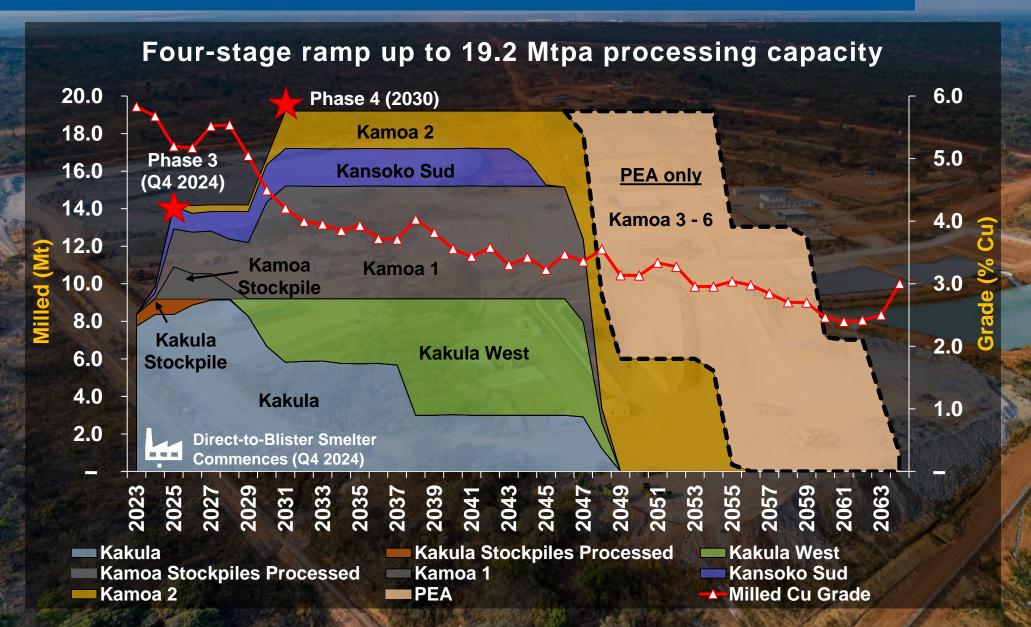


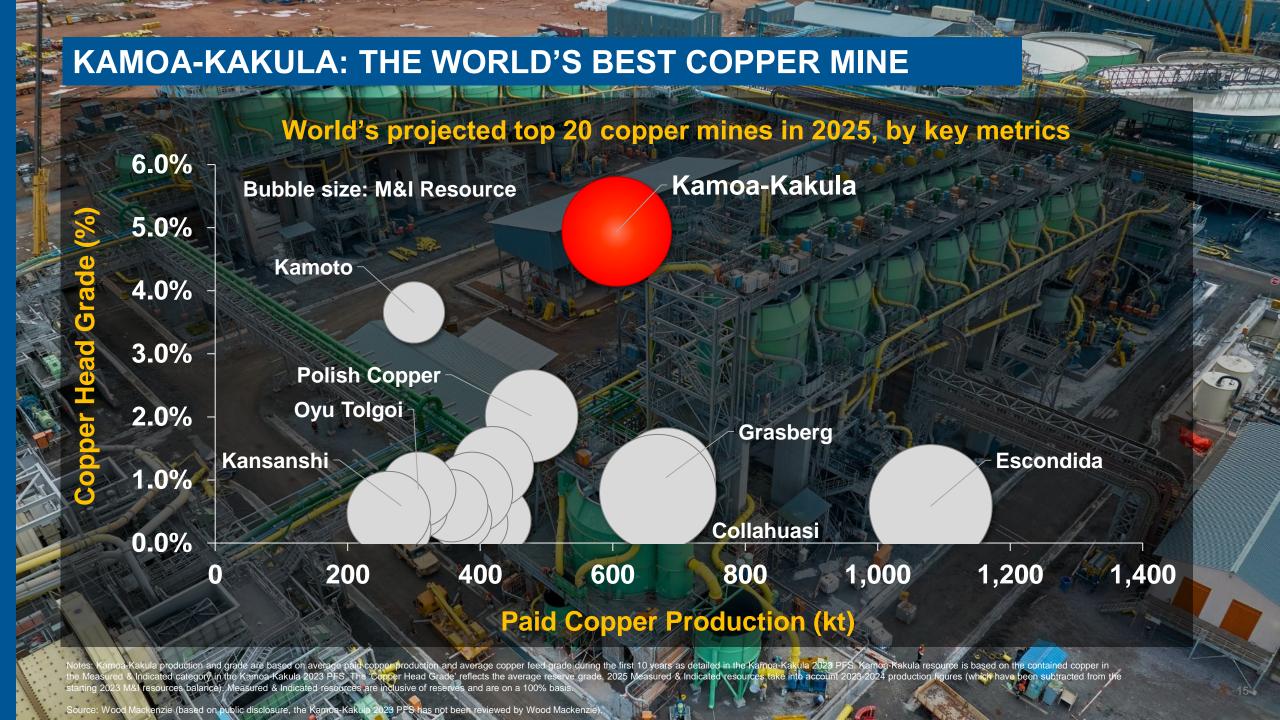
1.	Assumes a sulphu	uric acid price of \$	150 per to	nne.Including	smelter.
	Commence				

Copper price used in the economic analysis is \$3.80/lb. in 2023, \$3.90/lb. in 2024, \$4.00/lb. in 2025, \$4.00/lb. in 2026 and a long-term copper price of \$3.70/lb. from 2027 onwards.

Shown on 100%-basis	2023 PFS	2023 PEA	
Mine Life	33 Years 42 Years		
Total Ore Milled	476 Mt 657 Mt		
Feed Grade	3.94% 3.70%		
Total Copper in Concentrate	16 Mt	21 Mt	
Mill Feed Grade (10 year average)	4.94%		
Copper in Concentrate (10 year average)	620 ktpa		
C1 Cash Cost (10 year average) (1)	\$1.22/lb.		
EBITDA (10 year average)	\$3.2 Bn		
Phase 3 Capital (Remaining)	\$3.0 Bn		
Phase 4 Capital	\$1.6 Bn		
After-tax NPV _{8%} (2)	\$19.1 Bn	\$20.2 Bn	

KAMOA-KAKULA 2023 INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN





500KTPA SMELTER BRINGS TRANSFORMATIVE BENEFITS

\$906 million estimated capital cost for the massive, 100-hectare site

500,000 tonnes of 99+% pure blister anode copper production annually

650,000 to 800,000 tonnes of byproduct acid production; in high demand in the DRC

Volume of shipments per unit of copper more than halved – enhancing Kamoa's "green copper" credentials

Estimated 21% reduction in cash cost (C1) per pound of payable copper⁽¹⁾

Notes: (1) First five years of smelter operation compared to the mid-point of the 2023 guidance range.



SMELTER DRIVES CASH COST (C1) TO THE LOWEST QUARTILE



Note: Represents C1 pro-rata cash costs that reflect the direct cash costs of producing paid copper incorporating mining, processing, mine-site G&A and offsite realization costs, having made appropriate allowance for the costs associated with the co-product revenue streams. Kakula is based on the average C1 cash cost during the first 10 years as detailed in the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 PFS.

Source: Wood Mackenzie, 2023 (based on public disclosure, the Kamoa-Kakula 2023 PFS has not been reviewed by Wood Mackenzie

KAMOA-KAKULA PHASE 3: CONSTRUCTION ON SCHEDULE

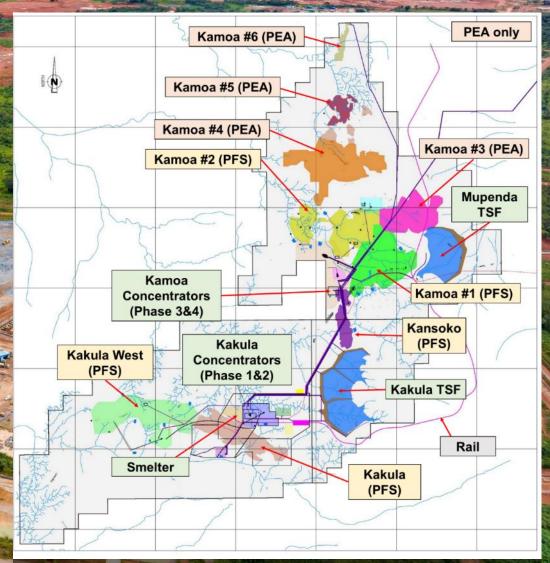
Phase 3 expansion, copper smelter and refurbishment of turbine #5 on schedule for Q4 2024 completion

All major equipment for Phase 3 concentrator ordered; 50% of total concrete poured, ahead of schedule; first steel erection expected in June 2023

Decline excavation for Phase 3 boxcut advancing rapidly; 2.2 km of underground development to Kamoa 1 and Kamoa 2 mines completed to date

Smelter concrete foundations nearing completion; all major equipment ordered and being manufactured; erection of structural steel due to start this month

Upgrade of turbine 5 at Inga II dam (178 MW of hydropower) ongoing with site mobilization completed in October; key equipment being manufactured



Site layout of the Kamoa-Kakula Copper Complex showing scope areas within the of 2023 PFS and 2023 PEA

NEW EXPORT ROUTES FROM DRC

Lobito

Rail to Lobito 1,601 km Roundtrip: ~20 days

> ~2% of exports 2,860 km Roundtrip: 40 days

Walvis Bay

Zambian Hubs
40% of exports

~1% of exports 1,979 km Roundtrip: 35 days

Durban

Beira

~57% of exports 3,056 km Roundtrip: 50 days ~40% of exports 2,466 km Roundtrip: 40 days

Proposed new commercial road border at Kipushi to also benefit Kamoa-Kakula operations

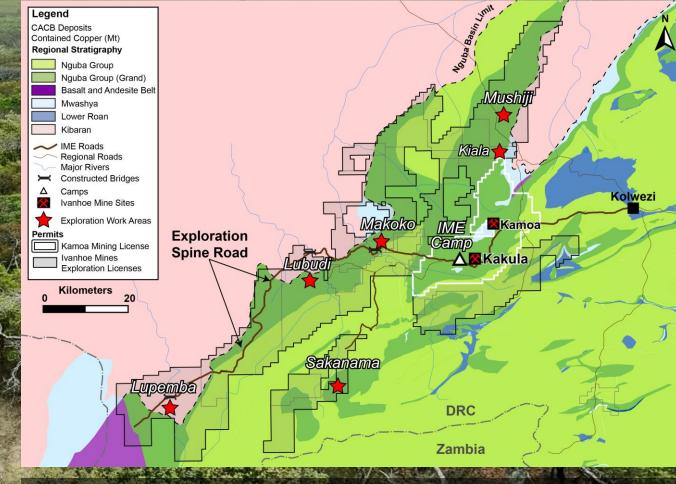


WESTERN FORELAND EXPLORATION, DRC

~US\$19 million 2023 exploration budgeted, including ~70,000 metres of drilling

2023 program continues with regional, widespaced exploration drilling targeting Kamoa-Kakula-style copper mineralization

Maiden Resource for Makoko & Kiala copper discoveries targeted for mid-2023; followed by PEA



Map highlighting Ivanhoe Mines' current exploration target areas across the 90-100%-owned Western Foreland licences, adjacent to the Kamoa-Kakula Mine



PLATREEF: WORLD'S LARGEST UNDEVELOPED PRECIOUS METALS PROJECT



PLATREEF: WHAT MAKES THE FLATREEF UNIQUE?

	Khomanani Mine, Rustenburg	29 meters Shaft 1 headframe, Platreef
Deposit	Merensky Reef / UG2	Flatreef ⁽¹⁾
Bushveld Location	Western / Eastern Limb	Northern Limb
Mining Method	Underground: narrow-reef, manual, labour intensive	Underground: efficient mechanised, long hole stoping / drift and fill
Total employees	>10,000 (largest 40,000)	~ 2,500 (Phase 2)
Typical ore grades	4 - 7 g/t 4PE ⁽²⁾	~4 g/t 4PE ⁽²⁾ + 0.3% Ni + 0.2% Cu
True thickness	~0.4m – 1.5m	18m – 26m
Age of operations	~50 years (discovered in 1924)	Greenfield (discovered in 2000s)

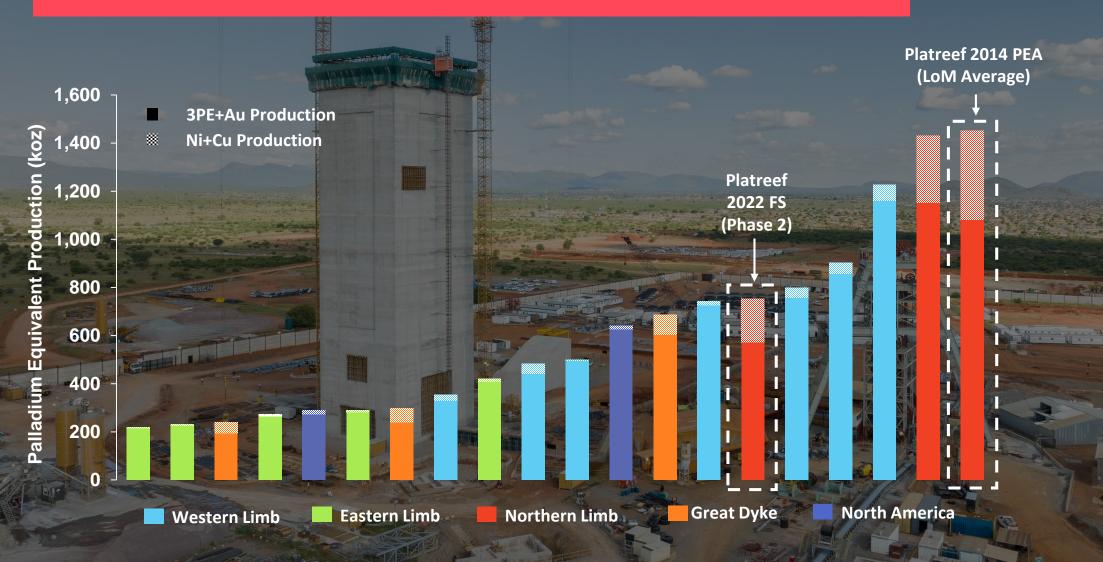
^{1.} Indicated mineral Resource, cumulative T1m plus T2 zones, 2g/t 4PE cut off

^{2. 4}PE: platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold equivalent Photo source: www.worldfinance.com



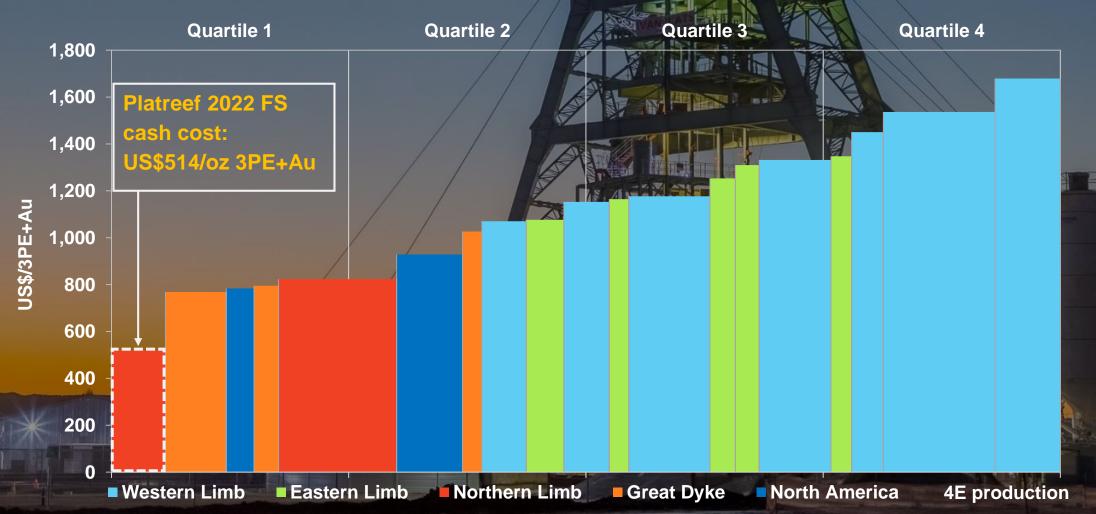


PLATREEF: POTENTIAL TO BECOME AMONG THE WORLD'S LARGEST PRIMARY PGM PRODUCERS

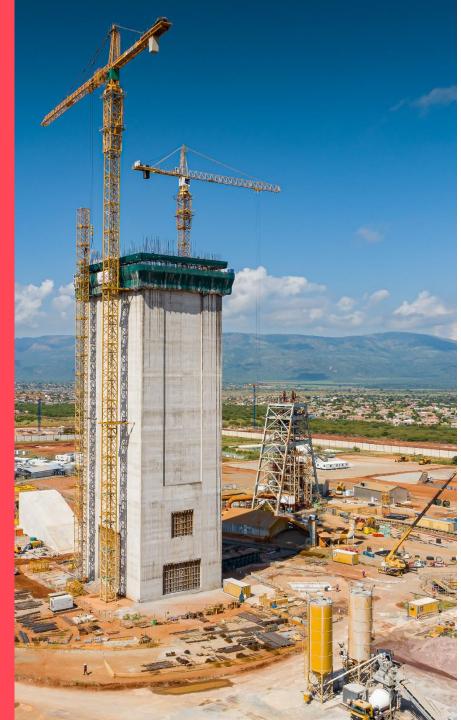


PLATREEF: INDUSTRY LEADING CASH COST

Global primary PGM producer net total cash cost + sustaining capital (2021), US\$/3PE+Au oz



Source: SFA (Oxford), Ivanplats. Notes: Cost and production data for the Platreef project is based on the Platreef 2022 FS parameters, applying payabilities and smelting and refining charges as agreed with purchase of concentrate partners for Platreef concentrate (this is not representative of SFA's standard methodology). SFA's peer group cost and production data follows a methodology to provide a level playing field for smelting and refining costs on a pro-rata basis from the producer processing entity. Net 27 total cash costs have been calculated using Ivanplats' long term price assumptions of 16:1 ZAR:USD, US\$1,100/oz platinum, US\$1,450/oz palladium, US\$5,000/oz rhodium, US\$1,600/oz gold, US\$8.00/lb nickel and US\$3.50/lb copper.



KEY HIGHLIGHTS: FEBRUARY 2022 FS

Shown on 100%-basis in US\$	2022 FS (Phase 1 → 2)
Annual Throughput	$\textbf{0.7Mt} \rightarrow \textbf{5.2Mt}$
Annual 3PE+Au	113koz → 591koz
Annual Ni + Cu	8MIb → 42MIb
Total Cash Costs (LOM) (1)	\$514/oz 3PE+Au
Initial / Expansion Capital	\$0.5 Bn / \$1.5 Bn
After-tax NPV _{8%} ⁽²⁾	\$1.7 Bn
IRR (Real %) ⁽²⁾	18.5%
After-tax NPV _{8%} (3)	\$5.1 Bn
IRR (Real %) ⁽³⁾	33.2%

⁽¹⁾ Net of by-products, and including sustaining capital costs.

LONG-

TERM

PRICES

SPOT

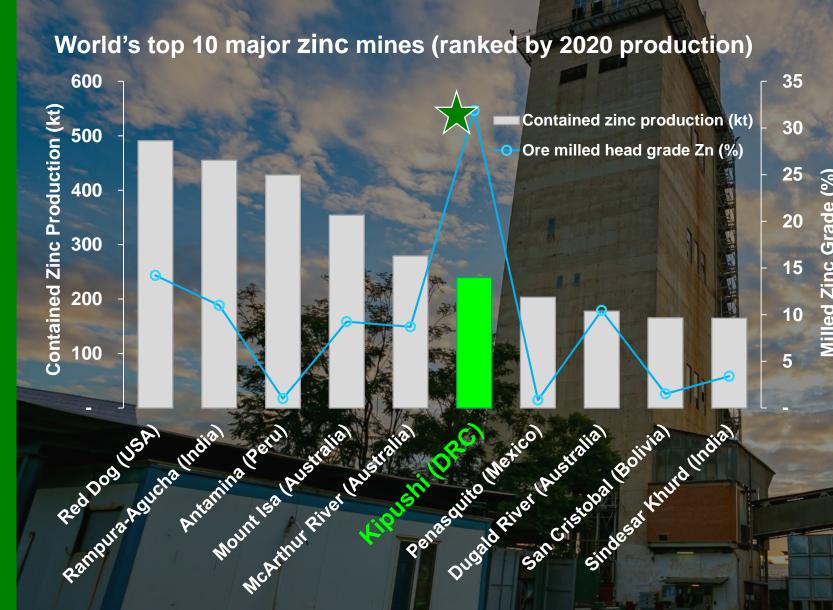
PRICES (Mar 2022)

⁽²⁾ Long-term prices of US\$1,100/oz platinum, US\$1,450/oz palladium, US\$5,000/oz rhodium, US\$1,600/oz gold, US\$8.00/lb nickel and US\$3.50/lb copper (3) Spot prices (March 7, 2022) of US\$1,121/oz platinum, US\$2,979/oz palladium, US\$22,200/oz rhodium, US\$1,995/oz gold, US\$13.12/lb nickel and US\$4.84/lb copper.

FS = Feasibility Study



KIPUSHI: HISTORIC, ULTRA-HIGH-GRADE ZINC DEPOSIT



Brownfield, ultra-high-grade zinc mine with significant, rehabilitated underground infrastructure

Measured & Indicated Resource of 11.8 Mt at 35.3% zinc, plus copper, lead, silver and germanium

Expected to be among the world's largest zinc producers with the footprint of a much smaller mine

Powered by clean, renewable hydrogenerated electricity – set to be among one of the world's lowest Scope 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emitters per tonne of zinc metal produced

Source: Wood Mackenzie; January 2022. Note: Wood Mackenzie compared the Kipushi Project's life-ofmine average annual zinc production and zinc head grade of 240,000 tonnes and 31.9%, respectively, against production and zinc head grades estimated in 2020.

30



KIPUSHI: STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP WITH GECAMINES



IVANHOEMINES



Three long-life, world-class mines with low costs, low capital intensity and leading ESG programs

Objective to become bestin-class in ESG



Robust, experienced management team with an established track record of exploration & execution success

Poised to grow Ivanhoe into the next world-class mining company



Committed support from key partners CITIC and Zijin

Strong in-country support & relationships: DRC has 20% stake in Kamoa-Kakula and B-BBEE partners have 26% stake in Platreef



Strong balance sheet with cash & cash equivalents of approx. \$497 million (on March 31, 2023)



2023 production guidance of 390kt to 430kt of copper in concentrate

Exploration knowledge and massive land package for future copper discoveries in DRC

APPENDIX: STRONG BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTS IVANHOE'S GROWTH

(100% Basis, US\$ millions)

Capital Expenditure	Q1 2023 Capex Spent	Remaining 2023 FY Capex Guidance	Funding Arrangements	Ivanhoe Mines cash and cash equivalents of \$497 million
Kamoa-Kakula Phase 2, 3 & sustaining capital	\$256	\$1,444 – 1,844	Joint-venture cash flow generation	Kamoa-Kakula joint venture boasts a healthy cash balance of \$390 million as at March 31, 2023
Platreef Phase 1 & 2 capital	\$43	\$207 – 257	\$150 million senior debt in process (Phase 1)	Engagement letters signed for \$150 million senior debt facility for Platreef's Phase 1
Kipushi Initial capital	\$26	\$174 – 224	\$250 million financing terms signed	Kipushi signed terms for \$250 million financing facility; bank financing facility of up to \$80 million under evaluation

All capital expenditure figures are presented on a 100%-project basis. Ivanhoe Mines' capex guidance is based on several assumptions and estimates. These include the construction of Platreef's Phase 1 Mine is completed in Q3 2024 and that the Shaft 2 development continues concurrently. In addition, that the construction of the Kipushi Mine is completed in Q3 2024. Guidance also involves estimates of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results to differ materially. This includes assumptions regarding plant commissioning, price of key materials and equipment, as well as those risk factors and assumptions disclosed elsewhere in Ivanhoe Mines' MD&A for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

APPENDIX: SIGNIFICANT CASH FLOW ATTRIBUTABLE TO IVANHOE

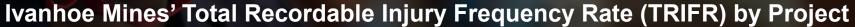
Shareholder Loan Balances	As at March 31, 2023 (\$ million)	
Kamoa-Kakula (39.6% equity interest) Total shareholder loans payable by Kamoa Holding Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe	\$3,199 \$1,584 49.5%	Ivanhoe will receive distribution (once payable) in excess of its ownership percentage at Kamo Kakula, Platreef and Kipushi, while shareholder loans are
Platreef (64% equity interest) Total shareholder loans payable by Ivanplats Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe Additional loans and preference shares receivable by Ivanhoe related to sale of B-BBEE stake (100%)	\$728 \$683 94.0% \$276	Over \$3.0 billion in loans receivable by Ivanhoe
Kipushi (62% equity interest) ⁽¹⁾ Total shareholder loans payable by Kipushi Holding Ltd Portion of shareholder loan receivable by Ivanhoe Percentage of loan receivable by Ivanhoe Currently 68% equity interest; expected to be 62% following the conclusion of the Revised Joint Venture	\$664 \$661 99.5%	

APPENDIX: HEALTH & SAFETY CONSTANTLY IMPROVING



40% reduction in the total injury frequency rate across all sites during 2022

A safe start to 2023 at all sites; further reduction in TRIFR during Q1 2023





1. 2021 industry peer average TRIFR as calculated by ICMM. Total recordable injury frequency rate (TRIFR) = (fatalities + lost time injuries + restricted work injury + medical treatment injury) x 1,000,000 / hours worked.